

Amendment No. 5 to pricing supplements
Nos. 208, 235, 341, 342, 343 and 344 dated July 31, 2015
and pricing supplement No. 1842 dated December 1, 2015
(as amended by amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015,
amendment No. 2 dated January 4, 2016,
amendments No. 3 dated January 4, 2016,
amendment No. 3 dated March 15, 2016
and amendment No. 4 dated June 21, 2016, as applicable)
*To prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015 and
prospectus dated July 31, 2015*

Registration Statement No. 333-226421
Dated April 22, 2019; Rule 424(b)(3)



Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch

ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index due October 24, 2022
ELEMENTSSM—"Dogs of the Dow" Linked to the Dow Jones High Yield Select 10 Total Return IndexSM due November 14, 2022
DB Agriculture Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038
DB Agriculture Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038
DB Base Metals Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038
DB Base Metals Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038
DB Base Metals Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038
DB Crude Oil Long Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038
DB Crude Oil Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038
DB Commodity Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038
DB Commodity Short Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038
FI Enhanced Global High Yield ETN Linked to the MSCI World High Dividend Yield USD Gross Total Return Index due October 12, 2023

This amendment No. 5 amends the original pricing supplements of the twelve Exchange Traded Notes set forth above, as amended by amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015, amendment No. 2 dated January 4, 2016, amendments No. 3 dated January 4, 2016, amendment No. 3 dated March 15, 2016 and amendment No. 4 dated June 21, 2016, as applicable (together, the "**previous amendments**"). We refer to the above twelve Exchange Traded Notes as the "**securities**" in this amendment No. 5. Other than the specific amendments described below, the terms of the securities are as described in the relevant original pricing supplement for each security, as amended by the previous amendments.

Delisting of Securities

Due to low levels of trading activity for the securities, Deutsche Bank delisted the securities from NYSE Arca after the close of trading on April 12, 2019. The securities will remain outstanding after the delisting, but they will no longer trade on any national securities exchange. To provide liquidity, Deutsche Bank will repurchase your securities if you exercise your repurchase right as described below under "Repurchase at Your Option," regardless of the number of securities you elect to offer to Deutsche Bank for repurchase.

Repurchase at Your Option

Following the delisting, you will continue to have the right to require Deutsche Bank to repurchase your securities for an amount in cash equal to the "repurchase value" on the applicable valuation date, subject to the notice cut-off time and other requirements described in the relevant original pricing supplement, except that, starting from April 22, 2019 (the "**Effective Date**"), we will eliminate the requirement that you must offer a minimum number of securities in order to effect a repurchase by Deutsche Bank at your option. On or after the Effective Date, Deutsche Bank will repurchase your securities regardless of the number of securities you elect to offer to Deutsche Bank for repurchase.

If you wish to offer your securities to Deutsche Bank for repurchase, please contact Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. by phone at 212-250-4940 or by email at db_etn_redemptions@list.db.com.

As a result of this modification, any "Specific Terms of the Securities — Repurchase at Your Option" and "— Repurchase Procedures" in the relevant original pricing supplement and any "Form of Offer for Repurchase" and "Broker's Confirmation of Repurchase" in Annex A to the relevant original pricing supplement will be deemed to be amended to reflect the elimination of the minimum repurchase amount pursuant to this amendment No. 5.

Investing in the securities involves a number of risks. See "Risk Factors" in the original pricing supplements.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this amendment No. 5, the previous amendments, the relevant original pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement or prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The agent for the offerings, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., is our affiliate. Please see "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in the relevant original pricing supplement for more information.

The securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.

Deutsche Bank Securities

April 22, 2019

Selling Your Securities in the Secondary Market Could Lead to Significant Losses

The intraday indicative security value of the securities is not the same as the trading price of such securities in the secondary market. The intraday indicative security value is meant to approximate the economic value of the securities at any given time during a trading day. The trading price of the securities at any time is the price that you may be able to sell or purchase the securities in the secondary market at such time. The trading price of the securities at any time may vary significantly from their intraday indicative security value at such time due to, among other things, imbalances of supply and demand, lack of liquidity, transaction costs, credit considerations and bid-offer spreads, many of which are beyond our control. You can compare the trading price of the securities against the intraday indicative security value to determine whether the securities are trading in the secondary market at a premium or a discount to the economic value of the securities at any given time.

If the securities trade in the secondary market at a discount below the intraday indicative security value, you will receive less than the intraday indicative security value if you sell the securities in the market at such time. The trading price in the secondary market may be significantly less than the repurchase value you would receive had you exercised your right to have the securities repurchased by Deutsche Bank.

Please contact Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. as described above under “Repurchase at Your Option” if you wish to offer your securities to Deutsche Bank for repurchase.

There may be little or no secondary market for the securities following the delisting. We or our affiliates intend to act as market makers for the securities but are not required to do so and may cease such market making activities at any time.

Starting from the Effective Date, you can find the Intraday Indicative Security Value of the relevant securities using the tickers in the table below, which will replace the corresponding tickers for the securities as described in the original pricing supplements. The tickers for the Repurchase Value will remain the same as described in the original pricing supplements.

ETN	CUSIP	Old ETN Ticker	New ETN Ticker	Intraday Indicative Security Value Ticker	Repurchase Value Ticker
ELEMENTS SM Linked to the Morningstar [®] Wide Moat Focus SM Total Return Index due October 24, 2022	25153Q708	WMW	WMWXF	WMWXFIV	—
ELEMENTS SM —“Dogs of the Dow” Linked to the Dow Jones High Yield Select 10 Total Return Index SM due November 14, 2022	25153Q658	DOD	DODXF	DODXFIV	—
DB Agriculture Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038	25154H558	DAG	DAGXF	DAGXFIV	DAGRP
DB Agriculture Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038	25154H533	AGF	AGFXF	AGFXFIV	AGFRP
DB Base Metals Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038	25154K858	BOM	BOMMF	BOMMFIV	BOMRP
DB Base Metals Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038	25154K841	BDD	BDDXF	BDDXFIV	BDDRP
DB Base Metals Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038	25154K833	BOS	BOSXF	BOSXFIV	BOSRP
DB Crude Oil Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038	25154K874	SZO	SZOXF	SZOXFIV	SZORP
DB Crude Oil Long Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038	25154K866	OLO	OLOXF	OLOXFIV	OLORP
DB Commodity Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038	25154H475	DYY	DYYXF	DYYXFIV	DYYRP
DB Commodity Short Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038	25154H467	DDP	DDPXF	DDPXFIV	DDPRP
FI Enhanced Global High Yield ETN Linked to the MSCI World High Dividend Yield USD Gross Total Return Index due October 12, 2023	25155L293	FIEG	FIEGF	FIEGFIV	—

The securities do not guarantee any return of principal and an investment in the securities may result in a loss on an accelerated basis. Anyone considering investing in the securities or continuing to hold the securities should consider the risks described in the pricing supplements for the relevant securities when making an investment decision and consult with their broker or financial adviser to evaluate their investment in the securities.

We describe each security in the relevant original pricing supplement (as amended by the previous amendments), prospectus supplement and prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. You may access the previous amendments, the relevant original pricing supplement and the related prospectus supplement and prospectus on the SEC website:

- Amendment No. 4 dated June 21, 2016 to pricing supplement No. 208:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010316014270/crt-dp66644_424b3.pdf
- Amendment No. 3 dated March 15, 2016 to pricing supplements Nos. 304, 341, 342, 343 and 344:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010316011878/crt_dp64177-424b3.pdf
- Amendment No. 3 dated January 4, 2016 to pricing supplement No. 208:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010316009943/dp62229_424b3-mwmetna3.htm
- Amendment No. 3 dated January 4, 2016 to pricing supplement No. 235:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010316009942/dp62228_424b3-dodetna3.htm
- Amendment No. 2 dated January 4, 2016 to pricing supplements Nos. 208, 235, 304, 341, 342, 343, 344, 693, 1139, 1140, 1253 and 1842:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010316009889/dp62227_424b3-etna2.htm
- Amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015 to pricing supplements Nos. 208, 235, 304, 341, 342, 343, 344, 693, 1139, 1140, 1253 and 1842:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315009187/dp61525_424b3-etn1.htm
- Original pricing supplement No. 208 dated July 31, 2015:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006071/crt_dp58084-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 235 dated July 31, 2015:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006064/crt_dp58079-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 341 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006065/crt_dp58011-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 342 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006063/crt_dp58018-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 343 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006067/crt_dp58020-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 344 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006072/crt_dp58021-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 1842 dated December 1, 2015:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315009217/dp61532_424b3-fisheretn.htm
- Prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006048/crt-dp58161_424b2.pdf
- Prospectus dated July 31, 2015:
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312515273165/d40464d424b2.htm>

Terms used but not defined herein have the meanings given to such terms in the relevant original pricing supplement.



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ELEMENTSSM

Linked to the

**Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index
due October 24, 2022**

- This amendment No. 4 amends the original pricing supplement dated July 31, 2015 relating to the ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index Exchange Traded Notes (the "**Securities**"), as amended by the amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015, the amendment No. 2 dated January 4, 2016 and the amendment No. 3 dated January 4, 2016. The Securities do not guarantee any return of principal at maturity and do not pay any interest during their term. Instead, you will receive a cash payment at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch ("**Deutsche Bank**") based on the performance of the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index, less an investor fee. Other than the specific amendments described below, the terms of the Securities are as described in the original pricing supplement dated July 31, 2015, as amended by the three amendments described above. New issuances of the Securities were previously suspended, as described in amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015.
- **Methodology Changes for the Morningstar Wide Moat Focus Index**

Effective as of June 20, 2016, Morningstar, Inc., the Index Sponsor, will implement several changes to the construction rules for the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index (the "**Index**") underlying the Securities:

- The number of target constituents included in the Index will be increased from 20 companies to at least 40 companies.
- The Index will be divided into two subportfolios of 40 companies each. Each subportfolio will be reconstituted on a semi-annual basis with one subportfolio reconstituting in December and June and the other subportfolio reconstituting in March and September. Because the subportfolios reconstitute at different times, their constituents may vary at a given point of time and the overall number of index constituents will vary between 40 and 80. In addition, a subportfolio can hold less than 40 companies if there is a shortfall in the number of securities that meet the selection and eligibility criteria, and can hold more or fewer than 40 companies if securities are added or removed as a result of corporate actions after reconstitution. Although the relative weightings of the two subportfolios in the Index may drift apart over time, depending on the performance of each subportfolio's constituents, they are reset to equal weight at the time of the June and December subportfolio reconstitutions.
- The Index will implement a turnover buffer at the time of each reconstitution. If the number of target constituents is 40, existing Index constituents that rank within the top 60 (or 150% of the target number) of eligible constituents included in the Index universe will be given preference over any new additions.
- The index will also implement sector caps. Exposure of the Index to any given economic sector will be capped at the higher of 40% or the exposure of the Morningstar[®] US Market IndexSM (the "**Benchmark**") to such sector plus 10%.
- We describe the Securities in the original pricing supplement (as amended), prospectus supplement and prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. When you read the original pricing supplement (as amended) and the accompanying prospectus supplement, please note that all references in such supplements to the prospectus dated July 31, 2015, or to any sections therein, should refer instead to the accompanying prospectus dated April 27, 2016 or the corresponding sections of such prospectus, as applicable, unless otherwise specified or the context otherwise requires. You may access the amendment No. 1, the amendment No. 2, the amendment No. 3, the original pricing supplement and the related prospectus supplement and prospectus on the SEC website:
 - Original pricing supplement dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006071/crt_dp58084-424b3.pdf
 - Amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315009187/dp61525_424b3-etn1.htm
 - Amendment No. 2 dated January 4, 2016:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010316009889/dp62227_424b3-etna2.htm
 - Amendment No. 3 dated January 4, 2016:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010316009943/dp62229_424b3-mwmetna3.htm
 - Prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006048/crt-dp58161_424b2.pdf
 - Prospectus dated April 27, 2016:
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312516559607/d181910d424b21.pdf>

Terms used but not defined herein have the meanings given to such terms in the original pricing supplement.

- Stated Principal Amount: \$10 per security
- CUSIP Number: 25153Q 70 8

Investing in the Securities involves a number of risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page PS-12 of the original pricing supplement.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this amendment No. 4 to the original pricing supplement, amendment No. 1, amendment No. 2 or amendment No. 3 to the original pricing supplement, the original pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement or prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The agent for this offering, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., is our affiliate. Please see "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in the original pricing supplement for more information.

The Securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.

Deutsche Bank Securities



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ELEMENTSSM
Linked to the
Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index
due October 24, 2022

- This amendment No. 3 amends the original pricing supplement dated July 31, 2015 relating to the ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index Exchange Traded Notes (the "Securities"), as amended by the amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015 and the amendment No. 2 dated January 4, 2016. The Securities do not guarantee any return of principal at maturity and do not pay any interest during their term. Instead, you will receive a cash payment at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch ("Deutsche Bank") based on the performance of the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index, less an investor fee. Other than the specific amendments described below, the terms of the Securities are as described in the original pricing supplement dated July 31, 2015, as amended by the amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015 and the amendment No. 2 dated January 4, 2016.
- **Repurchase at Your Option**
Subject to the requirements described in the original pricing supplement, you have the right to require Deutsche Bank to repurchase your Securities for an amount in cash equal to the "daily repurchase value" on the applicable valuation date. After the close of trading on January 4, 2016 (the "Effective Date"), the minimum number of securities you must irrevocably offer in order to effect a repurchase by Deutsche Bank at your option (the "Minimum Repurchase Amount") will be reduced from a minimum of 250,000 securities to a minimum of 10,000 Securities. *At any time, however, we will have the sole discretion to further reduce the Minimum Repurchase Amount. Any such reduction will be applied on a consistent basis for all holders of the securities at the time the reduction becomes effective.* As a result of this modification, the "Specific Terms of the Securities — Payment Upon Repurchase" and "— Repurchase Procedures" in the original pricing supplement and the "Form of Offer for Repurchase" and the "Broker's Confirmation of Repurchase" in Annex A to the original pricing supplement will be deemed to be amended to reflect the minimum repurchase amount of 10,000 Securities, as well as any announced further reduction of the Minimum Repurchase Amount. *After the Effective Date, if less than 10,000 Securities of an offering are outstanding, you will not be able to avail yourself of the repurchase option.*
- As disclosed in the pricing supplement, the market value of the Securities may be influenced by, among other things, supply and demand for the Securities. It is possible that the reduction of the Minimum Repurchase Amount may materially influence the market value and the liquidity of the Securities.
- We describe the Securities in the original pricing supplement (as amended by amendment No. 1 and amendment No. 2), prospectus supplement and prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. You may access the amendment No. 2, the amendment No. 1, the original pricing supplement and the related prospectus supplement and prospectus on the SEC website:
 - Amendment No. 2 dated January 4, 2016:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010316009889/dp62227_424b3-etna2.htm
 - Amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315009187/dp61525_424b3-etn1.htm
 - Original pricing supplement dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006071/crt_dp58084-424b3.pdf
 - Prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006048/crt-dp58161_424b2.pdf
 - Prospectus dated July 31, 2015:
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312515273165/d40464d424b2.htm>

Terms used but not defined herein have the meanings given to such terms in the original pricing supplement.

- Stated Principal Amount: \$10 per security.
- CUSIP Number: 25153Q 70 8

Investing in the Securities involves a number of risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page PS-12 of the original pricing supplement.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this amendment No. 3 to the original pricing supplement, amendment No. 2 or amendment No. 1 to the original pricing supplement, the original pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement or prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The agent for this offering, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., is our affiliate. Please see "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in the original pricing supplement for more information.

The Securities are not bank deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.

Deutsche Bank Securities

January 4, 2016



Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch

ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index due October 24, 2022

ELEMENTSSM—"Dogs of the Dow" Linked to the Dow Jones High Yield Select 10 Total Return IndexSM due November 14, 2022

DB Gold Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due February 15, 2038

DB Gold Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due February 15, 2038

DB Gold Short Exchange Traded Notes due February 15, 2038

DB Agriculture Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Agriculture Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Agriculture Short Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Agriculture Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Commodity Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Commodity Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Commodity Short Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Commodity Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Base Metals Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Base Metals Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Base Metals Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Base Metals Long Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Crude Oil Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Crude Oil Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Crude Oil Long Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB 3x Short 25+ Year Treasury Bond Exchange Traded Notes due May 31, 2040

DB 3x Long 25+ Year Treasury Bond Exchange Traded Notes due May 31, 2040

DB 3x German Bund Futures Exchange Traded Notes due March 31, 2021

DB German Bund Futures Exchange Traded Notes due March 31, 2021

DB 3x Japanese Govt Bond Futures Exchange Traded Notes due March 31, 2021

DB Japanese Govt Bond Futures Exchange Traded Notes due March 31, 2021

DB 3x Inverse Japanese Govt Bond Futures Exchange Traded Notes due November 30, 2021

DB Inverse Japanese Govt Bond Futures Exchange Traded Notes due November 30, 2021

FI Enhanced Global High Yield ETN Linked to the MSCI World High Dividend Yield USD Gross Total Return Index

This amendment No. 2 amends the original pricing supplements dated July 31, 2015 of the twenty-nine Exchange Traded Notes set forth above, each as amended by the amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015. We refer to the above twenty-nine Exchange Traded Notes as the "**securities**" in this Amendment No. 2. Other than the specific amendments described below, the terms of the securities are as described in the relevant original pricing supplement for each security, each as amended by the amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015.

Effective the date of this amendment No. 2, the contact information of Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. ("**DBSI**") in the Form of Offer for Repurchase appended to the relevant pricing supplement for each security will be modified as follows:

- For each of the ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index due October 24, 2022 and the ELEMENTSSM—"Dogs of the Dow" Linked to the Dow Jones High Yield Select 10 Total Return IndexSM due November 14, 2022, "Fax: 917-512-9226" will be replaced with "Phone: 212-250-6054; Email: Equity_ETN.Confirmations@list.db.com (or other contact information provided by DBSI)."
- For each of the Gold Double Short ETNs, Gold Double Long ETNs, Gold Short ETNs, Agriculture Double Short ETNs, Agriculture Double Long ETNs, Agriculture Short ETNs, Agriculture Long ETNs, Commodity Double Short ETNs, Commodity Double Long ETNs, Commodity Short ETNs and Commodity Long ETNs, Base Metals Double Short ETNs, Base Metals Double Long ETNs, Base Metals Short ETNs, Base Metals Long ETNs, Crude Oil Double Short ETNs, Crude Oil Short ETNs, Crude Oil Long ETNs, "Fax: 917-338-3849" will be replaced with "Email: ETN.creations.redemptions@list.db.com (or other contact information provided by DBSI)."
- For each of the 3x Short UST ETNs, 3x Long UST ETNs, 3x German Bund Futures ETNs, German Bund Futures ETNs, 3x JGB Futures ETNs, JGB Futures ETNs, 3x Inverse JGB Futures ETNs and Inverse JGB Futures ETNs, "Fax: 917-338-3849" will be replaced with "Email: Rates_ETNs@list.db.com (or other contact information provided by DBSI)."
- For the FI Enhanced Global High Yield ETN Linked to the MSCI World High Dividend Yield USD Gross Total Return Index, "Phone: 212-250-6689 or 212-250-2356; Email: EIMG.NY@db.com" will be replaced with "Phone: 212-250-6054; Email: LDN_EQ_ETNs@list.db.com (or other contact information provided by DBSI)."

Investing in the securities involves a number of risks. See "Risk Factors" in the original pricing supplements.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this amendment No. 2 to the original pricing supplements, amendment No. 1 to the original pricing supplements, the relevant original pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement or prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The agent for the offerings, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., is our affiliate. Please see "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in the relevant original pricing supplement for more information.

The securities are not bank deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.

Deutsche Bank Securities

We describe the securities in the relevant original pricing supplement (each as amended by amendment No. 1), prospectus supplement and prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. You may access the amendment No. 1, the relevant original pricing supplement and the related prospectus supplement and prospectus on the SEC website:

- Amendment No. 1 dated November 30, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315009187/dp61525_424b3-etn1.htm
- Original pricing supplement No. 208 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006071/crt_dp58084-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 235 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006064/crt_dp58079-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 304 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006066/dp58019_424b3-6.htm
- Original pricing supplement No. 341 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006065/crt_dp58011-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 342 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006063/crt_dp58018-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 343 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006067/crt_dp58020-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 344 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006072/crt_dp58021-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 693 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006070/dp58015_424b3-2.htm
- Original pricing supplement No. 1139 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006058/dp58022_424b3-9.htm
- Original pricing supplement No. 1140 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006057/crt-dp58016_424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 1253 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006069/crt-dp58017_424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 1842 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006062/crt_dp58078-424b3.pdf
- Prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006048/crt-dp58161_424b2.pdf
- Prospectus dated July 31, 2015:
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312515273165/d40464d424b2.htm>

Terms used but not defined herein have the meanings given to such terms in the relevant original pricing supplement.



Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch

ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index due October 24, 2022
ELEMENTSSM—"Dogs of the Dow" Linked to the Dow Jones High Yield Select 10 Total Return IndexSM due November 14, 2022

DB Gold Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due February 15, 2038

DB Gold Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due February 15, 2038

DB Gold Short Exchange Traded Notes due February 15, 2038

DB Base Metals Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Base Metals Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Base Metals Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Base Metals Long Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Crude Oil Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Crude Oil Short Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB Crude Oil Long Exchange Traded Notes due June 1, 2038

DB 3x Short 25+ Year Treasury Bond Exchange Traded Notes due May 31, 2040

DB 3x Long 25+ Year Treasury Bond Exchange Traded Notes due May 31, 2040

DB 3x German Bund Futures Exchange Traded Notes due March 31, 2021

DB German Bund Futures Exchange Traded Notes due March 31, 2021

DB 3x Japanese Govt Bond Futures Exchange Traded Notes due March 31, 2021

DB Japanese Govt Bond Futures Exchange Traded Notes due March 31, 2021

DB 3x Inverse Japanese Govt Bond Futures Exchange Traded Notes due November 30, 2021

DB Inverse Japanese Govt Bond Futures Exchange Traded Notes due November 30, 2021

FI Enhanced Global High Yield ETN Linked to the MSCI World High Dividend Yield USD Gross Total Return Index

Deutsche Bank AG announced on November 25, 2015 that, effective January 1, 2016, it will suspend any further issuances of the twenty-one Exchange Traded Notes set forth above (the "**2016 Suspended Securities**"). The holders' option to require Deutsche Bank AG to repurchase the 2016 Suspended Securities will not be affected by this suspension. However, Deutsche Bank AG will not be making additional issuances of these 2016 Suspended Securities to the market effective January 1, 2016.

DB Agriculture Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Agriculture Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Agriculture Short Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Agriculture Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Commodity Double Short Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Commodity Double Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Commodity Short Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

DB Commodity Long Exchange Traded Notes due April 1, 2038

As previously announced, further issuances of the DB Agriculture Double Long Exchange Traded Notes were suspended on February 14, 2011, and further issuances of the remaining three DB Agriculture Exchange Traded Notes and four DB Commodity Exchange Traded Notes set forth above were suspended on February 9, 2012. We refer to the eight Agriculture and Commodity Exchange Traded Notes, together with the twenty-one 2016 Suspended Securities, as the "**securities**" in this Amendment No. 1.

As disclosed in the relevant original pricing supplement for each security, the market value of the securities may be influenced by, among other things, the levels of supply and demand for such securities. It is possible that the suspension may materially influence the market value and the liquidity of the securities. The limitations on issuance and sale may cause an imbalance of supply and demand in the secondary market for the securities, which may cause the securities to trade at a premium or discount in relation to their intraday indicative value. See "Risk Factors — We may issue and sell additional securities from time to time but we are under no obligation to do so. Any limitation or suspension on the issuance of the securities may materially and adversely affect the price and liquidity of the securities in the secondary market and may cause the securities to trade at a premium or discount in relation to their intraday indicative security value" in the relevant original pricing supplement for more information. Investors considering any purchase of the securities should be aware of the fact that the trading price of the securities on the exchange could be significantly different from their intraday indicative value, which is meant to approximate the intrinsic economic value of the securities. Paying a premium purchase price over the intraday indicative value of the securities could lead to significant losses.

Investing in the securities involves a number of risks. See "Risk Factors" in the original pricing supplements.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this amendment No. 1, the relevant original pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The agent for the offerings, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., is our affiliate. Please see "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in the relevant original pricing supplement for more information.

The securities are not bank deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.

Deutsche Bank Securities

We describe the securities in the relevant original pricing supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. You may access the relevant original pricing supplement, and the related prospectus supplement and prospectus, on the SEC website:

- Original pricing supplement No. 208 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006071/crt_dp58084-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 235 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006064/crt_dp58079-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 304 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006066/dp58019_424b3-6.htm
- Original pricing supplement No. 341 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006065/crt_dp58011-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 342 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006063/crt_dp58018-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 343 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006067/crt_dp58020-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 344 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006072/crt_dp58021-424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 693 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006070/dp58015_424b3-2.htm
- Original pricing supplement No. 1139 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006058/dp58022_424b3-9.htm
- Original pricing supplement No. 1140 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006057/crt-dp58016_424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 1253 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006069/crt-dp58017_424b3.pdf
- Original pricing supplement No. 1842 dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006062/crt_dp58078-424b3.pdf
- Prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006048/crt-dp58161_424b2.pdf
- Prospectus dated July 31, 2015:
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312515273165/d40464d424b2.htm>

Terms used but not defined herein have the meanings given to such terms in the relevant original pricing supplement.



25,000,000
ELEMENTSSM
Linked to the
Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index
due October 24, 2022

The ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index due October 24, 2022 (the "Securities") do not guarantee any return of principal at maturity and do not pay any interest during their term. Instead, you will receive a cash payment at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch based on the performance of the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat Focus Total Return Index, less an investor fee. **Any payment at maturity or upon repurchase is subject to our ability to pay our obligations as they become due.** The principal terms of the Securities are as follows:

Issuer: Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch ("Deutsche Bank").

CUSIP Number: 25153Q 70 8

Underlying Index: The return on the Securities is linked to the performance of the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat Focus Total Return Index (the "Index"). The Index is derived from the universe of companies that Morningstar[®] determines have "wide moats." A wide-moat company is one that has a maintainable return on invested capital exceeding cost of capital and a sustainable competitive advantage. The Index is composed of the common stocks of the twenty eligible companies within the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat universe that have the highest ratio of fair value to stock price. The Index is a subset of the Morningstar[®] US Market Index, a market index representing approximately 97% of U.S. equity market capitalization. The Index was developed by Morningstar, Inc., and is published on Bloomberg under the symbol "**MWMFTR <Index>**". The Index and the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat universe are described further in this pricing supplement.

Secondary Market: The Securities are listed on NYSE Arca under the ticker symbol "WMW". To the extent there is an active secondary market in the Securities, we expect that investors will purchase and sell the Securities primarily in this secondary market.

(Cover continued on next page)

You may lose some or all of your principal if you invest in the Securities. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page PS-12 of this pricing supplement for risks relating to an investment in the Securities.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the Securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus or prospectus supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The estimated value of the Securities on each trading day is their daily repurchase value on such trading day, which is subject to an investor fee. See "Fee Factor" below.

The Securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.

We sold 600,000 Securities on the inception date through Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("MLPF&S") and one or more agents or dealers at their stated principal amount of \$10.00 each. Additional Securities have been and may continue to be offered and sold from time to time, at our sole discretion, through our affiliate, DBSI, and one or more dealers at then-current market prices which may be significantly higher or lower than the stated principal amount of \$10.00. As of July 6, 2015, there were approximately 1,260,000 Securities outstanding. We are under no obligation to sell additional Securities at any time, and if we do sell additional Securities, we may limit such sales and stop selling additional Securities at any time. See "Risk Factors — We May Issue and Sell Additional Securities From Time to Time But We Are Under No Obligation to Do So. Any Limitation or Suspension on the Issuance of the Securities May Materially and Adversely Affect the Price and Liquidity of the Securities in the Secondary Market and May Cause the Securities to Trade at a Premium or Discount in Relation to Their Intraday Indicative Security Value."

We will receive proceeds equal to 100% of the offering price of Securities sold after the inception date. MLPF&S and each dealer in the initial distribution charged, and DBSI and any other dealer involved in any subsequent distribution charged, and are expected to charge, normal commissions for the purchase of the Securities. Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"), will receive a portion of the investor fee. DBSI is our affiliate. Please see "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in this pricing supplement for more information.

Deutsche Bank Securities

BofA Merrill Lynch

As Agents for

Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch

Pricing Supplement dated July 31, 2015

(Continued from previous page)

Payment at Maturity: If your Securities have not previously been repurchased by Deutsche Bank at your election, at maturity, subject to the credit of the Issuer, you will receive a cash payment equal to the principal amount of your Securities *times* the index factor on the final valuation date *times* the fee factor on the final valuation date. **Any payment at maturity or upon repurchase at your option is subject to our ability to pay our obligations as they become due.**

Repurchase of the Securities: Subject to the requirements described below, you may offer \$2,500,000 stated principal amount (250,000 Securities) or more of your Securities to Deutsche Bank for repurchase on any business day during the term of the Securities. If you elect to offer your Securities for repurchase, and the requirements for acceptance by Deutsche Bank are met, you will receive a cash payment in an amount equal to the “daily repurchase value,” which is the principal amount of your Securities to be repurchased *times* the index factor on the applicable valuation date *times* the fee factor on the applicable valuation date. Thus, in calculating the daily repurchase value, the Calculation Agent will take into account the principal amount of the Securities and the performance of the Index from the inception date to the close of trading on the applicable valuation date, reduced by the investor fee on such trading day. The Calculation Agent expects to calculate and publish the daily repurchase value of your Securities after the close of trading on each trading day at www.elementsetn.com. Because the applicable daily repurchase value will not be calculated and published until the close of trading on your desired valuation date, you will not know the applicable daily repurchase value at the time you exercise your repurchase right on the business day preceding your desired valuation date and will bear the risk that your Securities will decline in value between the time of your exercise and the time at which the daily repurchase value is determined.

Repurchase Mechanics: To offer your Securities to Deutsche Bank for repurchase on a repurchase date, you and your broker must deliver an irrevocable offer for repurchase to Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. (“DBSI”) no later than 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the applicable valuation date and follow the procedures set forth under “Specific Terms of the Securities—Repurchase Procedures.” The last valuation date for which you may submit an offer for repurchase (which offer must be delivered to DBSI no later than 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding such valuation date) is October 4, 2022. If you fail to comply with these procedures, your offer will be deemed ineffective and Deutsche Bank will not be obligated to repurchase your Securities. Unless the scheduled repurchase date is postponed due to a market disruption event as described herein, the final day on which Deutsche Bank will repurchase your Securities will be October 7, 2022.

Intraday Indicative Security Value: The intraday indicative security value, which is meant to approximate the economic value of the Securities at *any given time* during a trading day, equals the principal amount of the Securities *times* the index factor calculated based on the level of the Index at such time *times* the fee factor for the day on which such time occurs. It is calculated using the same formula as the daily repurchase value, except that instead of using *the closing level* of the Index, the calculation is based on *the intraday level* of the Index at the particular time. In calculating the intraday indicative security value at any given time, the Calculation Agent will take into account the principal amount of the Securities, the performance of the Index from the inception date to such time and the deduction of the investor fee.

The Calculation Agent will publish the intraday indicative security value under the Bloomberg symbol WMWIV. The intraday indicative security value is a calculated value and is not the same as the trading price of the Securities and is not a price at which you can buy or sell the Securities in the secondary market. The intraday indicative security value does not take into account the factors that influence the trading price of the Securities, such as imbalances of supply and demand, lack of liquidity and credit considerations. **The actual trading price of the Securities in the secondary market may vary significantly from their intraday indicative security value.**

Investors can compare the trading price of the Securities against the intraday indicative security value to determine whether the Securities are trading in the secondary market at a premium or a discount to the economic value of the Securities at any given time. Investors are cautioned that paying a premium purchase price over the intraday indicative security value at any time could lead to the loss of any premium in the event the investor sells the Securities when the premium is no longer present in the marketplace or when the Securities are repurchased by us. It is also possible that the Securities will trade in the secondary market at a discount below the intraday indicative security value and that investors would receive less than the intraday indicative security value if they had to sell their Securities in the market at such time.

Valuation Date: Valuation date means each trading day from October 25, 2007 to October 4, 2022 inclusive and October 18, 2022. We refer to October 18, 2022, as the “final valuation date.” If there is a market disruption event occurring on a valuation date, such valuation date, including the final valuation date, may be postponed as provided herein.

Repurchase Date: A repurchase date is the third business day following a valuation date. Unless the scheduled repurchase date is postponed due to a market disruption event as described herein, the final day on which Deutsche Bank will repurchase your Securities will be October 7, 2022.

Inception Date: October 17, 2007.

Initial Settlement Date: October 23, 2007.

Index Factor: The index factor on any given day, other than the final valuation date, will be equal to the closing level of the Index on that day *divided by* the initial index level. The index factor on the final valuation date will equal the average of the closing levels of the Index for the five trading days prior to and including the final valuation date *divided by* the initial index level. The initial index level is the closing level of the Index on the inception date and is equal to 2,646.02. For purposes of calculating the intraday indicative security value, the index factor will be determined as described above using the intraday level of the Index.

Fee Factor: The fee factor is equal to one minus the product of (i) the annual investor fee and (ii) the number of days elapsed from the inception date to and including the applicable valuation date divided by 365. The annual investor fee is equal to 0.75%. The investor fee is the amount that we charge you for providing exposure to the Index and covers the expected cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities as well as the profit we expect to realize for assuming the related risk. A portion of the investor fee is paid to MLPF&S for the services it provides relating to the distribution of the Securities.

Because the fee factor is a number lower than 1, when applied as a multiple, it will have the effect of lowering the amount you receive at maturity or upon repurchase.

Because the investor fee reduces the amount of your return at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank, the level of the Index must increase by an amount sufficient to offset the investor fee applicable to your Securities in order for you to receive a positive return on your investment at maturity or upon repurchase. If the level of the Index decreases or does not increase sufficiently, you will receive less than your initial investment at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank.

Trading Day: A trading day is a day on which (i) the level of the Index is calculated and published, (ii) trading is generally conducted on the New York Stock Exchange, NYSE Arca and the Nasdaq Stock Market and (iii) trading is generally conducted on the markets on which the stocks underlying the Index are traded, in each case as determined by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion.

Business Day: A business day is a Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in New York City or London, England generally are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close.

ADDITIONAL TERMS SPECIFIC TO THE SECURITIES

You should read this pricing supplement together with the prospectus dated July 31, 2015, as supplemented by the prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015 relating to our Series A global notes of which the Securities are a part. You may access these documents on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) and any further supplements to these documents at www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

- Prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006048/crt-dp58161_424b2.pdf
- Prospectus dated July 31, 2015:
<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312515273165/d40464d424b2.htm>

Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 0001159508. As used in this pricing supplement, “we,” “us” or “our” refers to Deutsche Bank AG, including, as the context requires, acting through one of its branches.

This pricing supplement, together with the documents listed above, contains the terms of the Securities and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in “Risk Factors” in the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus, as the Securities involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before deciding to invest in the Securities.

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SUMMARY

The following is a summary of terms of the ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index due October 24, 2022 (the “Securities”), as well as a discussion of risks and other considerations you should take into account when deciding whether to invest in the Securities. The information in this section is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed explanations set forth elsewhere in this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus. References to the “prospectus” mean our accompanying prospectus, dated July 31, 2015, and references to the “prospectus supplement” mean our accompanying prospectus supplement, dated July 31, 2015, which supplements the prospectus, in each case as may be amended or supplemented from time to time.

On the inception date, we sold 600,000 Securities through MLPF&S and one or more agents or dealers and since then, we have offered and sold additional Securities. As of July 6, 2015, there were approximately 1,260,000 Securities outstanding. Depending on market demand, we may, without your consent, create and issue Securities, in addition to those offered by this pricing supplement, having the same terms and conditions as the Securities and we may consolidate the additional Securities to form a single class with the outstanding Securities. Any such additional Securities may be offered and sold from time to time through DBSI or one or more dealers in amounts to be determined solely by us. However, we are under no obligation to issue and sell additional Securities at any time, and if we do sell additional Securities, we may limit such sales and stop selling additional Securities at any time. If we suspend the issuance of additional Securities, the price and liquidity of such Securities in the secondary market could be materially and adversely affected. Unless we indicate otherwise, if we suspend selling additional Securities, we reserve the right to resume selling additional Securities at any time, which might result in the reduction or elimination of any premium in the trading price. See “Risk Factors — We May Issue and Sell Additional Securities From Time to Time But We Are Under No Obligation to Do So. Any Limitation or Suspension on the Issuance of the Securities May Materially and Adversely Affect the Price and Liquidity of the Securities in the Secondary Market and May Cause the Securities to Trade at a Premium or Discount in Relation to Their Intraday Indicative Security Value” and “— You May Not Be Able to Purchase or Sell Your Securities in the Secondary Market at the Intraday Indicative Security Value, and Paying a Premium Purchase Price Over the Intraday Indicative Security Value Could Lead To Significant Losses” in this pricing supplement for more information.

Additionally, the number of Securities outstanding could be reduced at any time due to repurchases of the Securities by Deutsche Bank as described in this pricing supplement. A suspension of additional issuances of the Securities could result in a significant reduction in the number of outstanding Securities if investors subsequently exercise their right to have the Securities repurchased by us. Accordingly, the number of outstanding Securities could vary substantially over the term of the Securities and adversely affect the liquidity of the Securities. See “Risk Factors — You May Not be Able to Offer Your Securities for Repurchase if the Total Number of Securities Outstanding Has Fallen to a Level That is Close To or Below 250,000.”

This section summarizes the following aspects of the Securities:

- What are the Securities and how do they work?
- How do you calculate the payment on the Securities?
- What is the daily repurchase value of the Securities?
- What is the intraday indicative security value of the Securities?
- What are the fees and how are they calculated?
- How do you sell your Securities?
- How do you offer your Securities for repurchase by Deutsche Bank?
- What are some of the risks of the Securities?
- Is this the right investment for you?
- What are the tax consequences of an investment in the Securities?

What Are the Securities and How Do They Work?

The Securities are senior unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank, acting through its London branch, that are linked to the performance of the Morningstar® Wide Moat Focus Total Return Index (the “Index”).

The Index is comprised of the common stocks of the twenty eligible companies within the Morningstar® Wide Moat universe that have the highest ratio of fair value to stock price. The Morningstar® Wide Moat universe is comprised of U.S. companies that Morningstar® determines have a “wide moat.” A wide-moat company is one that has a maintainable return on invested capital (“ROIC”) exceeding cost of capital and a sustainable competitive advantage. The potential competitive advantages analyzed by Morningstar, Inc. (the “Index Sponsor”) in order to construct the Morningstar® Wide Moat universe are intangible assets, cost advantages, high switching costs for customers, and “network effects” (by which the value of a company’s goods and services increases with the number of consumers). The Index is a subset of the Morningstar® US Market Index, a broad market index whose components are selected based on liquidity and market capitalization, and which represent approximately 97% of U.S. equity market capitalization. The Index was developed by the Index Sponsor and is published on Bloomberg under the symbol “MWMFTR <Index>”. For more information see “The Index” below.

If your Securities have not been previously repurchased by Deutsche Bank at your election, at maturity, subject to the credit of the Issuer, you will receive a cash payment equal to the principal amount of your Securities *times* the index factor determined on the final valuation date *times* the fee factor on the final valuation date. **The Securities do not guarantee any return of principal at maturity and do not pay any interest during their term.**

We will not pay you interest during the term of the Securities.

For a further description of how your payment at maturity will be calculated, see “—How Do You Calculate the Payment on the Securities?”, “—Hypothetical Examples” and “Specific Terms of the Securities” below in this pricing supplement.

How Do You Calculate the Payment on the Securities?

Set forth below is an explanation of the steps necessary to calculate the payment on the Securities at maturity or upon any repurchase by Deutsche Bank.

Step 1: Calculate the fee factor

The fee factor is equal to one minus the product of (i) the annual investor fee and (ii) the number of days elapsed from the inception date to and including the applicable valuation date divided by 365. The annual investor fee is equal to 0.75%.

Step 2: Calculate the index factor

The index factor on any given day, other than the final valuation date, will be equal to the closing level of the Index on that day divided by the initial index level. The index factor on the final valuation date will equal the average of the closing levels of the Index for the five trading days prior to and including the final valuation date *divided by* the initial index level. The initial index level is equal to 2,646.02, the closing level of the Index on the inception date.

Step 3: Calculate the payment

You will receive a cash payment at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank, as applicable, equal to the principal amount of your Securities *times* the index factor on the applicable valuation date *times* the fee factor on the applicable valuation date.

Because the investor fee reduces the amount of your return at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank, the level of the Index must increase by an amount sufficient to offset the investor fee applicable to your Securities in order for you to receive a positive return on your investment at maturity or upon repurchase of your Securities by Deutsche Bank. If the level of the Index decreases or does not increase sufficiently, you will receive less than your initial investment at maturity or upon repurchase of your Securities by Deutsche Bank.

What Is the Daily Repurchase Value of the Securities?

We refer to the amount you will be entitled to receive upon any early repurchase per Security as the “daily repurchase value.” The daily repurchase value reflects the principal amount of your Securities and the

performance of the Index from the inception date to the close of trading on the applicable valuation date, reduced by the investor fee on such trading day. If you elect to offer your Securities for repurchase, and the requirements for acceptance by Deutsche Bank are met, you will receive a cash payment in an amount equal to the daily repurchase value, which is the principal amount of your Securities to be repurchased *times* the index factor on the applicable valuation date *times* the fee factor on the applicable valuation date. The Calculation Agent expects to calculate and publish the daily repurchase value of your Securities after the close of trading on each trading day at www.elementsetn.com.

What Is the Intraday Indicative Security Value of the Securities?

The Calculation Agent will calculate and publish during each trading day an “intraday indicative security value,” which is meant to approximate the economic value of the Securities *at any given time* during the trading day, equals the principal amount of the Securities *times* the index factor calculated based on the level of the Index at such time *times* the fee factor for the day on which such time occurs. It is calculated using the same formula as the daily repurchase value, except that instead of using *the closing level* of the Index, the calculation is based on *the intraday level* of the Index at the particular time. In calculating the intraday indicative security value at any given time, the Calculation Agent will take into account the principal amount of the Securities, the performance of the Index from the inception date to such time and the deduction of the investor fee.

The intraday indicative security value is not the same as the trading price of the Securities and is not a price at which you can buy or sell the Securities in the secondary market. **The trading price of the Securities at any time may vary significantly from their intraday indicative security value.** Investors can compare the trading price of the Securities against the intraday indicative security value to determine whether the Securities are trading in the secondary market at a premium or a discount to the economic value of the Securities at any given time. Investors are cautioned that paying a premium purchase price over the intraday indicative security value at any time could lead to the loss of any premium in the event the investor sells the Securities when the premium is no longer present in the marketplace or when the Securities are repurchased by us. It is also possible that the Securities will trade in the secondary market at a discount below the intraday indicative security value and that investors would receive less than the intraday indicative security value if they had to sell their Securities in the market at such time.

The Calculation Agent will publish the intraday indicative security value under the Bloomberg symbol WMWIV. Additionally, the Calculation Agent expects to calculate and publish the daily repurchase value of your Securities after the close of trading on each trading day at www.elementsetn.com.

What Are the Fees and How Are They Calculated?

The fee factor is equal to one *minus* the product of (i) the annual investor fee and (ii) the number of days elapsed from the inception date to and including the applicable valuation date *divided* by 365. **Because the fee factor is a number lower than 1, when applied as a multiple, it will have the effect of lowering the amount you receive at maturity or upon repurchase.** The annual investor fee is equal to 0.75%. The investor fee constitutes the amount we charge investors for providing the particular exposure to the Index, including the expected cost of hedging our obligations under the Securities, as well as the profit we or our affiliates expect to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in providing such hedge. A portion of the investor fee is paid to MLPF&S for the services it provides relating to the distribution of the Securities.

MLPF&S and each dealer in the initial distribution charged, and DBSI and any other dealer involved in any subsequent distribution charged, and are expected to charge, normal commissions for the purchase of the Securities.

How Do You Sell Your Securities?

The Securities are listed on NYSE Arca. To the extent there is an active secondary market in the Securities, we expect that investors will purchase and sell such Securities primarily in this secondary market. A trading market for your Securities may not develop, however, and no assurances can be given as to the continuation of any listing during the term of the Securities. We are not required to maintain any listing of the Securities on NYSE Arca or any other exchange. If the Securities are delisted or if a sufficiently active secondary market in the Securities does not develop, there likely will not be enough liquidity in the Securities to allow you to trade or sell your Securities when you wish to do so or at a price that reflects a liquid market in the Securities.

How Do You Offer Your Securities for Repurchase by Deutsche Bank?

To offer your Securities to Deutsche Bank for repurchase on a repurchase date, you and your broker must deliver an irrevocable offer for repurchase to DBSI no later than 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the applicable valuation date and follow the procedures set forth below and under “Specific Terms of the Securities — Repurchase Procedures.” The last valuation date for which you may submit an offer for repurchase (which offer must be delivered to DBSI no later than 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding such valuation date) is October 4, 2022. Because the applicable daily repurchase value will not be calculated and published until the close of trading on your desired valuation date, you will not know the applicable daily repurchase value at the time you exercise your repurchase right on the business day preceding your desired valuation date and will bear the risk that your Securities will decline in value between the time of your exercise and the close of trading on the applicable valuation date. Because valuation dates are subject to postponement in the event of a market disruption event as described below and under “Specific Terms of the Securities – Market Disruption Event,” you may bear this risk for an extended period of time. The repurchase date for your Securities will be the third business day following the valuation date.

If you wish to offer your Securities to Deutsche Bank for repurchase, you and your broker must follow the following procedures:

- your broker must deliver an irrevocable Offer for Repurchase, a form of which is attached as Annex A to this pricing supplement, to DBSI by 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the valuation date three business days prior to the applicable repurchase date. You must offer at least \$2,500,000 stated principal amount of your Securities (250,000 Securities) for repurchase by Deutsche Bank on any repurchase date. DBSI must acknowledge receipt from your broker in order for your offer to be effective;
- your broker must book a delivery vs. payment trade with respect to your Securities on the applicable valuation date at a price equal to the applicable daily repurchase value, facing DBSI; and
- cause your DTC custodian to deliver the trade as booked for settlement via DTC at or prior to 10:00 a.m. New York City time on the applicable repurchase date (the third business day following the valuation date).

Different brokers and DTC participants may have different deadlines for accepting instructions from their customers. Accordingly, you should consult the brokerage firm or other DTC participant through which you own your interest in the Securities in respect of such deadlines. If DBSI does not receive your offer for repurchase by 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the applicable valuation date, your notice will not be effective and we will not accept your offer to repurchase your Securities on the applicable repurchase date. Any repurchase instructions that we receive in accordance with the procedures described above will be irrevocable. We may request that DBSI purchase the Securities you offer to us for repurchase for a cash payment that would otherwise have been payable by us. Any Securities purchased by DBSI will remain outstanding. **If less than 250,000 Securities of an offering are outstanding, you will not be able to avail yourself of the repurchase option.**

A valuation date is each trading day from October 25, 2007 to October 4, 2022 inclusive and October 18, 2022. Unless the scheduled repurchase date is postponed due to a market disruption event, the final day on which Deutsche Bank will repurchase your Securities will be October 7, 2022. A valuation date may be postponed due to a market disruption event up to five scheduled trading days. If postponement of a valuation date due to a market disruption occurs, such postponement will continue until the next trading day on which there is no market disruption, for up to five scheduled trading days. If a market disruption event causes the postponement of the valuation date for more than five scheduled trading days, the level of the Index for such repurchase date will be determined (or, if not determinable, estimated) by the Calculation Agent in a manner which it considers commercially reasonable under the circumstances on such valuation date, as postponed. If a valuation date is postponed, the corresponding repurchase date will also be postponed so that such repurchase date occurs on the third business day following the valuation date as postponed.

What Are Some of the Risks of the Securities?

An investment in the Securities involves risks. Some of these risks are summarized here, but we urge you to read the more detailed explanation of risks in “Risk Factors” in this pricing supplement.

- **Uncertain Principal Repayment** – Your principal is not protected. If the level of the Index decreases, or does not increase by an amount greater than the investor fee applicable to your Securities, you will receive less than your original investment in the Securities upon repurchase or at maturity.
- **Underlying Index and Market Risk** – The return on the Securities is linked to the performance of the Index which, in turn, is linked to the prices of the common stocks that make up the Index. Prices may change unpredictably, affecting the level of the stocks that make up the Index and, consequently, the value of your Securities in unforeseeable ways. The Index Sponsor may suspend or discontinue the calculation or publication of the Index, making it difficult to determine the market value of the Index and of your Securities which, may in turn, adversely affect the market price of your Securities.
- **No Interest Payments** – You will not receive any periodic interest payments on the Securities.
- **Credit Risk of the Issuer** – The Securities are senior unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank, acting through its London branch. Any payments you are entitled to receive on your Securities are subject to the ability of Deutsche Bank to pay its obligations as they come due. This risk is in addition to the risks posed by the Index.
- **There May Not Be an Active Trading Market for the Securities** – Although the Securities are listed on NYSE Arca, there may not be an active trading market for the Securities. We are not required to maintain any listing of the Securities on NYSE Arca or any other exchange.
- **Restrictions on Repurchases by Deutsche Bank** – You must offer at least \$2,500,000 stated principal amount of Securities (250,000 Securities) to Deutsche Bank for your offer for repurchase to be considered.
- **Your Offer for Repurchase Is Irrevocable** – You will not be able to rescind your offer for repurchase after it is received by DBSI, so you will be exposed to market risk in the event market conditions change after DBSI receives your offer.
- **Conflicts of Interest** – We own, directly or indirectly, all of the outstanding equity securities of DBSI. Because DBSI is both our affiliate and a member of FINRA, any distribution of the Securities by DBSI must be conducted in compliance with the requirements of FINRA Rule 5121 regarding a FINRA member firm's distribution of the securities of an affiliate and related conflicts of interest. See "Supplemental Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)."
- **Uncertain Tax Treatment** – Significant aspects of the tax treatment of the Securities are uncertain, and the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") or a court might not uphold the tax consequences described in this pricing supplement.

Is This the Right Investment for You?

The Securities may be a suitable investment for you if:

- You seek an investment with a return linked to the performance of the Index.
- You believe the level of the Index will increase by an amount sufficient to offset the investor fee and to provide you with a satisfactory return on your investment during the term of the Securities.
- You are willing to accept the risk of fluctuations in the level of the Index.
- You do not seek current income from this investment.

The Securities may not be a suitable investment for you if:

- You are not willing to be exposed to fluctuations in the level of the Index.
- You seek a guaranteed return of principal.
- You believe the level of the Index will decrease or will not increase by an amount sufficient to offset the investor fee during the term of the Securities.
- You prefer the lower risk and therefore accept the potentially lower returns of fixed income investments with comparable maturities and credit ratings.
- You seek current income from your investment.

What Are the Tax Consequences of an Investment in the Securities?

You should review carefully the section in this pricing supplement entitled “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences.”

Under current law, the United Kingdom will not impose withholding tax on payments made with respect to the Securities.

For a discussion of certain German tax considerations relating to the Securities, you should refer to the section in the accompanying prospectus supplement entitled “Taxation by Germany of Non-Resident Holders.”

You should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the Securities, as well as tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

Hypothetical Examples

The following examples show how the Securities would perform in hypothetical circumstances. We have included two examples in which the Index has increased by approximately 200% at maturity, as well as two examples in which the Index has decreased by approximately 50% at maturity. These examples highlight the behavior of the indicative security value in different circumstances, but they are intended to be illustrative and are entirely hypothetical and not indicative of actual results. The figures in these examples may have been rounded for convenience. Figures for year 15 are as of the final valuation date, and given the indicated assumptions, a holder will receive payment at maturity in the indicated amount, according to the indicated formula. The closing level of the Index for year 15 in the hypotheticals below is the average of the closing levels of the Index for the five trading days prior to and including the final valuation date. **It is possible that you could lose your entire investment if your Securities are exposed to severe or repeated adverse monthly performances. Any payment at maturity or upon earlier repurchase is subject to our ability to satisfy our obligations as they become due.**

Assumptions:

Annual Investor Fee	Days	Principal	Initial Index Level
0.75%	365	\$10.00	2,646.02

N = the actual number of days elapsed from the inception date to and including the applicable valuation date. For purposes of the calculation in this table, each year is assumed to have 365 days.

Example 1: The closing level of the Index is lower than the initial index level in the first 3 years, resulting in negative annualized product returns. The closing level of the Index is higher than the initial index level in the following 12 years, resulting in positive annualized product returns.

A Year	B Index Level	C Index Factor <i>B / Initial Index Level</i>	D Investor Fee <i>0.75% * (N / 365)</i>	E Fee Factor <i>1 - D</i>	F Indicative Security Value <i>Principal * C * E</i>	G Annualized Index Return	H Annualized Product Return
A	B	<i>B / Initial Index Level</i>	<i>0.75% * (N / 365)</i>	<i>1 - D</i>	<i>Principal * C * E</i>		
0	2,646.02	1.00	0.00%	100.00%	10.00		
1	2,088.77	0.79	0.75%	99.25%	7.83	-21.06%	-21.65%
2	2,348.40	0.89	1.50%	98.50%	8.74	-5.79%	-6.50%
3	2,307.54	0.87	2.25%	97.75%	8.52	-4.46%	-5.18%
4	2,942.35	1.11	3.00%	97.00%	10.79	2.69%	1.91%
5	3,175.22	1.20	3.75%	96.25%	11.55	3.71%	2.92%
6	3,704.43	1.40	4.50%	95.50%	13.37	5.77%	4.96%
7	4,471.77	1.69	5.25%	94.75%	16.01	7.78%	6.96%
8	5,424.34	2.05	6.00%	94.00%	19.27	9.39%	8.55%
9	5,477.26	2.07	6.75%	93.25%	19.30	8.42%	7.58%
10	5,688.94	2.15	7.50%	92.50%	19.89	7.96%	7.12%
11	6,138.77	2.32	8.25%	91.75%	21.29	7.95%	7.11%
12	6,747.35	2.55	9.00%	91.00%	23.21	8.11%	7.27%
13	6,906.11	2.61	9.75%	90.25%	23.56	7.66%	6.81%
14	7,620.54	2.88	10.50%	89.50%	25.78	7.85%	7.00%
15	7,938.06	3.00	11.25%	88.75%	26.63	7.60%	6.75%

Example 2: The closing level of the Index is lower than the initial index level in the first 11 years, resulting in negative annualized product returns. The closing level of the Index is higher than or equal to the initial index level in the following 4 years, resulting in positive annualized product returns. If the level of the Index does not increase sufficiently to offset the impact of the investor fee, as shown in this example, when, in year 12, the Index increases to the initial index level, the annualized product return will be negative and you will receive less than the principal amount at maturity or upon repurchase of your Securities by Deutsche Bank.

A Year	B Index Level	C Index Factor <i>B / Initial Index Level</i>	D Investor Fee <i>0.75% * (N / 365)</i>	E Fee Factor <i>1 - D</i>	F Indicative Security Value <i>Principal * C * E</i>	G Annualized Index Return	H Annualized Product Return
A	B	<i>B / Initial Index Level</i>	<i>0.75% * (N / 365)</i>	<i>1 - D</i>	<i>Principal * C * E</i>		
0	2,646.02	1.00	0.00%	100.00%	10.00		
1	1,666.99	0.63	0.75%	99.25%	6.25	-37.00%	-37.47%
2	1,719.91	0.65	1.50%	98.50%	6.40	-19.38%	-19.98%
3	1,561.15	0.59	2.25%	97.75%	5.77	-16.13%	-16.76%
4	1,375.93	0.52	3.00%	97.00%	5.04	-15.08%	-15.73%
5	1,164.25	0.44	3.75%	96.25%	4.24	-15.14%	-15.79%
6	1,428.85	0.54	4.50%	95.50%	5.16	-9.76%	-10.45%
7	1,825.75	0.69	5.25%	94.75%	6.54	-5.16%	-5.89%
8	1,375.93	0.52	6.00%	94.00%	4.89	-7.85%	-8.56%
9	1,746.37	0.66	6.75%	93.25%	6.15	-4.51%	-5.25%
10	1,481.77	0.56	7.50%	92.50%	5.18	-5.63%	-6.37%
11	2,222.66	0.84	8.25%	91.75%	7.71	-1.57%	-2.34%
12	2,646.02	1.00	9.00%	91.00%	9.10	0.00%	-0.78%
13	4,418.85	1.67	9.75%	90.25%	15.07	4.02%	3.21%
14	5,636.02	2.13	10.50%	89.50%	19.06	5.55%	4.72%
15	7,938.06	3.00	11.25%	88.75%	26.63	7.60%	6.75%

Example 3: The Index decreases in the first 8 years and the closing level of the Index remains lower than the initial index level for 15 years, resulting in negative annualized product returns.

A Year	B Index Level	C Index Factor	D Investor Fee	E Fee Factor	F Indicative Security Value	G Annualized Index Return	H Annualized Product Return
<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>B / Initial Index Level</i>	<i>0.75% * (N / 365)</i>	<i>1 - D</i>	<i>Principal * C * E</i>		
0	2,646.02	1.00	0.00%	100.00%	10.00		
1	2,088.77	0.79	0.75%	99.25%	7.83	-21.06%	-21.65%
2	1,959.40	0.74	1.50%	98.50%	7.29	-13.95%	-14.59%
3	1,838.05	0.69	2.25%	97.75%	6.79	-11.44%	-12.11%
4	1,724.21	0.65	3.00%	97.00%	6.32	-10.15%	-10.84%
5	1,617.42	0.61	3.75%	96.25%	5.88	-9.38%	-10.07%
6	1,517.25	0.57	4.50%	95.50%	5.48	-8.85%	-9.55%
7	1,458.60	0.55	5.25%	94.75%	5.22	-8.16%	-8.86%
8	1,368.26	0.52	6.00%	94.00%	4.86	-7.91%	-8.62%
9	1,622.49	0.61	6.75%	93.25%	5.72	-5.29%	-6.02%
10	1,722.97	0.65	7.50%	92.50%	6.02	-4.20%	-4.94%
11	1,936.40	0.73	8.25%	91.75%	6.71	-2.80%	-3.56%
12	1,995.49	0.75	9.00%	91.00%	6.86	-2.32%	-3.09%
13	1,871.90	0.71	9.75%	90.25%	6.38	-2.63%	-3.39%
14	1,755.97	0.66	10.50%	89.50%	5.94	-2.89%	-3.65%
15	1,323.01	0.50	11.25%	88.75%	4.44	-4.52%	-5.27%

Example 4: The Index decreases in the first year and, other than in year 3, the closing level of the Index for all of the other years remains lower than the initial index level, resulting in negative annualized product returns.

A Year	B Index Level	C Index Factor	D Investor Fee	E Fee Factor	F Indicative Security Value	G Annualized Index Return	H Annualized Product Return
A	B	$B / \text{Initial Index Level}$	$0.75\% * (N / 365)$	$1 - D$	$\text{Principal} * C * E$		
0	2,646.02	1.00	0.00%	100.00%	10.00		
1	2,088.77	0.79	0.75%	99.25%	7.83	-21.06%	-21.65%
2	2,354.38	0.89	1.50%	98.50%	8.76	-5.67%	-6.38%
3	2,681.18	1.01	2.25%	97.75%	9.90	0.44%	-0.32%
4	2,433.08	0.92	3.00%	97.00%	8.92	-2.08%	-2.82%
5	2,095.35	0.79	3.75%	96.25%	7.62	-4.56%	-5.29%
6	2,386.20	0.90	4.50%	95.50%	8.61	-1.71%	-2.46%
7	2,055.06	0.78	5.25%	94.75%	7.36	-3.55%	-4.29%
8	1,944.20	0.73	6.00%	94.00%	6.91	-3.78%	-4.52%
9	1,674.35	0.63	6.75%	93.25%	5.90	-4.96%	-5.69%
10	1,906.76	0.72	7.50%	92.50%	6.67	-3.22%	-3.97%
11	2,192.77	0.83	8.25%	91.75%	7.60	-1.69%	-2.46%
12	2,247.59	0.85	9.00%	91.00%	7.73	-1.35%	-2.12%
13	1,935.61	0.73	9.75%	90.25%	6.60	-2.38%	-3.14%
14	1,398.26	0.53	10.50%	89.50%	4.73	-4.45%	-5.21%
15	1,323.01	0.50	11.25%	88.75%	4.44	-4.52%	-5.27%

Historical Information of the Securities

The Securities are linked to the performance of the Morningstar® Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index. Publication of the Morningstar® Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index began on February 14, 2007. No actual investment in securities linked to the Morningstar® Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index was possible prior to February 14, 2007.

The following graph sets out the historical performance of the Securities from July 8, 2010 to July 8, 2015. The historical performance of the Securities shown below reflect the daily repurchase values of the Securities calculated on each trading day from July 8, 2010 to July 8, 2015 and do not reflect the actual trading prices of the Securities. The graph below does not represent the actual return you should expect to receive on the Securities. Historical performance of the Securities is not indicative of future performance of your investment in the Securities. **The Securities do not guarantee any return of, or on, your initial investment. Any payment at maturity or upon earlier repurchase is subject to our ability to satisfy our obligations as they become due.**

Historical Performance of the ELEMENTSSM Linked to Morningstar® Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index ETN from July 8, 2010 to July 8, 2015



RISK FACTORS

The Securities are senior unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank, acting through its London branch. The Securities are riskier than ordinary unsecured debt securities. The return on the Securities is linked to the performance of the Index. Investing in the Securities is not equivalent to investing directly in the common stocks that make up the Index (each, an "Index Component" and together the "Index Components") or the Index itself. See "The Index" below for more information.

This section describes the most significant risks relating to an investment in the Securities. **We urge you to read the following information about these risks, together with the other information in this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus and prospectus supplement before investing in the Securities.**

Even if the Level of the Index at Maturity or upon Repurchase by Deutsche Bank Exceeds the Initial Index Level, You May Receive Less Than the Principal Amount of Your Securities

Because the investor fee reduces the amount of your return at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank, the level of the Index must increase by an amount sufficient to offset the investor fee applicable to your Securities in order for you to receive a positive return on your investment at maturity or upon repurchase of your Securities by Deutsche Bank. If the level of the Index decreases or does not increase sufficiently to offset the impact of the investor fee, you will receive less than your initial investment at maturity or upon repurchase of your Securities by Deutsche Bank.

The Securities Do Not Guarantee Any Return of Principal and You May Lose All or a Significant Portion of Your Investment in the Securities

The Securities do not guarantee any return of principal. The cash payment on your Securities on the maturity date or repurchase date, if any, will be primarily based on any increase or decrease in the level of the Index. You may lose all or a significant amount of your investment in the Securities if the level of the Index decreases substantially. Moreover, because the investor fee will reduce the amount of your return regardless of whether the Index increases or decreases, you will lose some or all of your investment at maturity or upon repurchase if the level of the Index decreases or does not increase sufficiently to offset the negative effect of the investor fee.

The Securities Represent an Investment in Deutsche Bank AG, Not an Investment in any Underlying Assets, and Are Therefore Subject to the Credit Risk of Deutsche Bank AG

The Securities are senior unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank AG, acting through its London branch. The Securities are not an investment in any underlying assets and do not give rise to any claim in any underlying assets. Any payment on, and the value of, the Securities is ultimately dependent upon the credit of Deutsche Bank AG, acting through its London branch. If Deutsche Bank AG were to become unable to satisfy its obligations as they fall due, the value of the Securities would be substantially impaired and you may not recover the then-current repurchase value of the Securities or the value of your initial investment in the Securities, regardless of the performance of the Index.

A Subordination to the Claims of Other Creditors or Other Resolution Measures May Become Applicable to the Securities by Operation of Law Even in the Absence of Explicit Provisions, Acknowledgements or Waivers in the Terms of the Securities

On May 15, 2014, the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union published a directive for establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (commonly referred to as the "Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive"). The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive required each member state of the European Union to adopt and publish by December 31, 2014 the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive. To implement the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive, Germany adopted the Recovery and Resolution Act (*Sanierungs- und Abwicklungsgesetz*, or the "Resolution Act"), which became effective on January 1, 2015. Pursuant to the Resolution Act, the Securities may be subject to the powers exercised by our competent resolution authority to write down, including write down to zero, the claims for payment in respect of the Securities, to convert the Securities into ordinary shares or other instruments qualifying as core equity tier 1 capital, or to apply any other resolution measure including (but not limited to) a transfer of the Securities to another entity, an amendment to the terms and conditions of the Securities or a cancellation of the Securities. We refer to each of these measures pursuant to German and European law as applicable to us from time to time in effect, as a "Resolution Measure." We expect additional Resolution Measures to become applicable to us when the European regulation of July 15, 2014 relating to the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment

firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism and a Single Resolution Fund (commonly referred to as the “SRM Regulation”) becomes effective on January 1, 2016. On May 26, 2015, the German Federal Government published a draft bill of a Resolution Mechanism Act (*Abwicklungsmechanismusgesetz*). One of this law’s primary purposes would be to conform German law to the SRM Regulation. In addition, the draft bill proposes that in the event of an insolvency proceeding senior unsecured debt instruments would by operation of law rank junior to all other outstanding unsecured unsubordinated obligations, but in priority to all contractually subordinated instruments. The proposed subordination would not apply if the terms of the senior unsecured debt instruments provide that (i) the repayment amount depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of a future event, or will be settled in kind, or (ii) the interest amount depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of a future event, unless it depends solely on a fixed or variable reference interest rate and will be settled in cash. Instruments that are typically traded on money markets would not be subject to the proposed subordination. The proposed order of priorities would apply to insolvency proceedings commenced on or after January 1, 2016. If enacted, the proposed subordination of senior unsecured debt instruments could apply to the Securities, which would most likely result in a larger share of loss being allocated to these instruments in the event of an insolvency proceeding or the imposition of any Resolution Measures by the competent resolution authority. The final version of the Resolution Mechanism Act may provide for additional Resolution Measures that may become applicable to us. Furthermore, if we become subject to German insolvency proceedings, the trustee and the holders of the Securities that are subordinated by operation of law will have no right to file a claim against us unless the competent insolvency court allows the filing of subordinated claims. A Resolution Measure may apply to us if we become, or are deemed by our competent supervisory authority to have become, “non-viable” (as defined under the then applicable law) and are unable to continue our regulated banking activities.

Implementation of the Resolution Act, the Resolution Mechanism Act and any applicable supervisory law (including the SRM Regulation) may result in the Resolution Measures becoming applicable by operation of law to the Securities. As a result, if a Resolution Measure becomes applicable to us, the Securities may be subject to such Resolution Measures and, by operation of law, written down, converted into ordinary shares or other instruments qualifying as core equity tier 1 capital, transferred to another entity, amended or cancelled. The precise effects on the Securities that will result from the implementation of the Resolution Act, the Resolution Mechanism Act and the applicable supervisory law remain uncertain. **You should consider the risk that you may lose some or all of your investment in the Securities.**

You Will Not Benefit from Any Increase in the Level of the Index if Such Increase is Not Reflected in the Level of the Index on the Applicable Valuation Date

If the Index does not increase by an amount sufficient to offset the impact of the investor fee between the inception date and the applicable valuation date (including the final valuation date), we will pay you less than the principal amount of your Securities at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank. This will be true even if the level of the Index as of a particular date or dates prior to the applicable valuation date (including the final valuation date) would have been high enough to offset the impact of the investor fee.

In addition, because the index factor on the final valuation date will equal the average of the closing levels of the Index for the five trading days prior to and including the final valuation date *divided by* the initial index level, the index factor on the final valuation date could be lower than the closing level of the Index on that day *divided by* the initial index level.

You May Not be Able to Offer Your Securities for Repurchase if the Total Number of Securities Outstanding Has Fallen to a Level That is Close To or Below 250,000

If you elect to offer your Securities to Deutsche Bank for repurchase, you must offer at least \$2,500,000 stated principal amount of Securities (250,000 Securities) to Deutsche Bank at one time on any repurchase date. If you own Securities with an aggregate stated principal amount of less than \$2,500,000, you will not be able to cause Deutsche Bank to repurchase your Securities. Accordingly, if the total number of Securities outstanding has fallen to a level that is close to or below 250,000, you may not be able to avail yourself of the repurchase option. Even if we issue Securities well in excess of the approximately 1,260,000 Securities outstanding as of July 6, 2015, the number of Securities outstanding at any time may decline to be close to or less than 250,000 as a result of investors or market makers exercising their repurchase rights. The unavailability of the repurchase right can result in the Securities trading in the secondary market at discounted prices significantly below the intraday indicative security value. If you had to sell your Securities at such a time, you could suffer significant losses.

In addition to the minimum repurchase amount of \$2,500,000 stated principal amount of Securities (250,000 Securities), the procedures involved in the offer of any repurchase also represent a substantial restriction on your

ability to cause Deutsche Bank to repurchase your Securities. A repurchase date is the third business day following the applicable valuation date. Your offer to Deutsche Bank to repurchase your Securities on a repurchase date is only valid if DBSI receives your offer for repurchase from your broker by no later than 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the applicable valuation date prior to the applicable repurchase date. If DBSI does not receive your offer for repurchase by 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the applicable valuation date, your offer will not be effective and we will not repurchase your Securities on the applicable repurchase date. Unless the scheduled repurchase date is postponed due to a market disruption event, the final day on which Deutsche Bank will repurchase your Securities will be October 7, 2022. See “Specific Terms of Your Security—Repurchase Procedures” for more information.

A Repurchase at Your Option Will Be Deemed Ineffective if the Conditions for Electing Such Repurchase Right Are Not Met

Your offer to Deutsche Bank to repurchase your Securities on a repurchase date is only valid if DBSI receives your offer for repurchase from your broker by no later than 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the applicable valuation date. If DBSI does not receive your offer for repurchase by 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the applicable valuation date, your notice will not be effective and we will not accept your offer to repurchase your Securities on the repurchase date. See “Specific Terms of the Securities — Repurchase Procedures” for more information.

The Market Value of the Securities May Be Influenced by Many Unpredictable Factors

The market value of your Securities may fluctuate between the date you purchase them and the applicable valuation date. You may also sustain a significant loss if you sell the Securities in the secondary market. Several factors, many of which are beyond our control, will influence the market value of the Securities. We expect that generally the level of the Index will affect the market value of the Securities more than any other factor. Other factors that may influence the market value of the Securities include:

- the time remaining to the maturity of the Securities;
- the dividend rate on the common stocks underlying the Index;
- supply and demand for the Securities, including inventory positions with any market maker or possible shortages in the event we decide to suspend or permanently discontinue issuances of the Securities;
- geopolitical conditions and other economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events that affect the level of the Index;
- the prevailing interest rates and yields in the market generally; and
- our creditworthiness, including actual or anticipated downgrades in our credit ratings.

These factors interrelate in complex ways, and the effect of one factor on the market value of your Securities may offset or enhance the effect of another factor.

The Index Sponsor May Adjust the Index in a Way That Affects the Level of the Index, and the Index Sponsor Has No Obligation to Consider Your Interests

The Index Sponsor determines the composition of the Index and can add, delete or substitute the stocks underlying the Index or make other changes that could change the level of the Index. You should realize that the changing of companies included in the Index may affect the Index as a newly added company may perform significantly better or worse than the company or companies it replaces. Additionally, the Index Sponsor may alter, discontinue or suspend the Index. Any of these actions could adversely affect the value of the Securities. The Index Sponsor has no obligation to consider your interests in revising the Index or any of the Index Components.

Your Return May Not Reflect the Return on a Direct Investment in the Stocks Included in the Index

The return on your Securities may not match the return you would have received had you invested directly in the Index Components. In particular, an investment in the Securities is subject to the investor fee which reduces the amount of your return at maturity or upon repurchase of the Securities by Deutsche Bank.

The Securities May Not Be a Suitable Investment for You

The Securities may not be a suitable investment for you if you are not willing to be exposed to fluctuations in the level of the Index; you seek a guaranteed return of principal; you believe the level of the Index will decrease or will not increase by an amount sufficient to offset the impact of the investor fee during the term of the Securities; you prefer the lower risk and therefore accept the potentially lower but more predictable returns of fixed income investments with comparable maturities and credit ratings; or you seek current income from your investment.

Changes in Our Credit Ratings May Affect the Market Value of Your Securities

Our credit ratings are an assessment of our ability to pay our obligations, including those on the Securities. Consequently, actual or anticipated changes in our credit ratings may affect the market value of your Securities. However, because the return on your Securities is dependent upon certain factors in addition to our ability to pay our obligations on your Securities, an improvement in our credit ratings will not reduce the other investment risks related to your Securities.

You Will Not Receive Interest Payments on the Securities or Have Rights in the Index Components

You will not receive any periodic interest payments on the Securities. As an owner of the Securities, you will not have rights that investors in the Index Components may have. You will receive cash for your Securities, and you will have no right to receive delivery of any of the Index Components.

There May Not Be an Active Trading Market in the Securities; Sales in the Secondary Market May Result in Significant Losses

Although the Securities are listed on NYSE Arca, there may not be an active trading market for your Securities. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not be liquid and may not continue for the term of the Securities. No assurances can be given as to the continuation of any listing during the term of the Securities. We are not required to maintain any listing of the Securities on NYSE Arca or any other exchange. Furthermore, we are under no obligation to issue or sell additional Securities at any time. If the Securities are delisted or a sufficiently active secondary market in the Securities does not exist, there likely will not be enough liquidity in the Securities to allow you to trade or sell your Securities when you wish to do so and the Securities may trade at a significant discount to their intraday indicative security value. In addition, you may be unable to exercise the repurchase option if there is not enough liquidity in the Securities to allow you to purchase additional Securities in the secondary market in order to hold the minimum 250,000 Securities required for repurchase. Suspension of additional issuances of the Securities could further reduce liquidity, if investors subsequently exercise their right to have the Securities repurchased by us.

Trading by Deutsche Bank and Other Transactions by Deutsche Bank and/or its affiliates in Instruments Linked to the Index or Index Components May Impair the Market Value of the Securities

As described below under “Use of Proceeds and Hedging” in this pricing supplement, we, through our affiliates, have entered into and expect to continue to enter into additional transactions to hedge our obligations under the Securities. Such transactions may involve purchases or sales of the Index Components, futures or options on the Index Components, or other derivative instruments with returns linked to the performance of the Index Components or the Index and we may adjust our hedge positions by, among other things, purchasing or selling any of the foregoing. Although they are not intended to, any of these hedging activities may affect the market price of the Index Components and the level of the Index and, therefore, the market value of the Securities. It is possible that our hedging activities could produce substantial returns for us even though the market value of the Securities declines.

We may also issue other securities or financial or derivative instruments with returns linked or related to changes in the performance of any of the foregoing. By introducing competing products into the marketplace in this manner, we could adversely affect the market value of the Securities.

With respect to any of the activities described above, we have no obligation to take the needs of any buyer, seller or holder of the Securities into consideration at any time. Any of the foregoing activities described above may reflect trading strategies that differ from, or are in direct opposition to, investors’ trading and investment strategies relating to the Securities.

The Liquidity of the Market for the Securities May Vary Materially Over Time

We sold 600,000 Securities on the inception date through MLPF&S and one or more agents or dealers. As of July 6, 2015, there were approximately 1,260,000 Securities outstanding. Additional Securities may be offered and sold from time to time through our affiliate, DBSI, acting as our agent. The number of Securities outstanding could be reduced at any time due to repurchases of the Securities by Deutsche Bank as described in this pricing supplement. Accordingly, the liquidity of the market for the Securities could vary materially over the term of the Securities. While you may elect to offer your Securities for repurchase by Deutsche Bank prior to maturity, such repurchase is subject to the restrictive conditions and procedures described elsewhere in this pricing supplement, including the condition that you must offer at least \$2,500,000 stated principal amount of Securities (250,000 Securities) to Deutsche Bank at one time for repurchase on any repurchase date.

You May Not Be Able to Purchase or Sell Your Securities in the Secondary Market at the Intraday Indicative Security Value, and Paying a Premium Purchase Price Over the Intraday Indicative Security Value Could Lead To Significant Losses

The intraday indicative security value of the Securities is not the same as the trading price of such Securities in the secondary market. The intraday indicative security value is meant to approximate the economic value of the Securities at any given time. On each trading day, the Calculation Agent will publish the intraday indicative security value under the Bloomberg symbol WMWIV. In calculating the intraday indicative security value at any given time, the Calculation Agent will take into account the principal amount of the Securities, the performance of the Index from the inception date to such time and the deduction of the investor fee. In addition, the Calculation Agent expects to calculate and publish the daily repurchase value of your Securities after the close of trading on each trading day at www.elementsetn.com. The daily repurchase value on each trading day is calculated the same way as the intraday indicative security value, but uses the closing level of the Index on such trading day.

The trading price of the Securities at any time is the price that you may be able to sell or purchase the Securities in the secondary market at such time, if one exists. The trading price of the Securities at any time may vary significantly from their intraday indicative security value at such time due to, among other things, imbalances of supply and demand, lack of liquidity, transaction costs, credit considerations and bid-offer spreads. Paying a premium purchase price over the intraday indicative security value of the Securities could lead to significant losses in the event the investor sells such Securities at a time when such premium is no longer present in the market place. It is also possible that the Securities will trade in the secondary market at a discount below the intraday indicative security value and that investors would receive less than the intraday indicative security value if they had to sell their Securities in the market at such time.

We May Issue and Sell Additional Securities From Time to Time But We Are Under No Obligation to Do So. Any Limitation or Suspension on the Issuance of the Securities May Materially and Adversely Affect the Price and Liquidity of the Securities in the Secondary Market and May Cause the Securities to Trade at a Premium or Discount in Relation to Their Intraday Indicative Security Value

In our sole discretion, we may decide to issue and sell additional Securities from time to time at a price based on the intraday indicative security value of such Securities at that time, which may be significantly higher or lower than the stated principal amount. The price of the Securities in any subsequent sale may differ substantially (higher or lower) from the issue price paid in connection with any other issuance of such Securities. Additionally, any Securities held by us or an affiliate in inventory may be resold at then-current market prices or lent to market participants who may have made short sales of the Securities.

However, we are under no obligation to issue or sell additional Securities at any time, and if we do sell additional Securities, we may limit such sales and stop selling additional Securities at any time. If we stop selling additional Securities for any reason, the price and liquidity of such Securities in the secondary market could be materially and adversely affected, which may cause the Securities to trade at a premium or discount in relation to their intraday indicative security value, but the intraday indicative security value and the daily repurchase value would not be affected. Furthermore, unless we indicate otherwise, if we suspend selling additional Securities, we reserve the right to resume selling additional Securities at any time, which might result in the reduction or elimination of any premium in the trading price that may have developed. Therefore, paying a premium purchase price over the intraday indicative security value of the Securities could lead to significant losses.

Suspension of additional issuances of the Securities can also result in a significant reduction in the number of outstanding Securities, if investors subsequently exercise their right to have the Securities repurchased by us. If the total number of outstanding Securities has fallen to a level that is close to or below the minimum 250,000

Securities required for repurchase, you may not be able to purchase enough Securities to meet the minimum size requirement in order to exercise your repurchase right. The unavailability of the repurchase right can result in the Securities trading in the secondary market at discounted prices below the intraday indicative security value. Having to sell your Securities at a discounted sale price below the intraday indicative security value of the Securities could lead to significant losses. Prior to making an investment in the Securities, you should take into account whether or not the trading price is tracking the intraday indicative security value of the Securities.

We or Our Affiliates May Have Economic Interests Adverse to Those of the Holders of the Securities

If we decide to issue additional Securities, we currently expect our affiliate, DBSI, would act as our agent in connection with the issuance of any such Securities. Although DBSI will not receive any discounts or commissions from us in connection with such issuances, DBSI is expected to charge normal commissions for the purchase of any such Securities. In addition, Deutsche Bank and other affiliates of ours have engaged in and expect to engage in trading activities related to the Index Components, futures or options on the Index Components or the Index, or other derivative instruments with returns linked to the performance of Index Components or the Index, for their accounts and for other accounts under their management. These trading activities may present a conflict between the holders' interest in the Securities and the interests that MLPF&S, DBSI and their respective affiliates will have in their proprietary accounts, in facilitating transactions, including options and other derivatives transactions, for their customers and in accounts under their management. These trading activities, if they influence the level of the Index, could be adverse to the interests of the holders of the Securities. Deutsche Bank and these affiliates may also issue or underwrite or assist unaffiliated entities in the issuance or underwriting of other securities or financial instruments linked to the Index. To the extent that we or one of our affiliates serves as issuer, agent or underwriter for such securities or financial instruments, our or their interests with respect to such products may be adverse to those of the holders of the Securities. You should also be aware that our affiliate, DBSI, is expected to act as our agent in connection with any Securities offered and sold after the inception date. Although DBSI will not receive any discounts or commissions in connection with such sales, DBSI is expected to charge normal commissions for the purchase of any Securities.

We or our affiliates may currently or from time to time engage in business with companies whose stocks are included in the Index, including extending loans to, making equity investments in, or providing advisory services to, them, including merger and acquisition advisory services. In the course of this business, we or our affiliates may acquire non-public information about the companies, and we will not disclose any such information to you. In addition, we or one or more of our affiliates may publish research reports or otherwise express views or provide recommendations about the companies whose stocks are included in the Index. Any such views or recommendations may be inconsistent with purchasing or holding the Securities. Any prospective purchaser of Securities should undertake such independent investigation of each company whose stock is included in the Index as in its judgment is appropriate to make an informed decision with respect to an investment in the Securities.

Additionally, we or one of our affiliates may serve as issuer, agent or underwriter for additional issuances of Securities with returns linked or related to changes in the level of the Index or the Index Components. By introducing competing products into the marketplace in this manner, we or one or more of our affiliates could adversely affect the value of the Securities.

Moreover, MLPF&S and DBSI have published and in the future expect to publish research reports and trading advice with respect to some or all of the Index Components. This research and trading advice is modified from time to time without notice and may express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the Securities. The research and trading advice should not be viewed as a recommendation or endorsement of the Securities in any way and investors must make their own independent investigation of the merits of this investment.

Any of these activities by MLPF&S or DBSI and their respective affiliates may affect the market price of the Index Components and the level of the Index and, therefore, the market value of the Securities. With respect to any of the activities described above, none of MLPF&S, DBSI or their respective affiliates have any obligation to take the needs of any buyer, seller or holder of the Securities into consideration at any time.

The Index Sponsor May Discontinue the Index and Public Disclosure of Information Relating to the Index May Change Over Time

The Index Sponsor is under no obligation to continue to compile and publish the Index and is not required to compile and publish any successor index if the Index is discontinued. If the Index Sponsor discontinues or

suspends the compilation or publication of the Index, it may become difficult to determine the market value of the Securities or the amount payable at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank. Initially, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch will serve as the calculation agent for the Securities (the "Calculation Agent"). In the event the Index Sponsor discontinues or suspends the compilation or publication of the Index, the Calculation Agent may designate a successor index selected in its sole discretion (which may, but need not be, an index calculated and maintained by the Index Sponsor, Merrill Lynch & Co. or Deutsche Bank). If the Calculation Agent determines in its sole discretion that no successor index comparable to the Index exists, the amount you receive at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank will be determined by the Calculation Agent in its sole discretion. See "Specific Terms of the Securities—Market Disruption Event" and "—Discontinuance or Modification of the Index" in this pricing supplement. You, as an investor in the Securities, should make your own investigation into the Index and the Index Sponsor.

The Policies of the Index Sponsor and any Changes Thereto That Affect the Composition and Valuation of the Index Could Affect the Amount Payable on Your Securities and Their Market Value

The policies of the Index Sponsor concerning the calculation of the level of the Index, additions, deletions or substitutions of Index Components in the Index and the manner in which changes affecting the Index are reflected could affect the level of the Index and, therefore, the amount payable on your Securities at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank and the market value of your Securities prior to maturity.

Additional Index Components may satisfy the eligibility criteria for inclusion in the Index, and the Index Components currently included in the Index may fail to satisfy such criteria.

In addition, the Index Sponsor may modify the methodology for determining the composition and weighting of the Index, or for calculating the level of the Index. The Index Sponsor may also discontinue or suspend compilation or publication of the Index, in which case it may become difficult to determine the market value of the Index. Any such changes could adversely affect the value of your Securities.

If events such as these occur, or if the level of the Index is not available or cannot be calculated because of a market disruption event or for any other reason, the Calculation Agent may be required to make a good faith estimate in its sole discretion of the level of the Index. The circumstances in which the Calculation Agent will be required to make such a determination are described more fully under "Specific Terms of Your Security—Market Disruption Event," "—Discontinuance or Modification of the Index" and "—Role of Calculation Agent."

There Are Potential Conflicts of Interest Between You and the Calculation Agent

We will serve as the Calculation Agent. The Calculation Agent will, among other things, decide the amount of the return paid out to you on the Securities at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank. For a more detailed description of the Calculation Agent's role, see "Specific Terms of the Securities—Role of Calculation Agent" in this pricing supplement.

If the Index Sponsor were to discontinue or suspend compilation or publication of the Index or cause the calculation agent for the Index to discontinue or suspend calculation of the Index and the Index Sponsor does not appoint another entity to calculate and publish the Index, it may become difficult to determine the level of the Index. If events such as these occur, or if the level of the Index is not available or cannot be calculated because of a market disruption event or for any other reason, the Calculation Agent may be required to make a good faith estimate in its sole discretion of the level of the Index. The circumstances in which the Calculation Agent will be required to make such a determination are described more fully under "Specific Terms of the Securities—Role of Calculation Agent" in this pricing supplement.

The Calculation Agent will exercise its judgment when performing its functions. For example, the Calculation Agent may have to determine whether a market disruption event affecting the Index has occurred or is continuing on a valuation date, including the final valuation date. This determination may, in turn, depend on the Calculation Agent's judgment as to whether the event has materially interfered with our ability to unwind our hedge positions. Since these determinations by the Calculation Agent may affect the market value of the Securities, the Calculation Agent may have a conflict of interest if it needs to make any such decision.

If a Market Disruption Event Has Occurred or Exists on a Valuation Date, the Calculation Agent Can Postpone the Determination of the Level of the Index, the Maturity Date or a Repurchase Date

The determination of the level of the Index on a valuation date, including the final valuation date, may be postponed if the Calculation Agent determines that a market disruption event has occurred or is continuing on

such valuation date. In case of such postponement, the corresponding repurchase date will be postponed so that such repurchase date occurs on the third business day following the valuation date as postponed.

If postponement of a valuation date, other than the final valuation date, due to a market disruption event occurs, such postponement will continue until the next trading day on which there is no market disruption, up to five scheduled trading days. If a market disruption event causes the postponement of the valuation date for more than five scheduled trading days, the level of the Index for the relevant repurchase date will be determined (or, if not determinable, estimated) by the Calculation Agent in a manner which it considers commercially reasonable under the circumstances on such valuation date, as postponed. See “Specific Terms of the Securities—Payment Upon Repurchase.”

The index factor calculated on the final valuation date will equal the average of the closing levels of the Index for the five scheduled trading days immediately prior to and including the final valuation date *divided by* the initial index level. If there are fewer than five trading days during the five scheduled trading days prior to the scheduled final valuation date, the Calculation Agent will postpone the final valuation date until there are five trading days on which there is no market disruption occurring, but in no event will the final valuation date be postponed by more than five scheduled trading days. If the final valuation date is postponed due to a market disruption event, the maturity date will also be postponed by an equal number of business days up to five business days. See “Specific Terms of the Securities—Payment at Maturity.”

The U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of an Investment in the Securities Are Uncertain

As of the date of this pricing supplement, there is no direct legal authority regarding the proper U.S. federal income tax treatment of the Securities, and we do not plan to request a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the “IRS”). Consequently, significant aspects of the tax treatment of the Securities are uncertain, and the IRS or a court might not agree with the treatment of the Securities as prepaid financial contracts that are not debt, as described in the section of this pricing supplement entitled “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences.” If the IRS were successful in asserting an alternative treatment, the tax consequences of your ownership and disposition of the Securities could be materially and adversely affected. In addition, in 2007 the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of “prepaid forward contracts” and similar instruments. Any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the Securities, possibly with retroactive effect.

You should review the discussion under “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences” and consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the Securities, as well as tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

THE INDEX¹

The following is a description of the Index, including, without limitation, its make-up, method of calculation and changes in its components. The information in this description has been taken from publicly available sources. Such information reflects the policies of, and is subject to change by, Morningstar, Inc., the Index Sponsor. You, as an investor in the Securities, should make your own investigation into the Index. The Index Sponsor has no obligation to continue to compile and publish the Index, and may discontinue compilation or publication of the Index at any time in its sole discretion.

Overview

The Morningstar[®] Wide Moat Focus Total Return Index is derived from the Morningstar[®] Composite Index, which is a subset of the Morningstar[®] US Market Index, a broad market index, the components of which are selected based on liquidity and market capitalization, and which represent approximately 97% of U.S. equity market capitalization.

Determination of the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat Universe

The Morningstar[®] Wide Moat universe is comprised of U.S. companies that Morningstar[®] determines have “wide moats.” To determine which companies have wide moats, the Index Sponsor analyzes the company’s return on invested capital (“ROIC”) versus its cost of capital. If ROIC has not exceeded cost of capital for a given company in the past and is not deemed likely to do so in the future, that company is not eligible to be included in the Index. From the remaining companies, the Index Sponsor seeks to identify those that have at least one competitive advantage that is likely to persist for some time. The potential competitive advantages analyzed by the Index Sponsor are intangible assets, cost advantages, high switching costs for customers, and efficient sale. Those companies that have (i) a maintainable ROIC exceeding cost of capital and (ii) a sustainable competitive advantage or advantages, are said to have a wide moat. About 10 percent of companies in the Morningstar[®] US Market Index generally fall into this category.

Determination of the Index

The Index is comprised of the twenty eligible companies in the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat universe with the highest ratios of Fair Value Price to stock price. The Index Sponsor may deem ineligible for inclusion in the Index companies with respect to which it may be impractical for us to enter into or unwind hedge positions, in which case the company not currently in the Index with the highest ratio of Fair Value Price to stock price would be selected. The “Fair Value Price” of a company is calculated based on projections of future cash flows over three periods—(1) the succeeding 5 years, (2) year 6 until “perpetuity,” which is defined as when a company’s ROIC equals its cost of capital and (3) perpetuity. The sum of the projected future cash flows over these three periods is discounted to present value, netted against the company’s debt and adjusted for off-balance sheet assets and liabilities to arrive at a company’s fair value.

Reconstitution and Rebalancing

The Index is reconstituted and rebalanced such that the Index membership is reset and the weights of the Index Components are adjusted quarterly on the Monday following the third Friday of March, June, September and December of each year. If the Monday is a holiday, reconstitution and rebalancing occur on the Tuesday immediately following. Reconstitution and rebalancing are carried out after the day’s closing Index levels have been determined. The Index is equally weighted upon reconstitution and rebalancing and each Index Component has an initial weight of 5% of the Index.

In addition, the Index Sponsor may replace an Index Component upon the occurrence of certain corporate events at any time. In such event, the eligible company within the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat universe with the highest ratio of Fair Value Price to stock price not currently in the Index would be selected to replace such Index Component.

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Index Components

As of July 17, 2015, the Index Components were:

Spectra Energy Corp
ONEOK, Inc.
Google Inc. Class A
ITC Holdings Corp.
The Williams Companies, Inc.
Harley-Davidson, Inc.
Discovery Communications, Inc. Class A
V.F. Corporation
Amgen Inc.
Berkshire Hathaway Inc. Class B
The Hershey Company
American Express Company
Merck & Co., Inc.
Blackbaud, Inc.
Exxon Mobil Corporation
Varian Medical Systems, Inc.
Twenty-First Century Fox, Inc. Class A
U.S. Bancorp
Polaris Industries Inc.
Franklin Resources, Inc.

Calculation of the Index

The Index is calculated daily using the following formula:

Index(t) = (sum from i=1 to n of (p_i(t) * s_i(t))) / (C(t) * sum from j=1 to n of (p_j(0) * s_j(0))) * BaseIndexValue = (M(t)/B(t)) * BaseIndexValue

The above formula can be simplified as:

Index(t) = M(t) / D(t)

where:

D(t)	= divisor at time (t) = B(t)/Base Index Level
n	= number of stocks in the Index
p_j(0)	= closing price of stock j at the base date
s_j(0)	= constructed shares of company j at the base date
p_i(t)	= price of stock i at time (t)
s_i(t)	= constructed shares of company i at time (t)
C(t)	= adjustment factor for the base date market capitalization
t	= time the Index is calculated
M(t)	= market capitalization of the Index at time (t)
B(t)	= adjusted base date market capitalization of the Index at time (t)

The shares (s_i(t)) for the Index Components are artificial constructs used for calculation purposes. Adjustments are made to the divisor to avoid distortion caused by corporate actions that affect the share capital of the Index Components. Generally, because the Index is not market capitalization weighted, changes to the share capital structure of the Index Components do not affect the component weights. All dividends, regular or otherwise, paid on the Index Components are treated as reinvested in the Index and reflected in the Index level.

Closing Levels of the Index

The graph below provides historical closing levels of the Index from July 8, 2010 to July 8, 2015.

Any historical upward or downward trend in the level of the Index during any period shown below is not an indication that the level of the Index is more or less likely to increase or decrease at any time during the term of the Securities. **The historical performance of the Index should not be taken as an indication of the future performance of the Index. We cannot give you any assurance that the future performance of the Index or the Index Components will result in the return of any of your initial investment.**

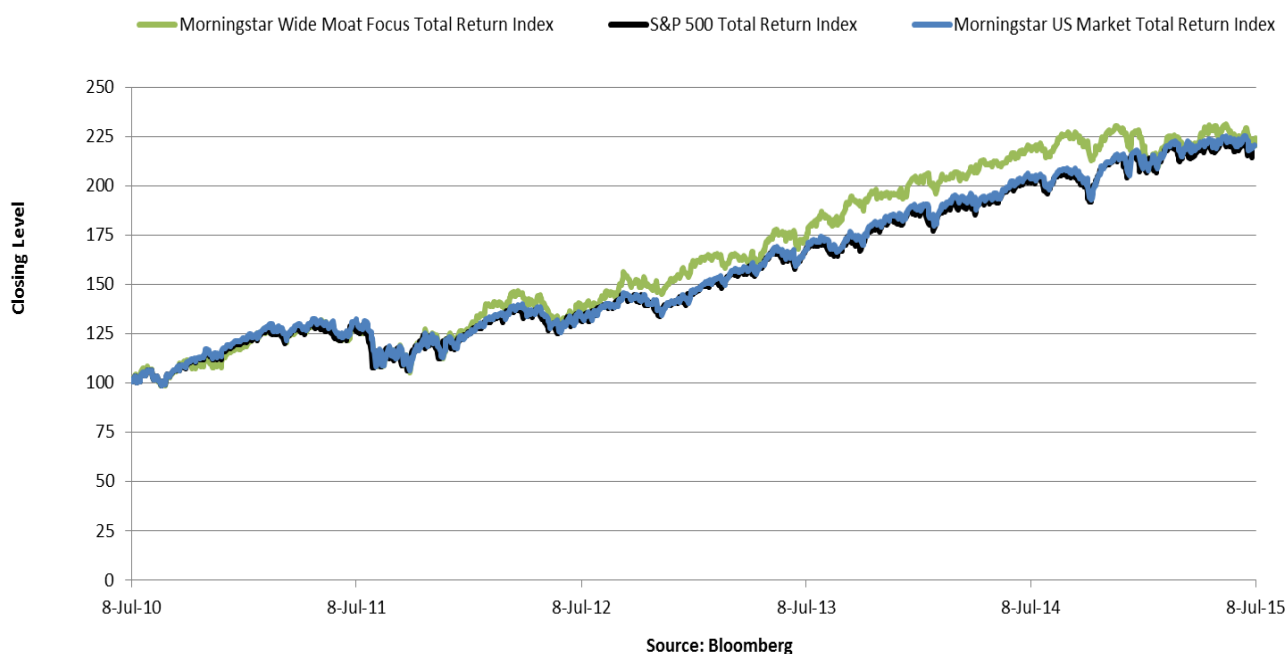
Historical Performance of the Morningstar® Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index from July 8, 2010 to July 8, 2015



Historical Performance Comparison

The following graph illustrates how the Index has performed relative to the S&P 500® Total Return Index and the Morningstar® US Market Total Return Index from July 8, 2010 to July 8, 2015 based on the selection criteria and methodology described on the previous page. For the purposes of comparison, each index is rebased to 100 as of July 8, 2010. **We cannot give you any assurance that the performance of the Index will exceed the performance of the S&P® 500 Total Return Index or the Morningstar® US Market Total Return Index on any given day in the future nor can we give you any assurance that the Index will not significantly underperform the S&P 500® Total Return Index or the Morningstar® US Market Total Return Index. The historical performance of the Index should not be taken as an indication of future performance of the Index. We cannot give you any assurance that the future performance of the Index or the Index Components will result in the return of any of your initial investment.**

Historical Performance of the Morningstar® Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index, the S&P 500® Total Return Index and the Morningstar® US Market Total Return Index from July 8, 2010 to July 8, 2015



Use of the Index

MLPF&S has entered into an agreement with the Index Sponsor providing MLPF&S with a license and, for a fee, with the right to use the Index in connection with certain securities, including the Securities. Pursuant to such agreement and the consent of MLPF&S, we are authorized to use the Index in connection with the Securities.

The Securities are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by the Index Sponsor (including its affiliates). The Index Sponsor has not passed on the legality or suitability of, or the accuracy or adequacy of descriptions and disclosures relating to the Securities. The Index Sponsor makes no representation or warranty, express or implied to the owners of the Securities or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the Securities particularly, or the ability of the Index to track general stock market performance. The Index Sponsor has no obligation to take the needs of Deutsche Bank or the holders of the Securities into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the Index. The Index Sponsor is not responsible for and has not participated in the determination of the timing of, prices at, or quantities of the Securities to be issued or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the Securities are to be converted into cash. The Index Sponsor has no liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Securities.

THE INDEX SPONSOR DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS AND/OR THE TIMELINESS OF THE INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN AND THE INDEX SPONSOR SHALL HAVE NO LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS OR INTERRUPTIONS THEREIN. THE INDEX SPONSOR MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY DEUTSCHE BANK, HOLDERS OF THE SECURITIES, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF THE INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. THE INDEX SPONSOR MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL THE INDEX SPONSOR HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY LOST PROFITS OR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY THEREOF. THE LICENSING AGREEMENT BETWEEN MLPF&S AND THE INDEX SPONSOR, INC. IS SOLELY FOR THEIR BENEFIT AND NOT FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE OWNERS OF THE SECURITIES.

VALUATION OF THE SECURITIES

The market value of the Securities will be affected by several factors, many of which are beyond our control. We expect that generally the level of the Index on any day will affect the market value of the Securities more than any other factor. Other factors that may influence the market value of the Securities include, but are not limited to, supply and demand for the Securities, including changes in supply related to inventory positions with any market maker and our decisions about whether or when to issue additional Securities, the volatility of the Index, prevailing interest rates, the volatility of securities markets, economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events that affect the level of the Index, the general interest rate environment, as well as the perceived creditworthiness of Deutsche Bank. See “Risk Factors” in this pricing supplement for a discussion of the factors that may influence the market value of the Securities prior to maturity.

Daily Repurchase Value

We refer to the amount you will be entitled to receive upon any early repurchase per Security as the “daily repurchase value.” The daily repurchase value reflects the principal amount of the Securities and the performance of the Index from the inception date to the close of trading on the applicable valuation date, reduced by the investor fee on such trading day. If you elect to offer your Securities for repurchase, and the requirements for acceptance by Deutsche Bank are met, you will receive a cash payment in an amount equal to the daily repurchase value, which is the principal amount of your Securities to be repurchased *times* the index factor on the applicable valuation date *times* the fee factor on the applicable valuation date. The Calculation Agent expects to calculate and publish the daily repurchase value of your Securities after the close of trading on each trading day at www.elementsetn.com. Information included in such website is not incorporated by reference in, and should not be considered a part of, this pricing supplement, and we have not participated in the preparation of, or verified, such publically available information.

As discussed in “Specific Terms of the Securities—Payment Upon Repurchase,” you may, subject to certain restrictions, offer your Securities for repurchase by Deutsche Bank on any business day during the term of the Securities. If you elect to offer your Securities to Deutsche Bank for repurchase, you must offer at least \$2,500,000 stated principal amount of Securities (250,000 Securities) at one time for repurchase by Deutsche Bank. The last valuation date for which you may submit an offer for repurchase (which offer must be delivered to DBSI no later than 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding such valuation date) is October 4, 2022. Unless the scheduled repurchase date is postponed due to a market disruption event as described herein, the final day on which Deutsche Bank will repurchase your Securities will be October 7, 2022. If you offer your Securities for repurchase on a particular repurchase date, you will receive a cash payment on such date in an amount equal to the daily repurchase value on the relevant valuation date.

Intraday Indicative Security Value

We also calculate and publish during each trading day an intraday indicative security value, which is meant to approximate the economic value of the Securities at any given time during the trading day. It is calculated using the same formula as the daily repurchase value, except that instead of using the closing level of the Index, the calculation is based on the intraday level of the Index at the particular time. In calculating the intraday indicative security value at any given time, the Calculation Agent will take into account the principal amount of the Securities, the performance of the Index from the inception date to such time and the deduction of the investor fee in accordance with the following equation:

$$\text{Intraday Indicative Security Value} = \frac{\text{Stated Principal Amount per Security} \times (\text{Current Index Level} / \text{Initial Index Level}) \times \text{Current Fee Factor}}{1}$$

where:

Stated Principal Amount per Security = \$10;

Current Index Level = The most recent published level of the Index available;

Initial Index Level = 2,646.02, the closing level of the Index on the inception date; and

Current Fee Factor = The most recent daily calculation of the fee factor with respect to your Securities, determined as described above (which, during any trading day, will be the fee factor determined on the preceding calendar day).

The intraday indicative security value is not the same as the trading price of the Securities and is not a price at which you can buy or sell the Securities in the secondary market. **The trading price of the Securities at any time may vary significantly from their intraday indicative security value.** Investors can compare the trading price of the Securities against the intraday indicative security value to determine whether the Securities are trading in the secondary market at a premium or a discount to the economic value of the Securities at any given time. Investors are cautioned that paying a premium purchase price over the intraday indicative security value at any time could lead to the loss of any premium in the event the investor sells the Securities when the premium is no longer present in the marketplace or when the Securities are repurchased by us. It is also possible that the Securities will trade in the secondary market at a discount below the intraday indicative security value and that investors would receive less than the intraday indicative security value if they had to sell their Securities in the market at such time.

The Calculation Agent will publish the intraday indicative security value under the Bloomberg symbol WMWIV. Additionally, the Calculation Agent expects to calculate and publish the daily repurchase value of your Securities after the close of trading on each trading day at www.elementsetn.com.

SPECIFIC TERMS OF THE SECURITIES

In this section, references to “holders” mean those who own the Securities registered in their own names, on the books that we or the trustee maintain for this purpose, and not those who own beneficial interests in the Securities registered in street name or in the Securities issued in book-entry form through The Depository Trust Company or another depository. Owners of beneficial interests in the Securities should read the section entitled “Description of Notes—Form, Legal Ownership and Denomination of Notes” in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

The accompanying prospectus and prospectus supplement contain a detailed summary of additional provisions of the Securities and of the senior indenture, dated as of November 22, 2006, among Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, as trustee (referred to as the trustee), and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as paying agent, issuing agent and registrar, under which the Securities will be issued (as may be amended and supplemented from time to time, the “indenture”). You should read all the provisions of the accompanying prospectus and prospectus supplement, including information incorporated by reference, and the indenture.

Please note that the information about the price to the public and the proceeds to Deutsche Bank on the front cover of this pricing supplement relates only to the initial sale of the Securities. If you have purchased the Securities after the initial sale, information about the price and date of sale to you will be provided in a separate confirmation of sale.

No Interest

We will not make any interest payments during the term of the Securities.

Denomination/Stated Principal Amount

The denomination and stated principal amount of each Security is \$10.00. The Securities have been and may be issued and sold over time at prices based on the intraday indicative security value of such Securities at such times, which may be significantly higher or lower than the stated principal amount.

Payment at Maturity

If you hold your Securities to maturity, subject to the credit of the Issuer, you will receive a cash payment at maturity that is linked to the percentage change in the level of the Index from the inception date to the level calculated on the final valuation date. Your cash payment at maturity will be equal to the principal amount of your Securities *times* the index factor calculated on the final valuation date *times* the fee factor on the final valuation date.

The index factor calculated on the final valuation date will equal the average of the closing levels of the Index for the five trading days immediately prior to and including the final valuation date (the “calculation period”) *divided by* the initial index level. The initial index level is the closing level of the Index on the inception date. If a market disruption event occurs and is occurring during the calculation period, then the Calculation Agent will postpone the final valuation date until there are five trading days on which there is no market disruption event occurring, but in no event will the final valuation date be postponed by more than five scheduled trading days. If there are fewer than five trading days during the calculation period and the five scheduled trading days after the calculation period (the “extended valuation period”), the index factor will equal the average of the closing levels of the Index on those trading days *divided by* the initial index level. If there is one trading day during the calculation period and extended valuation period, the index factor will equal the closing level of the Index on that trading day *divided by* the initial index level. If there are no trading days during the calculation period and extended valuation period, then the index factor will be calculated by reference to the closing level of the Index determined (or, if not determinable, estimated by the Calculation Agent in a manner which it considers commercially reasonable under the circumstances) on the final scheduled trading day in the extended valuation period. If the final valuation date is postponed due to a market disruption event as described above, the maturity date will also be postponed by an equal number of business days up to five business days.

The fee factor is equal to one minus the product of (i) the annual investor fee and (ii) the number of days elapsed from the inception date to and including the final valuation date *divided by* 365. The annual investor fee is equal to 0.75%.

If the maturity date stated on the cover of this pricing supplement is not a business day, the maturity date will be the next following business day. In the event that payment at maturity is deferred beyond the stated maturity date as provided herein, no interest or other amount will accrue or be payable with respect to that deferred payment.

Payment Upon Repurchase

Prior to maturity, you may, subject to certain restrictions, offer your Securities for repurchase by Deutsche Bank on any business day during the term of the Securities. If you choose to offer your Securities for repurchase, you must offer at least \$2,500,000 stated principal amount of Securities (250,000 Securities) to Deutsche Bank for repurchase on any repurchase date. A repurchase date is the third business day following a valuation date. The last valuation date for which you may submit an offer for repurchase (which offer must be delivered to DBSI no later than 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding such valuation date) is October 4, 2022. Unless the scheduled repurchase date is postponed due to a market disruption event as described herein, the final day on which Deutsche Bank will repurchase your Securities will be October 7, 2022.

If you offer at least \$2,500,000 stated principal amount of Securities (250,000 Securities) to Deutsche Bank for repurchase and comply with the repurchase procedures described below for a repurchase date, Deutsche Bank will be obligated to repurchase your Securities, and on the repurchase date, you will receive a cash payment in an amount equal to the daily repurchase value, which is the principal amount of your Securities *times* the index factor on the relevant valuation date *times* the fee factor on the relevant valuation date.

The index factor on the relevant valuation date is the closing level of the Index on that day *divided by* the initial index level. The initial index level is the closing level of the Index on the inception date.

The fee factor is equal to one minus the product of (i) the annual investor fee and (ii) the number of days elapsed from the inception date to and including the applicable valuation date *divided by* 365. The annual investor fee is equal to 0.75%.

A valuation date is each trading day from October 25, 2007 to October 4, 2022 inclusive and October 18, 2022 (which is referred to as the final valuation date), unless the Calculation Agent determines that a market disruption event occurs or is continuing on that day. A valuation date may be postponed due to a market disruption event up to five scheduled trading days. If postponement of a valuation date due to a market disruption event occurs, such postponement will continue until the next trading day on which there is no market disruption event, up to five scheduled trading days. If a market disruption event causes the postponement of the valuation date for more than five scheduled trading days, the level of the Index for such repurchase date will be determined (or, if not determinable, estimated) by the Calculation Agent in a manner which it considers commercially reasonable under the circumstances on such valuation date, as postponed. If a valuation date is postponed, the corresponding repurchase date will also be postponed so that such repurchase date occurs on the third business day following the valuation date as postponed.

In the event that payment upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank is deferred beyond the original repurchase date as provided herein, no interest or other amount will accrue or be payable with respect to that deferred payment.

The Securities are not redeemable at the option of Deutsche Bank.

Repurchase Procedures

If you wish to offer your Securities to Deutsche Bank for repurchase, you and your broker must follow the following procedures:

- your broker must deliver an irrevocable Offer for Repurchase, a form of which is attached as Annex A to this pricing supplement, to DBSI by 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the valuation date three business days prior to the applicable repurchase date. You must offer at least \$2,500,000 stated principal amount of your Securities (250,000 Securities) for repurchase by Deutsche Bank on any repurchase date. DBSI must acknowledge receipt from your broker in order for your offer to be effective;
- your broker must book a delivery vs. payment trade with respect to your Securities on the applicable valuation date at a price equal to the applicable daily repurchase value, facing DBSI; and
- you must cause your DTC custodian to deliver the trade as booked for settlement via DTC at or prior to 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the applicable repurchase date (the third business following the valuation date).

Different brokers and DTC participants may have different deadlines for accepting instructions from their customers. Accordingly, you should consult the brokerage firm or other DTC participant through which you own your interest in the Securities in respect of such deadlines. If DBSI does not receive your offer for repurchase from your broker or DTC participant by 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the applicable valuation date, your offer will not be effective and we will not accept your offer to us to repurchase your Securities on the applicable repurchase date. Any repurchase instructions which we receive in accordance with the procedures described above will be irrevocable.

Market Disruption Event

As set forth under “—Payment at Maturity” and “—Payment Upon Repurchase” above, the Calculation Agent will determine the level of the Index on each valuation date, including the final valuation date. As described above, a valuation date may be postponed and thus the determination of the level of the Index may be postponed if the Calculation Agent determines that, on a valuation date, a market disruption event has occurred or is continuing.

Any of the following will be a market disruption event as determined by the Calculation Agent:

- any suspension of, absence or material limitation on trading on the primary exchange on which the Index Components trade as determined by the Calculation Agent (without taking into account any extended or after-hours trading session), in 20% or more of the number of stocks that then compose the Index or any successor index;
- any event that disrupts or impairs (as determined by the Calculation Agent) the ability of market participants in general to effect transactions in, or obtain market values for 20% or more of the number of stocks that then compose the Index or any successor index;
- a breakdown or failure in the price and trade reporting systems of any relevant exchange as a result of which the reported trading prices for stocks then constituting 20% or more of the number of stocks that then compose the Index or any successor index during the one hour preceding the close of the principal trading session on such relevant exchange are materially inaccurate;
- if in the future, such markets become relevant to the calculation or hedging of the Index, any suspension of or material limitation on trading on the primary exchanges that trade options contracts or futures contracts related to the Index Components as determined by the Calculation Agent (without taking into account any extended or after-hours trading session), whether by reason of movements in price otherwise exceeding levels permitted by the relevant exchange or otherwise, in option contracts or futures contracts related to the Index, or any successor index; or
- any other event if the Calculation Agent determines that such event materially interferes with our ability to enter into a hedge or unwind all or a material portion of a hedge with respect to the Securities that we have effected or may effect as described below under “Use of Proceeds and Hedging” in this pricing supplement.

For the purpose of determining whether a market disruption event has occurred:

- a limitation on the hours in a trading day and/or number of days of trading will not constitute a market disruption event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the relevant exchange;
- a decision to permanently discontinue trading in the relevant futures or options contracts related to the Index, or any successor index, will not constitute a market disruption event;
- a suspension in trading in a futures or options contract on the Index, or any successor index, by a major securities market by reason of (a) a price change violating limits set by that securities market, (b) an imbalance of orders relating to those contracts or (c) a disparity in bid and ask quotes relating to those contracts will constitute a suspension of or material limitation on trading in futures or options contracts related to the Index;
- a suspension of or material limitation on trading on the relevant exchange will not include any time when that exchange is closed for trading under ordinary circumstances; and
- for the purpose of the first bullet of this section above, any limitations on trading during significant market fluctuations under NYSE Rule 80B, or any applicable rule or regulation enacted or promulgated by the

NYSE or any other self-regulatory organization or the Securities and Exchange Commission of similar scope as determined by the Calculation Agent, will be considered “material.”

Default Amount on Acceleration

If an event of default occurs and the maturity of the Securities is accelerated, we will pay the default amount in respect of the principal of each Security at maturity. We describe the default amount below under “—Default Amount.”

For the purpose of determining whether the holders of our Series A global notes, of which the Securities are a part, are entitled to take any action under the indenture, we will treat the stated principal amount of each Security outstanding as the principal amount of that Security. Although the terms of the Securities may differ from those of the other Series A global notes, holders of specified percentages in principal amount of all Series A global notes, together in some cases with other series of our debt securities, will be able to take action affecting all the Series A global notes, including the Securities. This action may involve changing some of the terms that apply to the Series A global notes, accelerating the maturity of the Series A global notes after a default or waiving some of our obligations under the indenture.

Default Amount

If a holder of a Security accelerates the maturity of the Security upon an event of default under the indenture referenced in the accompanying prospectus supplement, the amount payable upon acceleration will be the daily repurchase value determined by the Calculation Agent on the next valuation date.

Further Issuances

We may, from time to time, without your consent, create and issue additional Securities having the same terms and conditions as the Securities offered by this pricing supplement. Such additional Securities will be fungible with the outstanding Securities. However, we are under no obligation to issue and sell additional Securities at any time, and if we do sell additional Securities, we may limit such sales and stop selling additional Securities at any time. Furthermore, you should be aware that, unless we indicate otherwise, if we suspend selling additional Securities, we reserve the right to resume selling additional Securities at any time. See “Risk Factors — There May Not Be an Active Trading Market in the Securities; Sales in the Secondary Market May Result in Significant Losses” and “—We May Issue and Sell Additional Securities From Time to Time But We Are Under No Obligation to Do So. Any Limitation or Suspension on the Issuance of the Securities May Materially and Adversely Affect the Price and Liquidity of the Securities in the Secondary Market and May Cause the Securities to Trade at a Premium or Discount in Relation to Their Intraday Indicative Security Value.”

Discontinuance or Modification of the Index

If the Index Sponsor discontinues compilation or publication of the Index and the Index Sponsor or any other person or entity (including Merrill Lynch & Co. and Deutsche Bank) calculates and publishes an index that the Calculation Agent determines is comparable to the Index and approves as a successor index, then the Calculation Agent will determine the level of the Index on the applicable valuation date and the amount payable at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank by reference to such successor index for the period following the discontinuation of the Index.

If the Calculation Agent determines that the publication of the Index is discontinued and that there is no applicable successor index, or that the closing level of the Index is not available because of a market disruption event or for any other reason, on the date on which the level of the Index is required to be determined, or if for any other reason the Index is not available to us or the Calculation Agent on the relevant date, the Calculation Agent will determine the amount payable by a computation methodology that the Calculation Agent determines will as closely as reasonably possible replicate the Index.

If the Calculation Agent determines that the Index, the Index Components or the method of calculating the Index has been changed at any time in any respect—including any addition, deletion or substitution and any reweighting or rebalancing of Index Components, and whether the change is made by the Index Sponsor under its existing policies or following a modification of those policies, is due to the publication of a successor index, is due to events affecting one or more of the Index Components, or is due to any other reason—then the Calculation Agent will be permitted (but not required) to make such adjustments to the Index or method of calculating the Index as it believes are appropriate to ensure that the level of the Index used to determine the amount payable on the maturity date or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank is equitable.

All determinations and adjustments to be made by the Calculation Agent with respect to the level of the Index and the amount payable at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank or otherwise relating to the level of the Index may be made in the Calculation Agent's sole discretion. See "Risk Factors" in this pricing supplement for a discussion of certain conflicts of interest which may arise with respect to the Calculation Agent.

Manner of Payment and Delivery

Any payment on or delivery of the Securities at maturity will be made to accounts designated by you and approved by us, or at the office of the trustee in New York City, but only when the Securities are surrendered to the trustee at that office. We also may make any payment or delivery in accordance with the applicable procedures of the depository.

Role of Calculation Agent

Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch will serve as the Calculation Agent. The Calculation Agent will, in its sole discretion, make all determinations regarding the value of the Securities, including at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank, market disruption events (see "—Market Disruption Events"), business days, trading days, the fee factor, the index factor, the default amount, the initial index level, the final index level, the closing level of the Index on any valuation date, the maturity date, repurchase dates, the amount payable in respect of your Securities at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank and any other calculations or determinations to be made by the Calculation Agent as specified herein. The Calculation Agent will rely upon the published level of the Index. If the Index Sponsor discontinues compilation or publication of the Index, the Calculation Agent may designate a successor index selected in its sole discretion and shall be solely responsible for determining the value of the Securities based on its calculation of such successor index. Absent manifest error, all determinations of the Calculation Agent will be final and binding on you and us, without any liability on the part of the Calculation Agent. You will not be entitled to any compensation from us for any loss suffered as a result of any of the above determinations by the Calculation Agent.

CLEARANCE AND SETTLEMENT

Depository Trust Company ("DTC") participants that hold the Securities through DTC on behalf of investors will follow the settlement practices applicable to equity securities in DTC's settlement system with respect to the primary distribution of the Securities and secondary market trading between DTC participants.

USE OF PROCEEDS AND HEDGING

We will use the net proceeds we receive from the sale of the Securities for the purposes we describe in the attached prospectus under "Use of Proceeds."

We, through our affiliates, have entered into and expect to continue to enter into transactions to hedge our obligations under the Securities. Such transactions may involve purchases of the Index Components or instruments linked to the Index. From time to time, we may enter into additional hedging transactions or unwind those hedging transactions previously entered into. In this regard, we may:

- acquire or dispose of long or short positions in some or all of the Index Components;
- acquire or dispose of long or short positions in listed or over-the-counter options, futures, or other instruments linked to some or all of the Index Components or the Index;
- acquire or dispose of long or short positions in listed or over-the-counter options, futures, or other instruments linked to the level of other similar market indices; or
- engage in any combination of the above activities.

We may acquire a long or short position in securities similar to the Securities from time to time and may, in our or their sole discretion, hold or resell those securities.

We may close out our hedge positions on or before the final valuation date. That step may involve sales or purchases of the Index Components, listed or over-the-counter options or futures on Index Components or listed or over-the-counter options, futures, or other instruments linked to the level of the Index, as well as other indices designed to track the performance of the Index.

The hedging activity discussed above may adversely affect the level of the Index and, as a consequence, the market value of the Securities and the amount payable at maturity or upon repurchase by Deutsche Bank. See

“Risk Factors” in this pricing supplement for a discussion of possible adverse effects related to our hedging activities.

U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following discussion constitutes the full opinion of our special tax counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, regarding the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the Securities. It applies to you only if you hold the Securities as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code"). It does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances, including alternative minimum tax and "Medicare contribution tax" consequences, and different consequences that may apply if you are an investor subject to special rules, such as a financial institution, a regulated investment company, a tax-exempt entity (including an "individual retirement account" or a "Roth IRA"), a dealer in securities, a trader in securities who elects to apply a mark-to-market method of tax accounting, an entity classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or a person holding a Security as a part of a "straddle."

We will not attempt to ascertain whether any issuer of a component stock is treated as a "United States real property holding corporation" (a "USRPHC") within the meaning of Section 897 of the Code. If an issuer of a component stock were so treated, certain adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences might apply to a non-U.S. holder upon a disposition of a Security, including at maturity. You should refer to information filed with the SEC by the issuer of a component stock and consult your tax adviser regarding the possible consequences to you if an issuer of a component stock is or becomes a USRPHC.

Tax Treatment of the Securities

In the opinion of our special tax counsel, which is based on prevailing market conditions as of the date of this pricing supplement, it is more likely than not that the Securities will be treated as prepaid financial contracts that are not debt for U.S. federal income tax purposes, with the consequences described below. We do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS, and the IRS or a court might not agree with this treatment, in which case the timing and character of income or loss on your Securities could be materially and adversely affected.

This discussion is based on the Code, administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and final, temporary and proposed Treasury regulations, all as of the date of this pricing supplement, changes to any of which subsequent to the date hereof may affect the tax consequences described below, possibly with retroactive effect. It does not address the application of any state, local or non-U.S. tax laws. **You should consult your tax adviser concerning the application of U.S. federal income tax laws to your particular situation (including the possibility of alternative treatments of the Securities), as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. jurisdictions.** Unless otherwise stated, the following discussion is based on the treatment of the Securities as prepaid financial contracts that are not debt.

Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders

You are a "U.S. holder" if, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you are a beneficial owner of a Security and are: (i) a citizen or resident of the United States; (ii) a corporation, or other entity taxable as a corporation, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any State therein or the District of Columbia; or (iii) an estate or trust the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

Treatment as a Prepaid Financial Contract That Is Not Debt

Under this treatment, you should not recognize taxable income or loss with respect to a Security prior to its taxable disposition (including a repurchase or redemption by us). Upon a taxable disposition of a Security, you will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount you realize and your tax basis in the Security. Your tax basis in the Security should equal the amount you paid to acquire it. Your gain or loss should be capital gain or loss, and should be long-term capital gain or loss if you have held the Security for more than one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Uncertainties Regarding Treatment as a Prepaid Financial Contract That Is Not Debt

Due to the lack of direct legal authority, even if a Security is treated as a prepaid financial contract that is not debt, there remain substantial uncertainties regarding the tax consequences of owning and disposing of it. For instance, you might be required to include amounts in income during the term of the Security and/or to treat all or a portion of your gain or loss on its taxable disposition as ordinary income or loss or as short-term capital gain or loss, without regard to how long you have held it. In particular, it is possible that any change in the composition or weighting of the Index, change in methodology of calculating the Index or substitution of a successor index could

result in a “deemed” taxable exchange, causing you to recognize gain or loss (subject, in the case of loss, to the possible application of the “wash sale” rules) as if you had sold or exchanged the Security.

In 2007, the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of “prepaid forward contracts” and similar instruments. The notice focuses in particular on whether beneficial owners of these instruments should be required to accrue income over the term of their investment. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including the character of income or loss with respect to these instruments; the relevance of factors such as the exchange-traded status of the instruments; the nature of the underlying property to which the instruments are linked; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the “constructive ownership” regime, which very generally can operate to recharacterize certain long-term capital gain as ordinary income and impose a notional interest charge. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of your investment in a Security, possibly with retroactive effect.

Consequences if a Security Is Treated as a Debt Instrument

If a Security is treated as a debt instrument, your tax consequences will be governed by Treasury regulations relating to the taxation of contingent payment debt instruments. In that event, even if you are a cash-method taxpayer, in each year that you hold the Security you will be required to accrue into income “original issue discount” based on our “comparable yield” for a similar non-contingent debt instrument, determined as of the time of issuance of the Security, even though we will not be required to make any payment with respect to the Security prior to its maturity or earlier repurchase or redemption by us. In addition, any income you recognize upon the taxable disposition of the Security will be treated as ordinary in character. If you recognize a loss above certain thresholds, you could be required to file a disclosure statement with the IRS.

Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders

You generally are a “non-U.S. holder” if, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you are a beneficial owner of a Security and are: (i) a nonresident alien individual; (ii) an entity treated as a foreign corporation; or (iii) a foreign estate or trust.

This discussion does not describe considerations applicable to a beneficial owner of a Security who is (i) an individual present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition of the Security or (ii) a former citizen or resident of the United States, if certain conditions apply. If you are a potential investor to whom such considerations might be relevant, you should consult your tax adviser.

Subject to the discussion below under “—Additional Withholding Tax Considerations” and “—‘FATCA’ Legislation,” if a Security is treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a prepaid financial contract that is not debt, any gain you realize with respect to the Security generally should not be subject to U.S. federal withholding or income tax, unless the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States. However, as described above under “—Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders—Uncertainties Regarding Treatment as a Prepaid Financial Contract That Is Not Debt,” in 2007 the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of “prepaid forward contracts” and similar instruments. The notice focuses, among other things, on the degree, if any, to which income realized with respect to such instruments by non-U.S. persons should be subject to withholding tax. It is possible that any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues might require you to accrue income, subject to withholding tax, in each year that you own the Security, possibly on a retroactive basis.

Subject to the discussion below under “—Additional Withholding Tax Considerations” and “—‘FATCA’ Legislation,” if a Security is treated as a debt instrument, any income or gain you realize with respect to the Security will not be subject to U.S. federal withholding or income tax if (i) you provide a properly completed Form W-8 appropriate to your circumstances and (ii) these amounts are not effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States.

If you are engaged in a trade or business in the United States, and income or gain from a Security is effectively connected with your conduct of that trade or business (and, if an applicable treaty so requires, is attributable to a permanent establishment in the United States), you generally will be taxed in the same manner as a U.S. holder. If this paragraph applies to you, you should consult your tax adviser with respect to other U.S. tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the Security, including the possible imposition of a 30% branch profits tax if you are a corporation.

Additional Withholding Tax Considerations

Proposed Treasury regulations under Section 871(m) of the Code, if finalized in their current form, could impose withholding after December 31, 2015 on non-U.S. holders at a rate of 30% (or lower treaty rate) on amounts treated as attributable to dividends from U.S. stocks underlying financial instruments such as the Securities ("dividend equivalents"). Pursuant to published guidance, these regulations are not expected to apply to "grandfathered" Securities issued prior to the date that is 90 days after the future date that final regulations are published. You should assume that any Securities you purchase on or after such 90th day will not be grandfathered, because there is unlikely to be a practical way to establish the issue date of the Securities you purchase. There are material uncertainties regarding the application of these proposed rules. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the potential application of these proposed regulations. We will not pay additional amounts with respect to any such withholding taxes.

"FATCA" Legislation

Legislation commonly referred to as "FATCA" generally imposes a withholding tax of 30% on payments to certain non-U.S. entities (including financial intermediaries) with respect to certain financial instruments, unless various U.S. information reporting and due diligence requirements have been satisfied. Pursuant to Treasury regulations and other published guidance, this legislation generally will apply to (1) any instrument issued after June 30, 2014 that produces U.S.-source interest income for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and (2) any instrument issued more than six months after the date on which instruments such as the Securities are first treated as giving rise to dividend equivalents. As noted above, you should assume for this purpose that a Security will be treated as issued on the date you acquire it. Withholding (if applicable) would apply to payments of interest (if the relevant Security were treated as a debt instrument), dividend equivalents (even if the relevant Security were not treated as a debt instrument) and, if the relevant Security were treated as paying interest or dividend equivalents, gross proceeds from the taxable disposition after December 31, 2016 of the relevant Security.

If withholding applies to the Securities, we will not be required to pay any additional amounts with respect to amounts withheld. Both U.S. and non-U.S. holders should consult their tax advisers regarding the potential application of FATCA to the Securities.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Cash proceeds received from a disposition of a Security may be subject to information reporting, and may also be subject to backup withholding at the rate specified in the Code unless you provide certain identifying information (such as a correct taxpayer identification number, if you are a U.S. holder) and otherwise satisfy the requirements of the backup withholding rules. If you are a non-U.S. holder and you provide a properly completed Form W-8 appropriate to your circumstances, you will generally establish an exemption from backup withholding. Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules are not additional taxes and may be refunded or credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the required information is furnished to the IRS.

SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION (CONFLICTS OF INTEREST)

We sold 600,000 Securities on the inception date through MLPF&S and one or more agents or dealers at their stated principal amount of \$10.00 each. Additional Securities have been and may continue to be offered and sold from time to time, at prevailing prices at the time of sale. It is expected that such additional Securities will be offered through our affiliate, DBSI, acting as our agent, to investors and to dealers acting as principals for resale to investors. We will receive proceeds equal to 100% of the offering price of Securities sold after the inception date.

We may deliver Securities against payment therefor on a date that is greater than three business days following the date of sale of any Securities. Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days, unless parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to transact in Securities that are to be issued more than three business days after the related trade date will be required to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement.

MLPF&S and each dealer in the initial distribution charged, and DBSI and any other agent and dealer in any subsequent distribution are expected to charge normal commissions for the purchase of the Securities.

Broker-dealers may make a market in the Securities, although none of them are obligated to do so and any of them may stop doing so at any time without notice. This prospectus (including this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and prospectus) may be used by such dealers in connection with market-making transactions. In these transactions, dealers may resell a Security covered by this prospectus that they acquire from us or from other holders after the original offering and sale of the Securities, or they may sell a Security covered by this prospectus in short sale transactions.

Broker-dealers and other persons are cautioned that some of their activities may result in their being deemed participants in the distribution of the Securities in a manner that would render them statutory underwriters and subject them to the prospectus delivery and liability provisions of the Securities Act. Among other activities, broker-dealers and other persons may make short sales of the Securities that would be covered by this prospectus if they or those other persons were to cover such short positions by borrowing Securities from us or our affiliates or by purchasing Securities from us or our affiliates, whether or not subject to our obligation to repurchase such Securities at a later date. As a result of these activities, these market participants may be deemed statutory underwriters. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued at any time. A determination of whether a particular market participant is an underwriter must take into account all the facts and circumstances pertaining to the activities of the participant in the particular case, and the example mentioned above should not be considered a complete description of all the activities that would lead to designation as an underwriter and subject a market participant to the prospectus-delivery and liability provisions of the Securities Act. This prospectus will be deemed to cover any long or short sales of Securities by market participants who cover their long or short positions with Securities borrowed or acquired from us or our affiliates in the manner described above.

We have retained MLPF&S, a FINRA member, to provide certain services relating to the distribution of the Securities. MLPF&S and its affiliates will be paid a fee for their services, from the investor fee, equal to 0.36% per annum. DBSI will also provide certain services relating to distributions of the Securities after the inception date. Although DBSI will not receive discounts or commissions in connection with such services, DBSI is expected to charge normal commissions for the purchase of the Securities.

We own, directly or indirectly, all of the outstanding equity securities of DBSI. The net proceeds received from the sales of Securities will be used, in part, by DBSI or one of its affiliates in connection with hedging our obligations under the Securities. Because DBSI is both our affiliate and a member of FINRA, any distribution of the Securities in which DBSI participates must comply with the requirements of Rule 5121 of FINRA. In accordance with Rule 5121, DBSI may not make sales of the Securities to any of its discretionary accounts without the prior written approval of the customer.

We have entered into a license agreement with MLPF&S pursuant to which MLPF&S has licensed us to use certain of its intellectual property in connection with the Securities. In connection with this license agreement, MLPF&S will be paid a licensing fee, from the investor fee, equal to 0.15% per annum. The amount of the fees that represent underwriting compensation will not exceed a total of 8% of the proceeds to us from the Securities.

From time to time, MLPF&S and its affiliates have, and in the future may, engage in transactions with and perform services for us for which they have been, and may be, paid customary fees.

BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR CONSIDERATIONS

A fiduciary of a pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), including entities such as collective investment funds, partnerships and separate accounts whose underlying assets include the assets of such plans (collectively, "ERISA Plans") should consider the fiduciary standards of ERISA in the context of the ERISA Plan's particular circumstances before authorizing an investment in the Securities. Among other factors, the fiduciary should consider whether the investment would satisfy the prudence and diversification requirements of ERISA and would be consistent with the documents and instruments governing the ERISA Plan.

In addition to ERISA's general fiduciary standards, Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code prohibit ERISA Plans, as well as plans (including individual retirement accounts and Keogh plans) subject to Section 4975 of the Code (together with ERISA Plans, "Plans"), from engaging in certain transactions involving the "plan assets" of such Plans with persons who are "parties in interest" under ERISA or "disqualified persons" under Section 4975 of the Code (in either case, "Parties in Interest") with respect to such Plans unless exemptive relief is available under a statutory or administrative exemption. Such Parties in Interest could include, without limitation, us, DBSI, the Calculation Agent, the paying agent, issuing agent, authenticating agent and registrar or any of our or their respective affiliates. Parties in Interest that engage in a nonexempt prohibited transaction may be subject to excise taxes and other penalties and liabilities under ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code. Thus, a plan fiduciary considering an investment in the Securities should also consider whether such investment might constitute or give rise to a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code. For example, the Securities might be deemed to represent a direct or indirect sale of property, extension of credit or furnishing of services between a Party in Interest and an investing Plan which would be prohibited unless exemptive relief were available under an applicable exemption.

Certain prohibited transaction class exemptions ("PTCEs") issued by the U.S. Department of Labor may provide exemptive relief for direct or indirect prohibited transactions resulting from the purchase or holding of the Securities. Those class exemptions are PTCE 96-23 (for certain transactions determined by in-house asset managers), PTCE 95-60 (for certain transactions involving insurance company general accounts), PTCE 91-38 (for certain transactions involving bank collective investment funds), PTCE 90-1 (for certain transactions involving insurance company separate accounts) and PTCE 84-14 (for certain transactions determined by independent qualified asset managers). In addition, Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA and Section 4975(d)(20) of the Code may provide a limited exemption for the purchase and sale of the Securities and related lending transactions, provided that neither the Party in Interest nor any of its affiliates has or exercises any discretionary authority or control or renders any investment advice with respect to the assets of the Plan involved in the transaction, and provided further that the Plan pays no more, and receives no less, than adequate consideration in connection with the transaction (the so-called "service provider exemption"). There can be no assurance that any of these statutory or class exemptions will be available with respect to transactions involving the Securities.

Accordingly, unless otherwise provided in an applicable supplement, the Securities may not be purchased or held by any Plan, any entity whose underlying assets include "plan assets" by reason of any Plan's investment in the entity (a "Plan Asset Entity") or any person investing "plan assets" of any Plan, unless such purchaser or holder is eligible for exemptive relief, including relief available under PTCE 96-23, 95-60, 91-38, 90-1 or 84-14 or the service provider exemption.

The fiduciary investment considerations summarized above generally do not apply to governmental plans (as defined in Section 3(32) of ERISA), certain church plans (as defined in Section 3(33) of ERISA) and non-U.S. plans (as described in Section 4(b)(4) of ERISA) (collectively, "Non-ERISA Arrangements"). However, these Non-ERISA Arrangements may be subject to similar provisions under applicable federal, state, local, non-U.S. or other regulations, rules or laws ("Similar Laws"). The fiduciaries of plans subject to Similar Laws should also consider the foregoing issues in general terms as well as any further issues arising under any applicable Similar Laws.

Each purchaser or holder of the Securities or any interest therein shall be deemed to have represented and warranted, on each day such purchaser or holder holds such Securities, that either (a) it is not a Plan or a Non-ERISA Arrangement and it is not purchasing or holding such Securities on behalf of or with "plan assets" of any Plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement or (b) its purchase, holding and disposition of such Securities are eligible for exemptive relief under Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code and will not result in a violation of any Similar Law.

Due to the complexity of the applicable rules, it is particularly important that fiduciaries or other persons considering purchasing the Securities on behalf of any Plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement consult with their counsel prior to purchasing the Securities.

The Securities are contractual financial instruments. The financial exposure provided by the Securities is not a substitute or proxy for, and is not intended as a substitute or proxy for, individualized investment management or advice for the benefit of any purchaser or holder of the Securities. The Securities have not been designed and will not be administered in a manner intended to reflect the individualized needs and objectives of any purchaser or holder of the Securities.

Each purchaser or holder of any Securities acknowledges and agrees that:

- (i) the purchaser or holder or its fiduciary has made and shall make all investment decisions for the purchaser or holder and the purchaser or holder has not relied and shall not rely in any way upon us or any of our affiliates to act as a fiduciary or adviser of the purchaser or holder with respect to (A) the design and terms of the Securities, (B) the purchaser or holder's investment in the Securities, (C) the holding of the Securities, or (D) the exercise of or failure to exercise any rights we or our affiliate have under or with respect to the Securities;**
- (ii) we and our affiliates have acted and will act solely for our own account in connection with our obligations under the Securities;**
- (iii) any and all assets and positions relating to hedging transactions by us or any of our affiliates are assets and positions of those entities and are not assets and positions held for the benefit of the purchaser or holder;**
- (iv) our interests and the interests of our affiliates are adverse to the interests of the purchaser or holder; and**
- (v) neither we nor any of our affiliates is a fiduciary or adviser of the purchaser or holder in connection with any such assets, positions or transactions, and any information that we or any of our affiliates may provide is not intended to be impartial investment advice.**

Each purchaser and holder of the Securities has exclusive responsibility for ensuring that its purchase, holding and disposition of the Securities does not violate the fiduciary or prohibited transaction rules of ERISA, Section 4975 of the Code or any applicable Similar Laws. The sale of any Securities to any Plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement is in no respect a representation by us or any of our affiliates or representatives that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by Plans or Non-ERISA Arrangements generally or any particular Plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement, or that such an investment is appropriate for Plans or Non-ERISA Arrangements generally or any particular Plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement.

LEGAL MATTERS

Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP has acted as special counsel to the agents. Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP has in the past represented the Issuer and its affiliates and continues to represent the Issuer and its affiliates on a regular basis and in a variety of matters.

VALIDITY OF THE SECURITIES

In the opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, as special United States products counsel to the issuer, when the Securities offered by this pricing supplement have been executed and issued by the issuer and authenticated by the authenticating agent, acting on behalf of the trustee pursuant to the senior indenture, and delivered against payment as contemplated herein, such Securities will be valid and binding obligations of the issuer, enforceable in accordance with their terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applicability (including, without limitation, concepts of good faith, fair dealing and the lack of bad faith) and possible judicial applications giving effect to governmental actions or foreign laws affecting creditors' rights, provided that such counsel expresses no opinion as to the effect of fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer or similar provision of applicable law on the conclusions expressed above. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the laws of the State of New York. Insofar as this opinion involves matters governed by German law, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP has relied, without independent investigation, on the opinion of Group Legal Services of Deutsche Bank AG, dated as of July 31, 2015, filed as an exhibit to the opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, and this opinion is subject to the

same assumptions, qualifications and limitations with respect to such matters as are contained in such opinion of Group Legal Services of Deutsche Bank AG. In addition, this opinion is subject to customary assumptions about the trustee's authorization, execution and delivery of the senior indenture and the authentication of the Securities by the authenticating agent and the validity, binding nature and enforceability of the senior indenture with respect to the trustee, all as stated in the opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP dated July 31, 2015, which has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement.

FORM OF OFFER FOR REPURCHASE

[PART A: TO BE COMPLETED BY THE BENEFICIAL OWNER]

Dated:

Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., as Repurchase Agent ("DBSI")

Fax: 917-512-9226

Re: ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat Focus Total Return Index due October 24, 2022 issued by Deutsche Bank AG (the "Securities")

The undersigned beneficial owner hereby irrevocably offers to Deutsche Bank AG ("Deutsche Bank") the right to repurchase the Securities in the amounts and on the date set forth below.

Name of beneficial owner:

Stated principal amount of Securities offered for repurchase (You must offer at least 250,000 Securities (\$2,500,000 stated principal amount) for repurchase at one time for your offer to be valid.):

Applicable valuation date: _____, 20__

Applicable repurchase date: _____, 20__

Contact Name:

Telephone #:

My Securities are held in the following DTC Participant's Account (the following information is available from the broker through which you hold your Securities):

Name:

DTC Account Number (and any relevant sub-account):

Contact Name:

Telephone Number:

Acknowledgement: In addition to any other requirements specified in the Pricing Supplement being satisfied, I acknowledge that the Securities specified above will not be repurchased unless (i) this offer, as completed and signed by the DTC Participant through which my Securities are held (the "DTC Participant"), is delivered to DBSI by 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the applicable valuation date, (ii) the DTC Participant has booked a "delivery vs. payment" ("DVP") trade on the applicable valuation date facing DBSI, and (iii) the DTC Participant instructs DTC to deliver the DVP trade to DBSI as booked for settlement via DTC at or prior to 10:00 a.m. on the applicable repurchase date.

The undersigned acknowledges that Deutsche Bank and DBSI will not be responsible for any failure by the DTC Participant through which such undersigned's Securities are held to fulfill the requirements for repurchase set forth above.

 [Beneficial Owner]

PART B OF THIS NOTICE IS TO BE COMPLETED BY THE DTC PARTICIPANT IN WHOSE ACCOUNT THE SECURITIES ARE HELD AND DELIVERED TO DBSI BY 4:00 P.M., NEW YORK CITY TIME, ON THE BUSINESS DAYS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE APPLICABLE VALUATION DATE

BROKER'S CONFIRMATION OF REPURCHASE

[PART B: TO BE COMPLETED BY BROKER]

Dated:

Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., as Repurchase Agent

Re: ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar® Wide Moat Focus Total Return Index due October 24, 2022 issued by Deutsche Bank AG (the "Securities")

Dear Sirs:

The undersigned holder of ELEMENTSSM Linked to the Morningstar® Wide Moat Focus Total Return Index due October 24, 2022 issued by Deutsche Bank AG) CUSIP No. 25153Q 70 8 (the "Securities") hereby irrevocably offers to Deutsche Bank AG the right to repurchase, on the Repurchase Date of _____, with respect to the stated principal amount of Securities indicated below as described in the pricing supplement relating to the Securities (the "Pricing Supplement"). Terms not defined herein have the meanings given to such terms in the Pricing Supplement.

The undersigned certifies to you that it will (i) book a delivery vs. payment trade on the valuation date with respect to the stated principal amount of Securities specified below at a price per Security equal to the repurchase value, facing Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., DTC #0573 and (ii) deliver the trade as booked for settlement via DTC at or prior to 10:00 a.m., New York City time, on the repurchase date.

Very truly yours,

[NAME OF DTC PARTICIPANT HOLDER]

Contact Name:

Title:

Telephone:

Fax:

E-mail:

Stated principal amount of Securities offered for repurchase (You must offer at least 250,000 Securities (\$2,500,000 stated principal amount) for repurchase at one time for your offer to be valid.):

DTC # (and any relevant sub-account):



25,000,000

ELEMENTSSM

**Linked to the Morningstar[®] Wide Moat FocusSM Total Return Index
due October 24, 2022**

Pricing Supplement

July 31, 2015

Deutsche Bank Securities

BofA Merrill Lynch

As Agents for

Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch

ELEMENTSSM and  are service marks of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated

CUSIP Number: 25153Q708



Deutsche Bank AG Global Notes, Series A

We, Deutsche Bank AG, may offer and sell our global notes at one or more times. The specific terms of any notes that we offer and sell will be included in a term sheet, pricing supplement, underlying supplement and/or product supplement, as the case may be. We refer to such term sheets, pricing supplements, underlying supplements and product supplements generally as pricing supplements.

The notes will have the following general terms:

- The notes may bear interest at any time at either a fixed rate or a floating rate that varies during the lifetime of the relevant notes, which, in either case, may be zero. Floating rates will be based on rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement.
- The notes will pay interest, if any, on the dates stated in the applicable pricing supplement.
- The applicable pricing supplement will specify whether the notes will be denominated in U.S. dollars or some other currency.
- The notes will be held in global, book-entry form by The Depository Trust Company, unless the pricing supplement provides otherwise.

The pricing supplement may also specify that the notes will have additional terms, including the following:

- The notes may be optionally or mandatorily exchangeable for securities of ours or entities that are or are not affiliated with us, a basket or baskets of those securities, other property, or any combination of, or the cash value of, such securities or other property.
- The amount of principal or interest may be determined by reference to one or more currencies, commodities or securities of ours or entities that are or are not affiliated with us; or interest rates, or intangibles, articles, goods or any other property; or any other financial or economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances; and/or indices or baskets of any of these items, including baskets of indices.
- The notes may be either callable by us or puttable by you.

Investing in the notes involves risks. See “Risk Factors” beginning on page PS-5.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the notes or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus or any related pricing supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

These notes are our senior unsecured obligations. The notes are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.

Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. (“**DBSI**”) and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas (“**DBTCA**”), which are our affiliates, have agreed to use reasonable efforts to solicit offers to purchase these notes as our selling agents to the extent either or both is named in the applicable pricing supplement. DBSI may also act on a firm commitment basis, but only if so specified in the applicable pricing supplement. Certain other selling agents to be named in the applicable pricing supplement may also be used to solicit such offers on either a reasonable efforts or firm commitment basis. The agents may also purchase these notes as principal at prices to be agreed upon at the time of sale. The agents may resell any notes they purchase as principal at prevailing market prices, or at other prices, as the agents determine.

Because DBSI is both our affiliate and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (“**FINRA**”), each offering of notes by DBSI must be conducted in accordance with the applicable provisions of FINRA Rule 5121. For more information, see the “Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)” section of this prospectus supplement.

The agents may use this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, together with any pricing supplements, in connection with offers and sales of the notes in market-making transactions.

The date of this prospectus supplement is July 31, 2015.

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SUMMARY

The following summary describes the notes we are offering under this program in general terms only. You should read the summary together with the more detailed information contained in this prospectus supplement, in the accompanying prospectus and in the applicable pricing supplement. We refer to the notes offered under this prospectus supplement as our “**Series A notes**” or “**notes**.” We refer to the offering of the Series A notes as our “**Series A program**.”

As used in this prospectus supplement, the “Bank,” “we,” “our” or “us” refers to Deutsche Bank AG, including, as the context may require, acting through one of its branches.

Issuer	Deutsche Bank AG
Notes offered	Global Notes, Series A
Ranking.....	The notes are our direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and will rank on parity with the claims of all our other unsecured creditors other than those claims which are expressly preferred by law of the jurisdiction of our incorporation or, in the case of the notes issued by Deutsche Bank AG through a branch, the law of the jurisdiction where the branch is established.
Resolution Measures.....	Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement or in connection with any further issuances of notes with the same terms as notes originally issued prior to January 1, 2015, holders of notes issued on or after January 1, 2015 will be bound by and will be deemed to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measures (as described in the accompanying prospectus) by our competent resolution authority, which may include the write down of all, or a portion, of any payment (or delivery of any property) on the notes. Please see the section “Risk Factors” beginning on page 12 in the accompanying prospectus and the section “Resolution Measures” beginning on page 49 in the accompanying prospectus for more information.
Interest features.....	A note will pay interest, if any, on the dates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. A note may bear interest at any time at either a fixed rate or a floating rate that varies during the lifetime of the relevant notes, which, in either case, may be zero.
Linked note features.....	Payment of principal and/or interest on the notes may be linked to one or more currencies, commodities or securities of ours or entities that are or are not affiliated with us; or interest rates, or intangibles, articles, goods or any other property; or any other financial or economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances; and/or indices or baskets of any of these items, including baskets of indices.

Exchangeable note features	The notes may be optionally or mandatorily exchangeable for securities of ours or entities that are or are not affiliated with us, a basket or baskets of those securities, other property, or any combination of, or the cash value of, such securities or other property.
Redemption/repayment features	The notes may be either callable by us or puttable by you, as specified in the applicable pricing supplement.
Currency and denomination	The notes will be issued in U.S. dollars in minimum denominations of \$1,000 unless we specify otherwise in the applicable pricing supplement.
Listing	The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange unless we specify otherwise in the applicable pricing supplement.
Form of notes	The notes will be issued only in global form (<i>i.e.</i> , in book-entry form) registered in the name of The Depository Trust Company, or its nominee, unless otherwise stated in the applicable pricing supplement.
Conflicts of Interest	Because DBSI is both an affiliate of the Bank and a member of FINRA, any distribution of the notes by DBSI must be made in compliance with the applicable provisions of FINRA Rule 5121 regarding a FINRA member firm's distribution of the securities of an affiliate and related conflicts of interest. In accordance with FINRA Rule 5121, DBSI may not make sales in offerings of the notes to any of its discretionary accounts without the prior written approval of the customer. For more information, see the "Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" section of this prospectus supplement.
Branches	We may act through one or more of our branches, such as our London branch, as specified in the applicable pricing supplement.
How to reach us	You may contact us at Deutsche Bank AG, Investor Relations, 60 Wall Street, New York, NY 10005, USA (telephone number: 212-250-0604).

RISK FACTORS

For a discussion of the risk factors relating to Deutsche Bank AG and its business, see “Risk Factors” in Part I, Item 3 of our most recent annual report on Form 20-F and our current and periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission that are incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement.

In addition, you should consider carefully the following discussion of risks, together with the section “Risk Factors” beginning on page 12 in the accompanying prospectus and the risk information contained in relevant pricing supplement, before you decide that an investment in the notes is suitable for you.

Reform and proposed regulation of LIBOR, EURIBOR and other “benchmarks” could adversely affect any notes based on, or linked to, such “benchmarks.”

The London Interbank Offered Rate (“**LIBOR**”), the Euro Interbank Offered Rate (“**EURIBOR**”) and other indices which are deemed “benchmarks” are the subject of recent national, international and other regulatory guidance and proposals for reform. Some of these reforms are already effective while others are still to be implemented. These reforms may cause such benchmarks to perform differently than in the past, or have other consequences which cannot be predicted.

In September 2012, the U.K. government published the results of its review of LIBOR (commonly referred to as the “**Wheatley Review**”). The Wheatley Review made a number of recommendations for changes with respect to LIBOR including the introduction of statutory regulation of LIBOR, the transfer of responsibility for LIBOR from the British Bankers’ Association to an independent administrator, changes to the method of compilation of lending rates, new regulatory oversight and enforcement mechanisms for rate-setting and the corroboration of LIBOR, as far as possible, by transactional data. Based on the Wheatley Review, final rules for the regulation and supervision of LIBOR by the U.K. Financial Conduct Authority (the “**FCA**”) were published and came into effect on April 2, 2013 (the “**FCA Rules**”). In response to the Wheatley Review recommendations, ICE Benchmark Administration Limited (the “**ICE Administration**”) has been appointed as the independent LIBOR administrator, effective February 1, 2014.

It is not possible to predict the effect of the FCA Rules, any changes in the methods pursuant to which the LIBOR rates are determined and any other reforms to LIBOR that will be enacted in the U.K., the European Union (the “**EU**”) and elsewhere, each of which may adversely affect the trading market for LIBOR-based notes. In addition, any changes announced by the FCA, the ICE Administration, the European Commission or any other successor governance or oversight body in the method pursuant to which the LIBOR rates are determined may result in a sudden or prolonged decrease (or increase) in the reported LIBOR rates. If that were to occur, the level of interest payments, and the trading value of LIBOR-based notes may be adversely affected. Further, uncertainty as to the extent and manner in which the Wheatley Review recommendations and other proposed reforms will continue to be adopted and the timing of such changes may adversely affect the current trading market for LIBOR-based notes.

At an international level, proposals for the reform of “benchmarks” include (i) IOSCO’s Principles for Financial Benchmarks (July 2013), (ii) ESMA-EBA’s Principles for Benchmark-Setting Processes in the EU (June 2013) and (iii) the European Commission’s proposed regulation on indices used as “benchmarks” in certain financial instruments, financial contracts and investment funds (September 2013) (the “**Proposed Benchmark Regulation**”).

The Proposed Benchmark Regulation, if passed in its current form, would apply to “contributors,” “administrators” and “users” of “benchmarks” in the European Union, and would, among other things, (i) require benchmark administrators to be authorized (or, if non-European Union-based, to be subject to an equivalent regulatory regime) and to comply with extensive requirements in relation to the administration of “benchmarks” and (ii) ban the use of “benchmarks” of unauthorized administrators. The scope of the Proposed Benchmark Regulation is wide and, in addition to so-called “critical benchmark” indices such as LIBOR and EURIBOR, could also potentially apply to many interest rate and foreign exchange rate indices, equity indices and other indices (including “proprietary” indices or strategies) where referenced in financial instruments, financial contracts and investment funds.

More broadly, the FCA Rules, the Proposed Benchmark Regulation and any of the other international, national or other proposals for reform or general increased regulatory scrutiny of “benchmarks” could have a material adverse effect on the costs and risks of administering or otherwise participating in the setting of a “benchmark” and complying with any such regulations or requirements. Such factors may have the effect of

discouraging market participants from continuing to administer or participate in certain “benchmarks,” trigger changes in the rules or methodologies used in the determination of certain “benchmarks” or may even lead to the disappearance of certain “benchmarks.” The disappearance of, or uncertainty relating to the continued existence of, a “benchmark” or changes in the manner of determination of or administration of a “benchmark” may adversely affect the trading market for, return on, or value of “benchmark”-based notes.

In addition to the international proposals for the reform of “benchmarks” described above, there are numerous other proposals, initiatives and investigations which may impact the use and regulation of “benchmarks.” Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes to LIBOR, EURIBOR or any other “benchmark” as a result of U.K., European Union, or other international, national or other proposals for reform or other initiatives or investigations, or any further uncertainty in relation to the timing and manner of implementation of such changes could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on any notes based on or linked to a “benchmark.”

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

References in this prospectus supplement to the “**Bank**,” “**we**,” “**our**” or “**us**” refer to Deutsche Bank AG, including, as the context may require, acting through one of its branches. As context may require, references to “**you**” or “**holders**” mean either (a) those who invest in the notes being offered, whether they are the direct holders or owners of beneficial interests in those notes or (b) those who own notes registered in their own names, on the books that we or the registrar maintain for this purpose, and not those who own beneficial interests in notes issued in book-entry form through The Depository Trust Company or another depository or in notes registered in street name. Owners of beneficial interests in the notes should read the section entitled “Description of Notes—Form, Legal Ownership and Denomination of Notes.”

General Information Regarding Global Notes, Series A

We refer to the Global Notes, Series A offered under this prospectus supplement as our “**Series A notes**” or the “**notes**,” which are a separate series of our debt securities. We refer to the offering of the Series A notes as our “**Series A program**.” Investors should carefully read the general terms and provisions of our debt securities in “Description of Debt Securities” in the accompanying prospectus. This section supplements that description.

A pricing supplement to this prospectus supplement will add specific terms for each issuance of notes and may modify or replace any of the information in this section and in “Description of Debt Securities” in the accompanying prospectus. If the pricing supplement is inconsistent with this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, the terms in the pricing supplement will control with regard to the note you purchase. Therefore, the statements made in this prospectus supplement may not be the terms that apply to the note you purchase.

We Will Issue Notes Under the Senior Indenture. The Series A notes issued under our Series A program will be governed by the senior indenture among us, Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, as trustee, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as issuing agent, paying agent, authenticating agent and registrar, as supplemented by the first supplemental senior indenture dated as of March 7, 2014 and the second supplemental senior indenture dated as of January 1, 2015 (the “**senior indenture**”) (see “Description of Debt Securities—The Senior Indenture” in the accompanying prospectus). The notes issued under the senior indenture will constitute a single series under that senior indenture, together with any notes we have issued in the past or that we issue in the future under that senior indenture that we designate as being part of that series. From time to time, we may create and issue additional notes with the same terms as previous Series A notes, so that the additional notes will be considered as part of the same issuance as the earlier notes.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement or in connection with any further issuances of notes with the same terms as notes originally issued prior to January 1, 2015, holders of notes issued on or after January 1, 2015 will be bound by and will be deemed to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measures (as described in the accompanying prospectus) by our competent resolution authority, which may include the write down of all, or a portion, of any payment on the notes. Please see the section “Risk Factors” beginning on page 12 in the accompanying prospectus and the section “Resolution Measures” beginning on page 49 in the accompanying prospectus for more information.

Outstanding Indebtedness of the Bank. The senior indenture does not limit the amount of additional indebtedness that we may incur.

How the Notes Rank Against Other Debt. The notes issued under the senior indenture are our direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and will rank on parity with the claims of all our other unsecured creditors other than those claims which are expressly preferred by law of the jurisdiction of our incorporation or, in the case of the notes issued by Deutsche Bank AG through a branch, the law of the jurisdiction where the branch is established.

This Section Is Only a Summary. The accompanying prospectus and this prospectus supplement provide only summaries of the senior indenture’s material terms. They do not, however, describe every aspect of the senior indenture and the notes. The senior indenture and its associated documents, including the applicable note, contain the full legal text of the matters described in this section and in the accompanying prospectus. A copy of the senior indenture has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “**SEC**”) as part of the registration statement for the notes.

Some Frequently Used Definitions. We have defined some of the terms that we use frequently in this prospectus supplement below:

A **“business day”** means, unless otherwise stated in the applicable pricing supplement, for any note, any day other than a day that (i) is a Saturday or Sunday, (ii) is a day on which banking institutions generally in The City of New York or London, England are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close or (iii) is a day on which transactions in dollars are not conducted in The City of New York or London, England; and, in addition, (a) for LIBOR notes only, a London Banking Day (as defined below); (b) for notes having a specified currency other than U.S. dollars only, other than notes denominated in euro, any day that in the principal financial center of the country of the specified currency is not a day on which banking institutions generally are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close; and (c) for notes denominated in euro, a day on which TARGET2 is operating.

“Clearstream, Luxembourg” means Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme*, Luxembourg.

“Depository” means The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York.

“Designated LIBOR Currency” means the currency specified in the applicable pricing supplement as to which LIBOR shall be calculated or, if no such currency is specified in the applicable pricing supplement, U.S. dollars.

“Euro LIBOR notes” means LIBOR notes for which the Designated LIBOR Currency is euro.

“Euroclear operator” means Euroclear Bank SA/NV, as operator of the Euroclear System.

An **“interest payment date”** for any note means a date on which, under the terms of that note, regularly scheduled interest is payable.

A **“London Banking Day”** means any day on which dealings in deposits in the specified currency are transacted in the London interbank market.

A **“New York Business Day”** means, unless otherwise stated in the applicable pricing supplement, for any note, any day other than a day that (i) is a Saturday or Sunday or (ii) is a day on which banking institutions generally in The City of New York are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close.

The term **“specified currency”** means the currency or currencies in respect of notes in which the principal, premium (if any) or interest (if any) is not denominated or payable in U.S. dollars.

The **“record date”** for any interest payment date is (a) in the case of global notes, the date that is one New York Business Day prior to that interest payment date (as adjusted, if applicable) and (b) in the case of certificated notes, the date that is 15 calendar days prior to that interest payment date, whether or not that day is a business day, unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement. However, upon maturity, redemption or repayment, the paying agent will pay any interest due to the holder to whom it pays the principal of the note.

“TARGET2” means the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross Settlement Express Transfer System.

“TARGET Settlement Day” means any day on which TARGET2 is operating.

A **“U.S. Government Securities Business Day”** means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (or any successor thereto) recommends that the fixed income department of its members be closed for the entire day for purposes of trading in U.S. government securities.

References in this prospectus supplement to “U.S. dollar,” “U.S.\$” or “\$” are to the currency of the United States of America. References in this prospectus supplement to “euro” or “€” are to the single currency introduced at the commencement of the third stage of the European Economic and Monetary Union pursuant to the treaty establishing the European Community, as amended.

Types of Notes

We may issue the following types of notes:

Fixed Rate Notes

A note of this type will bear interest at a fixed rate described in the applicable pricing supplement. This type includes zero coupon notes, which bear no interest.

Floating Rate Notes

A note of this type will bear interest at rates that are determined by reference to an interest rate formula. In some cases, the rates may also be adjusted by adding or subtracting a spread or multiplying by a spread multiplier and may be subject to a minimum rate or a maximum rate. The various interest rate formulas and these other features are described below under “—Interest Rates—Floating Rate Notes.” If the note you purchase is a floating rate note, the formula and any adjustments that apply to the interest rate will be specified in the pricing supplement.

Linked Notes

A note of this type provides that the amount payable at its maturity and/or the amount of interest payable on an interest payment date will be determined by reference to:

- one or more currencies;
- one or more commodities;
- one or more securities of ours or of entities that are or are not affiliated with us;
- interest rates;
- one or more intangibles, articles, goods or any other property; or
- any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances; and/or
- indices or baskets of any of these items, including baskets of indices.

The holder of a linked note may receive an amount at maturity that is greater than or less than the principal amount of the note depending upon the value, price or level of the applicable underlying to which the note is linked. That value, price or level may fluctuate over time. The applicable pricing supplement will include information about the relevant underlying and about how amounts that are to become payable will be determined by reference to the underlying. A linked note may provide for either cash settlement or physical settlement by delivery of the applicable underlying or another property of the type listed above. A linked note may also provide that the form of settlement may be determined at our option or at the holder's option.

Investing in linked notes involves special risks. You should carefully read the risk factors section in the applicable pricing supplement for your linked note.

Exchangeable Notes

We may issue notes, which we refer to as “exchangeable notes,” that are optionally or mandatorily exchangeable into:

- securities of ours or of entities that are or are not affiliated with us;
- a basket or baskets of those securities;
- other property; or
- any combination of, or the cash value of, such securities or other property.

The exchangeable notes may or may not bear interest or be issued with original issue discount or at a premium. The general terms of the exchangeable notes are described below. Please note that exchangeable notes may specify other terms in the relevant pricing supplement, which may differ from those described below.

Payments upon Exchange. The applicable pricing supplement will specify whether upon exchange, at maturity or otherwise, the holder of an exchangeable note may receive, at the specified exchange rate, either the underlying property or the cash value of such underlying property. The underlying property may be our securities or securities of entities that are or are not affiliated with us; a basket or baskets of those securities; other property; or any combination of the above. The exchangeable notes may or may not provide for protection against fluctuations in the exchange rate between the currency in which that note is denominated and the currency or currencies in which the market prices of the underlying property or properties are quoted. Exchangeable notes may have other terms, which will be specified in the applicable pricing supplement.

Mandatorily Exchangeable Notes. At maturity, the holder of a mandatorily exchangeable note must exchange the note for the underlying property or the cash value of such underlying property at a specified rate of exchange, and, therefore, depending upon the value of the underlying property at maturity, the holder of a mandatorily exchangeable note may receive less than the stated principal amount of the note at maturity. If so indicated in the applicable pricing supplement, the specified rate at which a mandatorily exchangeable note may be exchanged may vary depending on the value of the underlying property so that, upon exchange, the holder participates in a percentage, which may be less than, equal to or greater than 100% of the change in value of the underlying property. Mandatory exchangeable notes may include notes where we have the right, but not the obligation, to require holders of notes to exchange their notes for the underlying property.

Optionally Exchangeable Notes. The holder of an optionally exchangeable note may, during a period, or at a specific time or times, exchange the note for the underlying property or the cash value of such underlying property at a specified rate of exchange or at a rate of exchange determined pursuant to a formula described in the applicable pricing supplement. If specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we will have the option to redeem the optionally exchangeable note prior to maturity. If the holder of an optionally exchangeable note does not elect to exchange the note prior to maturity or any applicable redemption date, the holder will receive the principal amount of the note plus any accrued interest at maturity or upon redemption, if so specified in the applicable pricing supplement.

Special Requirements for Exchange of Global Notes. If an optionally exchangeable note is represented by a global note, the Depositary's nominee will be the holder of that note and therefore will be the only entity that can exercise a right to exchange or other elective rights. In order to ensure that the Depositary's nominee will timely exercise such elective rights, the beneficial owner of the note must instruct the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in that note to notify the Depositary of its desire to exercise its rights. Different firms have different deadlines for accepting instructions from their customers. Each beneficial owner should consult the broker or other participant through which it holds an interest in a note in order to ascertain the deadline for ensuring that timely notice of elective rights will be delivered to the Depositary.

Payments upon Acceleration of Maturity or upon Tax Redemption. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, if the principal amount payable at maturity of any exchangeable note is declared due and payable prior to maturity as a result of an event of default or tax redemption (see "Series A Notes Offered on a Global Basis— Tax Redemption"), the amount payable on:

- an optionally exchangeable note will equal the face amount of the note plus accrued interest, if any, to but excluding the date of payment, except that if a holder has exchanged an optionally exchangeable note prior to the date of acceleration or tax redemption without having received the amount due upon exchange, the amount payable will be an amount in cash equal to the amount due upon exchange and will not include any accrued but unpaid interest; and
- a mandatorily exchangeable note will equal an amount determined as if the date of acceleration or tax redemption were the final valuation date, plus accrued interest, if any, to but excluding the date of payment.

The amount payable if the principal amount payable at maturity of an exchangeable note is declared due and payable prior to maturity as a result of any other type of redemption will be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement.

Original Issue Discount Notes

A fixed rate note, a floating rate note, a linked note or an exchangeable note may be an original issue discount note. A note of this type is issued as a discounted security (bearing no interest or interest at a rate that at the time of issuance is below market rates) to be sold at an issue price below its stated principal amount. Special

considerations applicable to any original issue discount notes will be described in the applicable pricing supplement.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, in the event of redemption, repayment or acceleration of maturity of an original issue discount note, the amount payable to the holder will be equal to the sum of:

- (i) the issue price (increased by any accruals of discount) or, in the event of any redemption by us of such original issue discount note (if applicable), the issue price (increased by any accruals of discount) multiplied by the initial redemption percentage specified in the applicable pricing supplement (as adjusted by the initial redemption percentage reduction, if applicable) and
- (ii) any unpaid interest on such original issue discount note accrued from the date of issue to the date of such redemption, repayment or acceleration of maturity.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, for purposes of determining the amount of discount that has accrued as of any date on which a redemption, repayment or acceleration of maturity occurs for an original issue discount note, the discount will be accrued using a constant yield method. The constant yield will be calculated using (i) a 30-day month, 360-day year convention, (ii) a compounding period that, except for the initial period (as defined below), corresponds to the shortest period between interest payment dates for the applicable original issue discount note (with ratable accruals within a compounding period) and (iii) an assumption that the maturity of such original issue discount note will not be accelerated. If the period from the date of issue to the initial interest payment date for an original issue discount note, which we refer to as the “**initial period**,” is shorter than the compounding period for such original issue discount note, a proportionate amount of the yield for an entire compounding period will be accrued. If the initial period is longer than the compounding period, then such period will be divided into a regular compounding period and a short period with the short period being treated as provided in the preceding sentence. The accrual of the applicable discount may differ from the accrual of original issue discount for U.S. federal income tax purposes under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended to the date hereof (the “**Code**”).

Certain original issue discount notes may not be treated as having original issue discount for federal income tax purposes, and notes other than original issue discount notes may be treated as issued with original issue discount for federal income tax purposes.

Extendible Notes

We may issue from time to time “**extendible notes**,” with respect to which we will have the option to extend the maturity of a note for one or more periods up to but not beyond the final maturity date set forth in the applicable pricing supplement. If we have such an option with respect to any note, the procedures for extension will be described in the applicable pricing supplement. Amortizing notes may not be designated as extendible notes.

Renewable Notes

We may also issue “**renewable notes**,” which will mature on an interest payment date specified in the applicable pricing supplement, unless the maturity of all or a portion of the principal amount of the notes is extended by the holders in accordance with the procedures set forth in the applicable pricing supplement.

Terms Specified in Pricing Supplements

A pricing supplement generally will specify the following terms of any issuance of our Series A notes to the extent applicable:

- the specific designation of the notes;
- the issue price (price to public);
- the aggregate principal amount, purchase price and denomination;
- the original issue date;
- the stated maturity date and any terms related to any extension or shortening of the maturity date;
- whether the notes are fixed rate notes, floating rate notes, linked notes and/or exchangeable notes;

- for fixed rate notes, the rate per year at which the notes will bear interest, if any, or the method of calculating that rate and the dates on which interest will be payable;
- for floating rate notes, the base rate, the index maturity, the spread, the spread multiplier, the initial interest rate, the interest reset periods, the interest payment dates, the maximum interest rate, the minimum interest rate and any other terms relating to the particular method of calculating the interest rate for the note;
- for floating rate notes, whether they are renewable notes;
- for linked notes, the underlying asset or measure to which the notes are linked, the principal amount, if any, or the amount calculated with respect to the principal amount, if any, we will pay you at maturity, the amount of interest, if any, we will pay you on an interest payment date, or of any other interim and/or contingent payment, the formula we will use to calculate these amounts, if any, and whether your note will be payable in cash or other property;
- for exchangeable notes, the terms on which holders of the notes may exchange them into the underlying property or the cash value of such underlying property; any specific terms relating to the adjustment of the exchange feature; the period during which the holders may effect the exchange; and the other items described in “—Exchangeable Notes” above;
- for currency-linked notes, information as to the one or more currencies to which the principal amount payable on any principal payment date or the amount of interest payable on any interest payment date is linked or indexed; the currency in which the face amount of the currency-linked note is denominated; the currency in which principal on the currency-linked note will be paid; and specific historic exchange rate information and any currency risks relating to the specific currencies selected;
- whether the notes may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at our option or repaid at your option, prior to the stated maturity date, and the terms of any redemption or repayment;
- whether the note has been issued with original issue discount or is an amortizing note (and, if the note is an amortizing note, the amortization schedule);
- if any note is not denominated and payable in U.S. dollars, the currency or currencies in which the principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, will be paid, which we refer to as the “specified currency,” along with any other terms relating to the non-U.S. dollar denomination, including exchange rates as against the U.S. dollar at selected times during the last five years and any exchange controls affecting that specified currency;
- the circumstances, if any, under which we will pay additional amounts on the notes for any tax, assessment or governmental charge withheld or deducted and, if so, whether we will have the option to redeem those notes rather than pay the additional amounts; and
- any other terms on which we will issue the notes.

Form, Legal Ownership and Denomination of Notes

Form. We will issue notes in fully registered, global (*i.e.*, book-entry) form only, unless we specify otherwise in the applicable pricing supplement. Notes in book-entry form will be represented by a global note registered in the name of the Depositary or its nominee, which will be the sole registered owner and the holder of all the notes represented by the global note. An investor therefore will not be a holder of the note, but will own only beneficial interests in a global note, which are held by means of an account with a broker, bank or other financial institution that in turn has an account as a “participant” in the Depositary or with another institution that does. The Depositary maintains a computerized, book-entry system that will reflect the interests in the global notes held by participants in its book-entry system. An investor’s beneficial interest in the global notes will, in turn, be reflected only in the records of the Depositary’s direct or indirect participants through an account maintained by the investor with such participant.

Except as set forth in the accompanying prospectus under “Forms of Securities—Global Securities,” you may not exchange registered global notes or interests in registered global notes for a certificate issued to you in definitive form (a “**certificated note**”). A further description of the Depositary’s procedures for global notes representing book-entry notes is set forth below under “The Depositary” and in the accompanying prospectus under “Forms of Securities—Global Securities.”

Legal Ownership. The person or entity in whose name the notes are registered will be considered the holder and legal owner of the notes. Our obligations under the senior indenture, as well as the obligations of the trustee and those of any third parties employed by us or the trustee, run only to the registered holders of the notes. We do not have obligations to investors who own beneficial interests in global notes, in street name or by any other indirect means. For example, once we make a payment or give a notice to the registered holder, we have no further responsibility for that payment or notice even if that holder is required, under agreements with depository participants or customers or by law, to pass it along to the indirect holders (e.g., owners of beneficial interests), but does not do so. Similarly, if we need to ask the holders of the notes to vote on a proposed amendment to the notes, we would seek approval only from the registered holders, and not the indirect holders, of the notes.

Special Considerations for Indirect Holders. If you hold notes through a bank, broker or other financial institution, either in book-entry form or in street name, you should check with your own institution to find out:

- how it handles securities payments and notices;
- whether it imposes fees or charges;
- how it would handle voting if it were ever required;
- whether and how you can instruct it to send you notes registered in your own name so you can be a direct holder, if that is permitted; and
- how it would pursue rights under the notes if there were a default or other event triggering the need for holders to act to protect their interests.

Denominations. Unless we provide otherwise in the applicable pricing supplement, we will issue the notes:

- for U.S. dollar-denominated notes, in denominations of \$1,000 or any amount greater than \$1,000 that is an integral multiple of \$1,000; or
- for notes denominated in a specified currency other than U.S. dollars, in denominations of the equivalent of \$1,000, rounded to an integral multiple of 1,000 units of the specified currency, or any larger integral multiple of 1,000 units of the specified currency, as determined by reference to the market exchange rate, as defined under “—Interest and Principal Payments—Unavailability of Foreign Currency” below, on the business day immediately preceding the date of issuance.

New York Law to Govern. The notes and the senior indenture will be deemed to be a contract under the laws of the State of New York, and for all purposes will be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, except as may otherwise be required by mandatory provisions of law.

Interest Rates

Fixed Rate Notes

Each fixed rate note will bear interest from the date of issuance at the annual rate stated on its face until the principal is paid or made available for payment.

How Interest Is Calculated. Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable pricing supplement, interest on fixed rate notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

How Interest Accrues. Interest on fixed rate notes will accrue from and including the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for, or, if no interest has been paid or duly provided for, from and including the issue date or any other date specified in a pricing supplement on which interest begins to accrue. Interest will accrue to but excluding the next interest payment date, or, if earlier, the date on which the principal has been paid or duly made available for payment, except as described below under “—If a Payment Date is Not a Business Day.”

When Interest Is Paid. Payments of interest on fixed rate notes will be made on the interest payment dates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. However, if the period of time between the issue date and the first interest payment date thereafter is less than the period of time between a record date and an interest payment date, interest will not be paid on the first interest payment date, but will be paid on the second interest payment date.

Amount of Interest Payable. Interest payments for fixed rate notes will include accrued interest from and including the date of issue or from and including the last date in respect of which interest has been paid, as the case may be, to but excluding the relevant interest payment date or date of maturity or earlier redemption or repayment, as the case may be.

If a Payment Date is Not a Business Day. If any scheduled interest payment date is not a business day, we will pay interest on the next business day, but interest on that payment will not accrue during the period from and after the scheduled interest payment date. If the scheduled maturity date or date of redemption or repayment is not a business day, we may pay interest, if any, and principal and premium, if any, on the next succeeding business day, but interest on that payment will not accrue during the period from and after the scheduled maturity date or date of redemption or repayment.

Amortizing Notes. Amortizing notes are notes for which payments combining principal and interest are made in installments over the life of the note. Payments with respect to amortizing notes will be applied first to interest due and payable on the notes and then to the reduction of the unpaid principal amount of the notes. Information on the additional terms and conditions of any issue of amortizing notes will be provided in the applicable pricing supplement. A table setting forth repayment information in respect of each amortizing note will be included in the applicable pricing supplement.

Floating Rate Notes

Each floating rate note will mature on the date specified in the applicable pricing supplement.

Each floating rate note will bear interest at a floating rate determined by reference to an interest rate or interest rate formula, which we refer to as the “**base rate**.” The base rate may be one or more of the following:

- the CMS rate,
- the CMT rate,
- the commercial paper rate,
- the eleventh district cost of funds rate,
- EURIBOR,
- the federal funds rate,
- LIBOR,
- the prime rate,
- the Treasury rate, or
- any other rate or interest rate formula specified in the applicable pricing supplement.

Formula for Interest Rates. The interest rate on each floating rate note will be calculated by reference to:

- the specified base rate based on the index maturity,
- plus or minus the spread, if any, and/or
- multiplied by the spread multiplier, if any.

For any floating rate note, “**index maturity**” means the period of maturity of the instrument or obligation from which the base rate is calculated and will be specified in the applicable pricing supplement. The “**spread**” is the number of basis points (one one-hundredth of a percentage point) specified in the applicable pricing supplement to be added to or subtracted from the base rate for a floating rate note. The “**spread multiplier**” is the percentage specified, if any, in the applicable pricing supplement by which the base rate will be multiplied to determine the applicable interest rate for such floating rate note.

Limitations on Interest Rate. A floating rate note may also have either or both of the following limitations on the interest rate:

- a maximum limitation, or ceiling, on the rate of interest which may accrue during any interest period, which we refer to as the “maximum interest rate;” and/or
- a minimum limitation, or floor, on the rate of interest that may accrue during any interest period, which we refer to as the “minimum interest rate.”

Any applicable maximum interest rate or minimum interest rate will be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement.

In addition, the interest rate on a floating rate note may not be higher than the maximum rate permitted by applicable New York law, as that rate may be modified by United States law of general application.

How Floating Interest Rates Are Reset. The interest rate in effect from the date of issue to the first interest reset date for a floating rate note will be the initial interest rate specified in the applicable pricing supplement. We refer to this rate as the “**initial interest rate**.” The interest rate on each floating rate note may be reset daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semiannually or annually or on any other periodic basis described in the applicable pricing supplement. We refer to this period as the “**interest reset period**.” The “**interest reset date**” in respect of each interest reset period will be the first day of each interest reset period, unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement.

If any interest reset date for any floating rate note would otherwise be a day that is not a business day, such interest reset date, unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, will be postponed to the next succeeding day that is a business day, except that in the case of a LIBOR note or a EURIBOR note, if such business day is in the next succeeding calendar month, such interest reset date, unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, will be the immediately preceding business day.

The interest rate applicable to each interest reset period commencing on an interest reset date will be the rate per annum determined by the calculation agent on the interest determination date. The “**interest determination date**” with respect to:

- the CMS rate will be the second U.S. Government Securities Business Day prior to the applicable interest reset date;
- the CMT rate, commercial paper rate, federal funds rate and prime rate will be the second New York Business Day preceding the applicable interest reset date;
- the eleventh district cost of funds rate will be the last working day of the month immediately preceding the applicable interest reset date on which the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco (the “**FHLB of San Francisco**”) publishes the Eleventh District Index (as defined under “—Eleventh District Cost of Funds Rate Notes” below);
- EURIBOR will be the second TARGET Settlement Day preceding the applicable interest reset date;
- LIBOR will be the second London Banking Day preceding an interest reset date, unless the Designated LIBOR Currency is British pounds sterling, in which case the interest determination date will be the applicable interest reset date; and
- the Treasury rate will be the day of the week in which the applicable interest reset date falls on which Treasury Bills normally would be auctioned; provided, however, that if as a result of a legal holiday an auction is held on the Friday of the week preceding the interest reset date, the related interest determination date shall be such preceding Friday.

The interest determination date pertaining to a floating rate note the interest rate of which is determined by reference to two or more base rates will be the most recent business day which is at least two business days prior to the applicable interest reset date for such floating rate note on which each base rate is determinable. Each base rate will be determined as of such date, and the applicable interest rate will take effect on the applicable interest reset date.

The interest rate in effect for the ten calendar days immediately prior to maturity, redemption or repayment will be the one in effect on the tenth calendar day preceding the maturity, redemption or repayment date.

In the detailed descriptions of the various base rates which follow, the “**calculation date**” pertaining to an interest determination date means the earlier of (1) the tenth calendar day after that interest determination date, or, if that day is not a business day, the next succeeding business day, and (2) the business day immediately preceding the applicable interest payment date or maturity date or, for any principal amount to be redeemed or repaid, any redemption or repayment date.

How Interest Is Calculated. Interest on floating rate notes will accrue from and including the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for, or, if no interest has been paid or duly provided for, from and including the issue date or any other date specified in a pricing supplement on which interest begins to accrue. Interest will accrue to but excluding the next interest payment date or, if earlier, the date on which the principal has been paid or duly made available for payment, except as described below under “—If a Payment Date is Not a Business Day.”

Floating rate notes will have a calculation agent, which will be Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement. Upon the request of the holder of any floating rate note, the calculation agent will provide the interest rate then in effect and, if determined, the interest rate that will become effective on the next interest reset date for that floating rate note.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, accrued interest will be calculated by multiplying the principal amount of the floating rate note by an accrued interest factor. This accrued interest factor will be computed by adding the interest factors calculated for each day in the period for which interest is being paid. The interest factor for each day is computed by *dividing* the interest rate applicable to that day:

- by 360, in the case of CMS rate notes, commercial paper rate notes, eleventh district cost of funds rate notes, EURIBOR notes, federal funds rate notes, LIBOR notes (except for LIBOR notes denominated in British pounds sterling) and prime rate notes;
- by 365, in the case of LIBOR notes denominated in British pounds sterling;
- by the actual number of days in the year, in the case of Treasury rate notes and CMT rate notes; or
- as otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement.

For these calculations, the interest rate in effect on any interest reset date will be the applicable rate as reset on that date. The interest rate applicable to any other day is the interest rate from the immediately preceding interest reset date or, if none, the initial interest rate.

All percentages used in or resulting from any calculation of the rate of interest on a floating rate note will be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one hundred-thousandth of a percentage point (e.g., 9.876545% (or .09876545) being rounded to 9.87655% (or .0987655)), and all U.S. dollar amounts used in or resulting from these calculations on floating rate notes will be rounded to the nearest cent (with one-half cent rounded upward).

When Interest Is Paid. We will pay interest on floating rate notes on the interest payment dates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. However, if the period of time between the issue date and the first interest payment date thereafter is less than the period of time between a record date and an interest payment date, interest will not be paid on the first interest payment date, but will be paid on the second interest payment date.

If a Payment Date Is Not a Business Day. If any scheduled interest payment date, other than the maturity date or any earlier redemption or repayment date, for any floating rate note falls on a day that is not a business day, it will be postponed to the following business day, except that, in the case of a EURIBOR note or a LIBOR note, if that business day would fall in the next calendar month, the interest payment date will be the immediately preceding business day. If the scheduled maturity date or any earlier redemption or repayment date of a floating rate note falls on a day that is not a business day, the payment of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, will be made on the next succeeding business day, but interest on that payment will not accrue during the period from and after the maturity, redemption or repayment date.

CMS Rate Notes

CMS rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on the CMS rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

The “CMS rate” means, for any interest determination date, the “USD-ISDA-Swap Rate,” which will be the rate for U.S. dollar swaps with a designated maturity as specified in the applicable pricing supplement, expressed as a percentage, that appears on the Reuters Screen ISDAFIX1 Page (or any other page as may replace such page) as of 11:00 A.M., New York City time, on such interest determination date.

The following procedures will be followed if the CMS rate cannot be determined as described above:

- if the above rate does not appear on Reuters Screen ISDAFIX1 Page (or any other page as may replace such page) at 11:00 A.M., New York City time, on any Interest Determination Date, the calculation agent will determine the CMS rate for the relevant interest determination date on the basis of the Mid-Market Semi-Annual Swap Rate quotations provided by the CMS Reference Banks at approximately 11:00 A.M., New York City time, on such interest determination date. The calculation agent will request the principal New York City office of each of the CMS Reference Banks to provide a quotation of its rate, and
 - (i) if at least three quotations are provided, the rate for such interest determination date will be the arithmetic mean of the quotations, eliminating the highest quotation (or, in the event of equality, one of the highest) and the lowest quotation (or, in the event of equality, one of the lowest); or
 - (ii) if fewer than three quotations are provided, the calculation agent will determine the rate in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner.

“**CMS Reference Banks**” means five leading swap dealers selected by the calculation agent in the New York City interbank market.

“**Mid-Market Semi-Annual Swap Rate**” means, on any interest determination date, the mean of the bid and offered rates for the semi-annual fixed leg, calculated on a 30/360 day count basis, of a fixed-for-floating U.S. dollar interest rate swap transaction with a term equal to the applicable designated maturity as specified in the applicable pricing supplement commencing on such interest determination date and in a CMS Representative Amount with an acknowledged dealer of good credit in the swap market, where the floating leg, calculated on an actual/360 day count basis, is equivalent to U.S. dollar LIBOR with a designated maturity of three months.

“**CMS Representative Amount**” means an amount that is representative for a single transaction in the relevant market at the relevant time as determined by the calculation agent in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner.

CMT Rate Notes

CMT rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on the CMT rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

The “CMT rate” will be determined as of each interest determination date relating to a CMT rate note and will be the rate on such day as displayed on the Designated CMT Reuters Page (as defined below) under the caption “...Constant Maturities Treasury...Federal Reserve Board Release H.15...Mondays Approximately 3:45 P.M.,” under the column for the Designated CMT Maturity Index (as defined below) for:

- the rate on such interest determination date, if the Designated CMT Reuters Page is FRBCMT; and
- the weekly or monthly average, as specified in the applicable pricing supplement, for the week or the month, as applicable, ended immediately preceding the week or the month, as applicable, in which the related interest determination date occurs, if the Designated CMT Reuters Page is FEDCMT.

The following procedures will be followed if the CMT rate cannot be determined as described above:

- If the above rate is no longer displayed on the relevant page or is not so displayed by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the related calculation date, then the CMT rate for such interest determination date will be such treasury constant maturity rate for the Designated CMT Maturity Index as published in H.15(519).
- If such treasury constant maturity rate is no longer published or is not so published in H. 15(519) by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the related calculation date, then the CMT rate on such interest determination date will be such treasury constant maturity rate for the Designated CMT Maturity Index

(or other United States Treasury rate for the Designated CMT Maturity Index) on such interest determination date as may then be published by either the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Board or the United States Department of the Treasury that the calculation agent determines to be comparable to the rate formerly displayed on the Designated CMT Reuters Page and published in H.15(519).

- If such treasury constant maturity rate is not so provided by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the related calculation date, then the CMT rate on the interest determination date will be calculated by the calculation agent and will be a yield to maturity, based on the arithmetic mean of the secondary market offered rates as of approximately 3:30 P.M., New York City time, on such interest determination date reported, according to their written records, by three leading primary United States government securities dealers in The City of New York (which may include us or our affiliates), which we refer to as a **“Reference Dealer,”** selected by the calculation agent from five such Reference Dealers selected by the calculation agent and eliminating the highest quotation (or, in the event of equality, one of the highest) and the lowest quotation (or, in the event of equality, one of the lowest), for the most recently issued direct noncallable fixed-rate obligations of the United States, which are commonly referred to as **“Treasury Notes,”** with an original maturity of approximately the Designated CMT Maturity Index and a remaining term to maturity of not less than such Designated CMT Maturity Index minus one year and in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in the securities in such market at such time. If two Treasury notes with an original maturity as described above have remaining terms to maturity equally close to the Designated CMT Maturity Index, the quotations for the Treasury notes with the shorter remaining term to maturity will be used.
- If the calculation agent is unable to obtain three such Treasury Note quotations, the CMT rate on such interest determination date will be calculated by the calculation agent and will be a yield to maturity based on the arithmetic mean of the secondary market offered rates as of approximately 3:30 P.M., New York City time, on such interest determination date of three Reference Dealers in The City of New York (from five such Reference Dealers selected by the calculation agent and eliminating the highest quotation (or, in the event of equality, one of the highest) and the lowest quotation (or, in the event of equality, one of the lowest)), for Treasury Notes with an original maturity of the number of years that is the next highest to the Designated CMT Maturity Index and a remaining term to maturity closest to the Designated CMT Maturity Index and in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in the securities in such market at such time. If two Treasury Notes with an original maturity have remaining terms to maturity equally close to the Designated CMT Maturity Index, the quotations for the Treasury Note with the shorter remaining term to maturity will be used.
- If three or four (and not five) of such Reference Dealers are quoting as described above, then the CMT rate will be based on the arithmetic mean of the offered rates obtained, and neither the highest nor the lowest of such quotations will be eliminated.
- If fewer than three Reference Dealers so selected by the calculation agent are quoting as described above, the CMT rate for that interest determination date will remain the CMT rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no preceding interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

“Designated CMT Maturity Index” means the original period to maturity of the U.S. Treasury securities (either 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 20 or 30 years) specified in the applicable pricing supplement with respect to which the CMT rate will be calculated or, if no such maturity is specified in the applicable pricing supplement, 2 years.

“Designated CMT Reuters Page” means the Reuters page specified in the applicable pricing supplement (or any other page as may replace such page) for the purpose of displaying Constant Maturities Treasury as reported in H.15(519) or, if no such page is specified in the applicable pricing supplement, Reuters page FEDCMT (or any other page as may replace FEDCMT). If Reuters page FEDCMT (or any other page as may replace FEDCMT) applies but the relevant pricing supplement does not specify whether the weekly or monthly average applies, the weekly average will apply.

Commercial Paper Rate Notes

Commercial paper rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. Those interest rates will be based on the commercial paper rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

The “commercial paper rate” will be determined as of each interest determination date relating to a commercial paper rate note and will be the money market yield (as defined below) on such date of the rate for commercial paper having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as published by the Federal Reserve Board in “Statistical Release H.15(519), Selected Interest Rates,” or any successor publication (“**H.15(519)**”) under the heading “Commercial Paper—Non-Financial.”

The following procedures will be followed if the commercial paper rate cannot be determined as described above:

- If not so published in H.15(519) by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the calculation date pertaining to such interest determination date, the commercial paper rate will be the money market yield on such interest determination date of the rate for commercial paper of the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as published in H.15 Daily Update under the heading “Commercial Paper—Non-Financial,” or such other recognized electronic source used for the purpose of displaying such rate.
- If such rate is not yet published in H.15(519), H.15 Daily Update or another recognized electronic source by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on such calculation date, then the commercial paper rate shall be calculated by the calculation agent and shall be the money market yield of the arithmetic mean of the offered rates as of 11:00 A.M., New York City time, on such interest determination date, of three leading dealers in U.S. dollar commercial paper in The City of New York (which may include us or our affiliates) selected by the calculation agent for commercial paper of the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement placed for a nonfinancial issuer whose bond rating is “AA,” or the equivalent, from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- If the dealers selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the commercial paper rate for that interest determination date will remain the commercial paper rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

“**H.15 Daily Update**” means the daily update of H.15(519), available through the internet site of the Federal Reserve Board at <http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h15/update/h15upd.htm>, or any successor site or publication.

The “**money market yield**” will be a yield calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{money market yield} = \frac{D \times 360}{360 - (D \times M)} \times 100$$

where “**D**” refers to the applicable per year rate for commercial paper quoted on a bank discount basis and expressed as a decimal and “**M**” refers to the actual number of days in the interest period for which interest is being calculated.

Eleventh District Cost of Funds Rate Notes

Eleventh district cost of funds rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on the eleventh district cost of funds rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

The “eleventh district cost of funds” rate will be determined as of each interest determination date relating to an eleventh district cost of funds rate note and will be the rate equal to the monthly weighted average cost of funds for the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which such interest determination date falls as set forth opposite the heading “11TH Dist COFI:” on the display on the Reuters Screen COFI/ARMS page (or any other page as may replace such page) as of 11:00 A.M., San Francisco time, on such interest determination date.

- If such rate does not appear on the Reuters Screen COFI/ARMS page on such interest determination date, then the eleventh district cost of funds rate on such interest determination date shall be the monthly weighted average cost of funds paid by member institutions of the Eleventh Federal Home Loan Bank District that was most recently announced (which we refer to as the “**Eleventh District**”

Index") by the FHLB of San Francisco as such cost of funds for the calendar month immediately preceding such interest determination date.

- If the FHLB of San Francisco fails to announce the Eleventh District Index on or prior to such interest determination date for the calendar month immediately preceding such interest determination date, the eleventh district cost of funds rate will remain the eleventh district cost of funds rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

EURIBOR Notes

EURIBOR notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on EURIBOR and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

EURIBOR will be the rate for deposits in euro, as sponsored, calculated and published jointly by the European Banking Federation and ACI—The Financial Market Association, or any company established by the joint sponsors for purposes of compiling and publishing those rates, having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement, commencing on the applicable interest reset date, as the rate appears on Reuters page EURIBOR01 (or any other page as may replace page EURIBOR01) as of 11:00 A.M., Brussels time, on the applicable interest determination date.

The following procedures will be followed if the rate cannot be determined as described above:

- If the above rate does not appear on Reuters page EURIBOR01 (or any other page as may replace page EURIBOR01), or is not so published by 11:00 A.M., Brussels time, on the applicable interest determination date, EURIBOR for such interest determination date will be the rate calculated by the calculation agent as the arithmetic mean of at least two quotations obtained by the calculation agent after requesting the principal Euro-zone (as defined below) offices of four major banks in the Euro-zone interbank market, which may include us, as selected by the calculation agent, to provide the calculation agent with its offered quotation for deposits in euro for the period of the index maturity designated in the applicable pricing supplement, commencing on the applicable interest reset date, to prime banks in the Euro-zone interbank market at approximately 11:00 A.M., Brussels time, on the applicable interest determination date and in a principal amount not less than the equivalent of U.S.\$1,000,000 in euro that is representative for a single transaction in euro in such market at such time.
- If fewer than two quotations are so provided, the rate on the applicable interest determination date will be calculated by the calculation agent and will be the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted at approximately 11:00 A.M., Brussels time, on such interest determination date by four major banks in the Euro-zone interbank market, as selected by the calculation agent, for loans in euro to leading European banks, having the index maturity designated in the applicable pricing supplement, commencing on the applicable interest reset date and in principal amount not less than the equivalent of U.S.\$1,000,000 in euro that is representative for a single transaction in euro in such market at such time.
- If the banks so selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, EURIBOR for that interest determination date will remain EURIBOR for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

"Euro-zone" means the region comprising member states of the European Union that have adopted a single currency in accordance with the relevant treaty of the European Union, as amended.

Federal Funds Rate Notes

Federal funds rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. Those interest rates will be based on the federal funds rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

The "federal funds rate" means, for any interest determination date, the rate on that date for federal funds as published in H.15(519) under the heading "Federal Funds (Effective)" as that rate is displayed on Reuters page FEDFUNDS1 (or any other page as may replace page FEDFUNDS1).

The following procedures will be followed if the federal funds rate cannot be determined as described above:

- If such rate does not appear on Reuters page FEDFUNDS1 (or any other page as may replace page FEDFUNDS1) or is not so published by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the calculation date pertaining to such interest determination date, the Federal Funds Rate will be the rate on such interest determination date as published in H.15 Daily Update, or such other recognized electronic source used for the purpose of displaying such rate, under the heading "Federal Funds (Effective)."
- If such rate does not appear on Reuters page FEDFUNDS1 (or any other page as may replace page FEDFUNDS1) or is not yet published in H.15(519), H.15 Daily Update or another recognized electronic source by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on such calculation date, the Federal Funds Rate will be calculated by the calculation agent and will be the arithmetic mean on such interest determination date of the rates for the last transaction in overnight United States dollar federal funds quoted by each of three leading dealers in federal funds transactions in The City of New York (which may include us or our affiliates) selected by the calculation agent, prior to 9:00 A.M., New York City time, on such interest determination date.
- If the dealers selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the federal funds rate for that interest determination date will remain the federal funds rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

LIBOR Notes

LIBOR notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on the London Interbank Offered Rate, which is commonly referred to as LIBOR, and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

The calculation agent will determine "LIBOR" for each interest determination date as follows:

- As of the interest determination date, LIBOR will be the arithmetic mean of the offered rates appearing on the Reuters Page LIBOR01 (as defined herein), as of 11:00 A.M., London time, on the relevant interest determination date, for deposits of the Designated LIBOR Currency having the relevant index maturity commencing on the relevant interest reset date, if at least two offered rates appear on Reuters Page LIBOR01, provided that if Reuters Page LIBOR01 by its terms provides only for a single rate, that single rate will be used. Your pricing supplement will indicate the Designated LIBOR Currency, the index maturity and the reference page that apply to your LIBOR note. If no reference page is mentioned in your pricing supplement, Reuters Page LIBOR01 will apply to your LIBOR note.
- If (a) fewer than two offered rates appear and the Reuters Page LIBOR01 does not by its terms provide only for a single rate or (b) no rate appears and the Reuters Page LIBOR01 by its terms provides only for a single rate, then the calculation agent will request the principal London offices of each of four major reference banks (which may include us or our affiliates) in the London interbank market, as selected by the calculation agent, to provide the calculation agent with its offered quotation for deposits in the Designated LIBOR Currency for the period of the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement, commencing on the applicable interest reset date, to prime banks in the London interbank market at approximately 11:00 A.M., London time, on such interest determination date and in a principal amount that is representative for a single transaction in the Designated LIBOR Currency in such market at such time. If at least two such quotations are so provided, then LIBOR on such interest determination date will be the arithmetic mean of such quotations.
- If fewer than two such quotations are so provided by the major reference banks, then LIBOR on such interest determination date will be the arithmetic mean of the rates quoted at approximately 11:00 A.M., in the applicable principal financial center, on such interest determination date by three major banks (which may include us or our affiliates) in such principal financial center selected by the calculation agent for loans in the Designated LIBOR Currency to leading European banks, having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement and in a principal amount that is representative for a single transaction in the Designated LIBOR Currency in such market at such time.

- If the banks so selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, LIBOR for that interest determination date will remain LIBOR for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

“Reuters Page LIBOR01” means the display designated as “LIBOR01” on Reuters 3000 Xtra (or any successor service) (or such other page as may replace Page LIBOR01 on Reuters 3000 Xtra or any other successor service).

“Reuters page” means the display on Reuters 3000 Xtra, or any successor service, on the page or pages specified in this prospectus supplement or the relevant pricing supplement, or any replacement page or pages on that service.

Prime Rate Notes

Prime rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on the prime rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier, and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

The “prime rate” means, for any interest determination date, the rate on that date as published in H.15(519) under the heading “Bank Prime Loan.”

The following procedures will be followed if the prime rate cannot be determined as described above:

- If the above rate is not published by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the calculation date pertaining to such interest determination date, the prime rate on such interest determination date will be the rate on such interest determination date as published in H.15 Daily Update, under the heading “U.S. Bank Prime Rates” or in another recognized electronic source used for the purpose of displaying such rate.
- If such rate is not yet published in H.15(519), H.15 Daily Update or another recognized electronic source by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on such calculation date, the prime rate shall be calculated by the calculation agent and will be the arithmetic mean of the rates of interest publicly announced by each bank that appears on the Reuters Screen US PRIME 1 Page (as hereinafter defined) as such bank’s prime rate or base lending rate as of 11:00 A.M., New York City time, on such interest determination date.
- If fewer than four such rates so appear on the Reuters Screen US PRIME 1 Page by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, for such interest determination date, then the prime rate shall be the arithmetic mean of the prime rates or base lending rates quoted on the basis of the actual number of days in the year divided by a 360-day year as of the close of business on such interest determination date by four major money center banks (which may include us or our affiliates) in The City of New York selected by the calculation agent.
- If fewer than four such quotations are so provided, then the prime rate shall be the arithmetic mean of three prime rates quoted on the basis of the actual number of days in the year divided by a 360-day year as of the close of business on such interest determination date as furnished in The City of New York by the major money center banks, if any, that have provided such quotations and by substitute banks or trust companies (which may include us or our affiliates), provided such substitute banks or trust companies are organized and doing business under the laws of the United States, or any State thereof, each having total equity capital of at least \$500 million and being subject to supervision or examination by a Federal or state authority, selected by the calculation agent to provide such rate or rates.
- If the banks or trust companies selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the prime rate for such interest determination date will remain the prime rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

“Reuters Screen US PRIME 1 Page” means the display designated as page “US PRIME 1” on the Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service, or any successor service, or any other page as may replace the US PRIME 1 Page on that service for the purpose of displaying prime rates or base lending rates of major United States banks.

Treasury Rate Notes

Treasury rate notes will bear interest at the interest rates specified in the applicable pricing supplement. That interest rate will be based on the Treasury rate and any spread and/or spread multiplier and will be subject to the minimum interest rate and the maximum interest rate, if any.

The “Treasury rate” will be determined as of each interest determination date relating to a Treasury rate note and will be the rate from the auction held on such interest determination date, which we refer to as the auction, of direct obligations of the United States, which are commonly referred to as “**Treasury Bills**,” having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement as such rate appears on Reuters, or any successor service, on page USAUCTION 10 (or any other page as may replace page USAUCTION 10 on that service), which we refer to as “Reuters Page USAUCTION 10,” or on page USAUCTION 11 (or any other page as may replace page USAUCTION 11 on that service), which we refer to as “Reuters Page USAUCTION 11.”

The following procedures will be followed if the Treasury rate cannot be determined as described above.

- If the above rate is not so published by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the related calculation date, the Treasury rate shall be calculated by the calculation agent and will be the bond equivalent yield (as defined below) of the auction rate for such Treasury Bills as published in H.15 Daily Update, or such other recognized electronic source used for the purposes of displaying such rate, under the caption “U.S. Government Securities/Treasury Bills/Auction High.”
- If such rate is not so published by 3:00 P.M., New York City time, on the related calculation date, the Treasury rate will be calculated by the calculation agent and shall be the bond equivalent yield of the auction rate of such Treasury Bills as announced by the United States Department of the Treasury.
- In the event that the auction rate of Treasury Bills having the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement is not so announced by the United States Department of the Treasury, or if no such auction is held, then the Treasury rate will be calculated by the calculation agent and will be the bond equivalent yield of the arithmetic mean of the secondary market bid rates, as of approximately 3:30 P.M., New York City time, on such interest determination date, of three primary United States government securities dealers (which may include us or our affiliates) selected by the calculation agent, for the issue of Treasury Bills with a remaining maturity closest to the index maturity specified in the applicable pricing supplement.
- If the dealers selected by the calculation agent are not quoting as set forth above, the Treasury rate for such interest determination date will remain the Treasury rate for the immediately preceding interest reset period, or, if there was no interest reset period, the rate of interest payable will be the initial interest rate.

The “**bond equivalent yield**” means a yield (expressed as a percentage) calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{bond equivalent yield} = \frac{D \times N}{360 - (D \times M)} \times 100$$

In this formula, “**D**” refers to the applicable per annum rate for Treasury Bills quoted on a bank discount basis, “**N**” refers to 365 or 366, as the case may be, and “**M**” refers to the actual number of days in the interest period for which interest is being calculated.

Interest and Principal Payments

Paying Agent

We have appointed Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, 60 Wall Street, New York, NY 10005 as our current paying agent for the notes. We may appoint one or more financial institutions to act as our paying agents at whose designated offices notes in certificated (*i.e.*, definitive) form may be surrendered for payment at their maturity. We may add, replace or terminate paying agents from time to time. We may also choose to act as our own paying agent. We will notify you of changes in the paying agents.

Payments of Interest

The paying agent will pay interest, if any, to the person in whose name the note is registered at the close of business on the applicable record date. However, upon maturity, redemption or repayment, the paying agent will pay any interest due to the person to whom it pays the principal of the note. The paying agent will make the payment of interest on the date of maturity, redemption or repayment, whether or not that date is an interest payment date. The paying agent will make the initial interest payment on a note on the first interest payment date falling after the date of issuance. However, if the period of time between the issue date and the first interest payment date thereafter is less than the period of time between a record date and an interest payment date, interest will not be paid on the first interest payment date, but will be paid on the second interest payment date.

Book-entry and other indirect owners should consult their banks or brokers for information on how they will receive payments on their notes.

Payment Procedures for Notes Denominated in U.S. Dollars

Payments on Global Notes. The paying agent will make payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, to the account of the Depositary, as holder of the global notes, by wire transfer of immediately available funds or transfer of other property. We expect that the Depositary, upon receipt of any payment, will immediately credit its participants' accounts in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the global notes as shown on the records of the Depositary. We also expect that payments by the Depositary's participants to owners of beneficial interests in the global notes will be governed by standing customer instructions and customary practices and will be the responsibility of those participants.

Payments on Certificated Notes. The paying agent will make U.S. dollar payments on the notes as follows:

- the principal, premium (if any) or interest (if any) due at maturity or, if applicable, earlier redemption or repayment, shall be paid in immediately available funds or transfer of other property only upon presentation of such certificated note at the corporate trust office of the paying agent;
- the interest (if any) due on each interest payment date (other than interest payable at maturity, early redemption or repayment) shall be paid by check mailed to the record holder of such certificated note on the record date; or
- for holders of the equivalent of at least U.S. \$10,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of certificated notes (having identical tenor and terms), the interest shall be paid on each interest payment date by wire transfer of immediately available funds, if appropriate wire transfer instructions have been received by the paying agent not less than 16 days prior to such interest payment date.

Payment Procedures for Notes Denominated in a Foreign Currency

Payments on Global Notes. While we anticipate making payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on most debt securities in U.S. dollars, some debt securities may be payable in foreign currencies as specified in the applicable pricing supplement. Currently, few facilities exist in the United States to convert U.S. dollars into foreign currencies and vice versa. In addition, most U.S. banks do not offer non-U.S. dollar denominated checking or savings account facilities. Accordingly, unless alternative arrangements are made, we will pay principal, premium, if any, and interest, if any, on debt securities that are payable in a foreign currency to an account at a bank outside the United States, which, in the case of a debt security payable in euro, will be made by credit or transfer to a euro account specified by the payee in a country for which the euro is the lawful currency.

Payments on Certificated Notes. Payments made by us on foreign currency notes will be made in U.S. dollars, unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement or unless the holder elects to receive payments in the specified currency (if this right is set forth in the applicable pricing supplement). If so specified, a holder may elect to receive payment in the specified currency for certain specified payments or all payments (in which case a holder would no longer need to file a separate election for each payment). To make such an election, the paying agent must receive a written request from the holder:

- for payments of interest, on a date prior to the record date for the relevant interest payment date; or
- for payments of principal, at least 10 calendar days prior to the maturity date (or any redemption date or repayment date);

provided, that any such election is irrevocable as to the next succeeding payment to which it relates. If such election is made as to full payment on a note, the election may thereafter be revoked so long as the paying agent is notified of the revocation within the time period set forth above.

Banks in the United States offer non-U.S. dollar-denominated checking or savings account facilities in the United States only on a limited basis. Accordingly, unless otherwise indicated in the applicable pricing supplement, payments of principal of, premium (if any) and interest (if any) on foreign currency notes to be made in a specified currency other than U.S. dollars will be made to an account at a bank outside the United States that is acceptable to both us and the paying agent, unless we agree to alternative arrangements.

Indirect holders (including those who hold notes in street name) should consult their banks or broker-dealers for information on how to request payment in the specified currency and to ascertain the deadline for giving instructions to them in order to ensure that timely notice will be delivered to the paying agent.

If the holder does not elect to be paid in the specified currency, we will make payments in U.S. dollars as follows:

- the principal, premium (if any) or interest (if any) due at maturity or, if applicable, earlier redemption or repayment, shall be paid in immediately available funds only upon presentation of such certificated note at the corporate trust office of the paying agent;
- the interest (if any) due on each interest payment date (other than interest payable at maturity, early redemption or repayment) shall be paid by check mailed to the record holder of such certificated note on the record date; or
- for holders of the equivalent of at least U.S. \$10,000,000 in one or more foreign currencies or currency units in aggregate principal amount of certificated notes (having identical tenor and terms), the interest shall be paid on each interest payment date by wire transfer of immediately available funds, if appropriate wire transfer instructions have been received by the paying agent not less than 16 days prior to such interest payment date.

Determination of Exchange Rate for Payments in U.S. Dollars for Notes Denominated in a Foreign Currency. Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, will act as exchange rate agent and convert the specified currency into U.S. dollars for holders who will be receiving payments in U.S. dollars rather than the specified currency. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable pricing supplement, the conversion will be based on the highest bid quotation in The City of New York received by the exchange rate agent at approximately 11:00 A.M., New York City time, on the second business day preceding the applicable payment date from three recognized foreign exchange dealers for the purchase by the quoting dealer:

- of the specified currency for U.S. dollars for settlement on the payment date;
- in the aggregate amount of the specified currency payable to those holders or beneficial owners of notes; and
- at which the applicable dealer commits to execute a contract.

One of the dealers providing quotations may be the exchange rate agent, even if such agent is an affiliate of ours. If those bid quotations are not available, payments will be made in the specified currency. The holders or beneficial owners of notes will pay all currency exchange costs by deductions from the amounts payable on the notes.

Adoption of Euro. If a country that is or becomes a member state of the European Union decides to participate in Stage III of the European Economic and Monetary Union (EMU) and adopts or has adopted the euro, then all payment amounts in respect of notes denominated or payable in the currency of such country will be calculated in euro in conformity with legally applicable measures taken pursuant to, or by virtue of, applicable law, and such payment will not constitute an event of default under the senior indenture or the notes. However, a holder will receive actual payment on such notes in U.S. dollars instead of euro, as described in “—Payment on Global Notes” and “—Payment on Certificated Notes” above, unless the appropriate election is made to receive the payment in the specified currency.

Unavailability of Foreign Currency. The relevant specified currency may not be available to us for making payments of principal of, premium on (if any) or interest (if any) on any note. This could occur (a) due to the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond our control; (b) if a currency unit is no longer used

for the purposes for which it was established; or (c) if the specified currency is no longer used by the government of the country issuing that currency or by public institutions within the international banking community for the settlement of transactions, in each such case as determined in good faith by us.

Except with respect to notes denominated or payable in currencies of existing members of, or candidate countries to the European Union, that subsequently adopt the euro (as described in “—Adoption of Euro” above), if the specified currency is unavailable, we may satisfy our obligations to holders of the notes by making those payments on the date of payment in U.S. dollars or such foreign currency or currency unit as may be specified in the applicable pricing supplement. This “substitute currency” will become the currency of payment on each payment date occurring after the last date on which the specified currency was available, which we refer to as the “conversion date” (but such specified currency will, at our election, resume being the currency of payment on the first such payment date preceded by 15 business days during which the circumstances which gave rise to the change of currency no longer prevail, in each case, as determined in good faith by us).

The substitute currency amount to be paid by us to the paying agent and by the paying agent to the holder of a note with respect to such payment date will be the currency equivalent or currency unit equivalent (each as defined below) of the specified currency as determined by the exchange rate agent (which determination will be delivered in writing to the paying agent not later than the fifth business day prior to the applicable payment date) as of the conversion date or, if later, the date most recently preceding the payment date in question on which such determination is possible of performance, but not more than 15 business days before such payment date. Such conversion date or date preceding a payment date is referred to as the “**substitute currency valuation date**.” Any payment in a substitute currency under the circumstances described above will not constitute an event of default under the notes.

The “**currency equivalent**” will be determined by the exchange rate agent as of each substitute currency valuation date and will be obtained by converting the specified currency (unless the specified currency is a currency unit) into the substitute currency at the market exchange rate (as defined below) on the substitute currency valuation date.

The “**currency unit equivalent**” will be determined by the exchange rate agent as of each substitute currency valuation date and will be the sum obtained by adding together the results obtained by converting the specified amount of each initial component currency into the substitute currency at the market exchange rate on the substitute currency valuation date for such component currency.

“**Component currency**” means any currency which, on the conversion date, was a component currency of the relevant currency unit.

“**Market exchange rate**” means, as of any date, for any specified currency (including any currency unit), the noon buying rate for such currency in New York City for cable transfers payable in foreign currencies, as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. If the market exchange rate is not available for any reason with respect to one or more currencies or currency units for which an exchange rate is required, the exchange rate agent will use, in its sole discretion and without liability on its part, such quotation of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as of the most recent available date, or quotations from one or more major banks in New York City or in the country of issue of the currency or currency unit in question, or such other quotations as the exchange rate agent shall deem appropriate. If there is more than one market for dealing in any currency or currency unit by reason of foreign exchange regulations or otherwise, the market to be used in respect of such currency or currency unit will be that upon which a non-resident issuer of securities designated in such currency or currency unit would, as determined in its sole discretion and without liability on the part of the exchange rate agent, purchase such currency or currency unit in order to make payments in respect of such securities.

“**Specified amount**” of a component currency means the number of units (including decimals) which such component currency represented in the relevant currency unit, on the conversion date or the substitute currency valuation date or the last date the currency unit was so used, whichever is later. If after such date the official unit of any component currency is altered by way of combination or subdivision, the specified amount of such component currency will be divided or multiplied in the same proportion. If after such date two or more component currencies are consolidated into a single currency, the respective specified amounts of such component currencies will be replaced by an amount in such single currency equal to the sum of the respective specified amounts of such consolidated component currencies expressed in such single currency, and such amount will thereafter be a specified amount and such single currency will thereafter be a component currency. If after such date any component currency will be divided into two or more currencies, the specified amount of such component currency will be replaced by specified amounts of such two or more currencies, the sum of which, at the market exchange rate of such two or more currencies on the date of such replacement, will be equal to the

specified amount of such former component currency and such amounts will thereafter be specified amounts and such currencies will thereafter be component currencies.

All determinations referred to above made by us will be at our sole discretion and will, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive for all purposes and binding on holders.

Exchange Rate Agent. If we issue a note in a specified currency other than U.S. dollars, we will appoint a financial institution to act as the exchange rate agent. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the exchange rate agent will be Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch. We may change the exchange rate agent from time to time after the original issue date of the note without your consent and without notifying you of the change.

All determinations made by the exchange rate agent will be at its sole discretion unless we state in a pricing supplement that any determination is subject to our approval. In the absence of manifest error, those determinations will be conclusive for all purposes and binding on you and us, without any liability on the party of the exchange rate agent.

Redemptions and Repurchases of Notes

Optional Redemption. Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable pricing supplement, the notes will not be redeemable prior to maturity. If redemption is provided for in the applicable pricing supplement, we will have the option to redeem a note on and after the date, if any, fixed at the time of sale, which we refer to as the initial redemption date. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, on and after a note's initial redemption date, we will have the option to redeem such note in whole or in part in increments of \$1,000 principal amount (or, if such note is denominated in a foreign currency, in such other amount in one or more foreign currencies or currency units as shall be set forth in the applicable pricing supplement) at a redemption price determined in accordance with the following, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, payable on the date of redemption.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the redemption price for each note or part thereof subject to redemption shall be:

- (i) in the case of an interest-bearing note, the principal amount of such note or part thereof redeemed, or
- (ii) in the case of a non-interest-bearing note, an amount equal to the issue price thereof plus accrued original issue discount to the redemption date,

multiplied in each case by an initial redemption percentage, which shall be the percentage set forth in the applicable pricing supplement, of, in the case of a non-interest-bearing note, the face amount (and in the case of an interest-bearing note, the principal amount) of such note and, if applicable, shall decline on each anniversary of the initial redemption date by the annual redemption percentage reduction set forth in the applicable pricing supplement; *provided, however*, that in no event shall the redemption price be less than 100% of such principal amount or face amount, as the case may be, unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement. The initial redemption percentage and any annual redemption percentage reduction with respect to each note subject to redemption prior to maturity will be fixed at the time of sale and set forth in the applicable pricing supplement. We will mail a notice of redemption to each holder by first-class mail, postage prepaid, at least 30 days and not more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption, or within the redemption notice period designated in the applicable pricing supplement, to the address of each holder as that address appears upon the books maintained by the paying agent.

Repayment at Option of Holder. If applicable, the pricing supplement relating to each note will indicate that the holder has the option to have us repay the note on one or more optional repayment dates specified prior to its maturity date. Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the repayment price will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the note, together with accrued interest to the date of repayment. For notes issued with original issue discount, the repayment price is described under "Description of Notes—Types of Notes—Original Issue Discount Notes."

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, for us to repay a note, the paying agent must receive the following at least 30 days but not more than 60 days prior to the repayment date:

- the note with the form entitled "Option to Elect Repayment" (as included in the applicable pricing supplement); or

- a telegram, telex, facsimile transmission or a letter from a member of a national securities exchange or FINRA, or from a commercial bank or trust company in the United States, setting forth the name of the holder of the note, the principal amount of the note, the principal amount of the note to be repaid, the certificate number or a description of the tenor and terms of the note, a statement that the option to elect repayment is being exercised and a guarantee that the note to be repaid, together with the duly completed form entitled "Option to Elect Repayment," with any unmatured coupons will be received by the paying agent not later than the fifth business day after the date of that telegram, telex, facsimile transmission or letter. However, the telegram, telex, facsimile transmission or letter will only be effective if that note and form duly completed are received by the paying agent by the fifth business day after the date of that telegram, telex, facsimile transmission or letter.

Exercise of the repayment option by the holder of a note will be irrevocable. The holder may exercise the repayment option for less than the entire principal amount of the note but, in that event, the principal amount of the note remaining outstanding after repayment must be an authorized denomination.

Special Requirements for Optional Repayment of Global Notes. If a note is represented by a global note, the Depositary or the Depositary's nominee will be the holder of the note and therefore will be the only entity that can exercise a right to repayment. In order to ensure that the Depositary's nominee will timely exercise a right to repayment of a particular note, the beneficial owner of the note must instruct the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in the note to notify the Depositary of its desire to exercise a right to repayment. Different firms have different cut-off times for accepting instructions from their customers and, accordingly, each beneficial owner should consult the broker or other direct or indirect participant through which it holds an interest in a note in order to ascertain the cut-off time by which an instruction must be given in order for timely notice to be delivered to the Depositary.

Street name and other indirect owners should contact their banks or brokers for information about how to exercise a repayment right in a timely manner.

Open Market Purchases. We may purchase notes at any price in the open market or otherwise. Notes so purchased by us may, at our discretion, be held or resold or surrendered to the trustee for cancellation.

Form, Exchange and Transfer

Certificated (*i.e.*, definitive) notes may be registered or transferred at the office of Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, 60 Wall Street, New York, New York, 10005, as our current transfer agent for the transfer and exchange of the notes. If a note is issued as a global note, only the depositary will be entitled to transfer and exchange the note as described in this subsection, because it will be the only holder of the note. Global notes may be transferred and exchanged only in the manner and to the extent set forth under "Forms of Securities—Global Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.

Transfer Agent. We may appoint entities other than, or in addition to, the trustee to perform the functions of a transfer agent, or we may perform them ourselves. We may cancel the appointment of any particular transfer agent. We may also approve a change in the office through which any transfer agent acts. If we have designated additional transfer agents for a particular note, they will be named in the applicable pricing supplement.

Redemptions and Repurchases. We will not be required to:

- register the transfer or exchange of any note if the holder has exercised the holder's right, if any, to require us to repurchase the note, in whole or in part, except the portion of the note not required to be repurchased;
- register the transfer or exchange of notes to be redeemed for a period of fifteen calendar days preceding the mailing of the relevant notice of redemption; or
- register the transfer or exchange of any registered note selected for redemption in whole or in part, except the unredeemed or unpaid portion of that registered note being redeemed in part.

Charges. No service charge will be made for any registration or transfer or exchange of notes, but we may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection with the registration of transfer or exchange of notes.

Replacement of Notes

At the expense of the holder, we may, in our discretion, replace any notes that become mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen or are apparently destroyed, lost or stolen. The mutilated notes must be delivered to the trustee, the paying agent and the registrar or satisfactory evidence of the destruction, loss or theft of the notes must be delivered to us, the paying agent, the registrar and the trustee. At the expense of the holder, an indemnity that is satisfactory to us, the principal paying agent, the registrar, in the case of registered notes, and the trustee may be required before a replacement note will be issued.

THE DEPOSITARY

The Depositary Trust Company, New York, New York will be designated as the depositary for any registered global note. Each registered global note will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., the Depositary's nominee.

What Is the Depositary? The Depositary is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Depositary holds and provides asset servicing for securities deposited with it by its direct participants. The Depositary also facilitates the post-trade settlement of transactions among its direct participants in those securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in participants' accounts, eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. The Depositary's direct participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, including the agents, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and other organizations, some of whom and/or their representatives own the Depositary. Access to the Depositary's book-entry system is also available to others, including both U.S. and non-U.S. brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly. The rules applicable to the Depositary and its participants are on file with the SEC.

Beneficial Ownership Interests and the Depositary's Book-Entry System. Purchases of the notes under the Depositary's system must be made by or through its direct participants, which will receive a credit for the notes on the Depositary's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each note (the "**beneficial owner**") is in turn to be recorded on the records of direct and indirect participants. Beneficial owners will not receive written confirmation from the Depositary of their purchase, but beneficial owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the direct or indirect participants through which the beneficial owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the notes are to be made by entries on the books of direct and indirect participants acting on behalf of beneficial owners. Beneficial owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in notes, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the notes is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all notes deposited with the Depositary are registered in the name of Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by the Depositary. The deposit of notes with the Depositary and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee of the Depositary do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. The Depositary has no knowledge of the actual beneficial owners of the notes; the Depositary's records reflect only the identity of the direct participants to whose accounts the notes are credited, which may or may not be the beneficial owners. The participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Notices and Communications. Conveyance of notices and other communications by the Depositary to direct participants, by direct participants to indirect participants and by direct participants and indirect participants to beneficial owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Voting. Neither the Depositary nor Cede & Co. (nor such other nominee of the Depositary) will consent or vote with respect to the notes unless authorized by a direct participant in accordance with the Depositary's procedures. Under its usual procedures, the Depositary mails an omnibus proxy to us as soon as possible after the applicable record date. The omnibus proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those direct participants identified in a listing attached to the omnibus proxy to whose accounts the notes are credited on the record date.

Payments. Redemption proceeds, distributions and other payments on the notes will be made to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by the Depositary. The Depositary's practice is to credit direct participants' accounts upon the Depositary's receipt of funds or other property and corresponding detail information from us or any agent of ours, on the date payable in accordance with their respective holdings shown on the Depositary's records. Payments by participants to beneficial owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices and will be the responsibility of such participant and not of the Depositary or its nominee, the trustee, any agent of ours, or us, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements that may be in effect from time to time. Payments of redemption proceeds, distributions and other payments to Cede & Co. or such other nominee as may be requested by the Depositary are our responsibility or the responsibility of any paying agent of ours, disbursement of such payments to direct participants will be the responsibility of the

Depository and disbursement of such payments to the beneficial owners will be the responsibility of direct and indirect participants.

Discontinuance of the Depository. The Depository may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the notes at any time by giving reasonable notice to us or our agent. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained by us within 90 days, security certificates are required to be printed and delivered. See “Forms of Securities—Global Securities” in the accompanying prospectus.

We may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through the Depository or any successor depository. In that event, security certificates will be printed and delivered. See “Forms of Securities—Global Securities” in the accompanying prospectus.

According to the Depository, the foregoing information relating to the Depository has been provided to the financial community for informational purposes only and is not intended to serve as a representation, warranty or contract modification of any kind. The information in this section concerning the Depository and its book-entry system has been obtained from sources we believe to be reliable, but we have not independently verified the accuracy thereof. The Depository may change or discontinue the foregoing procedures at any time. See “Form of Securities” in the accompanying prospectus for additional information about the form of notes.

SERIES A NOTES OFFERED ON A GLOBAL BASIS

If we offer any of the notes under our Series A program on a global basis, we will so specify in the applicable pricing supplement. The additional information contained in this section under “—Book Entry, Delivery and Form” and “—Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures” will apply to every offering on a global basis. The additional provisions described under “—Tax Redemption” and “—Payment of Additional Amounts” will apply to notes offered on a global basis only if we so specify in the applicable pricing supplement. We have obtained the information in this section concerning Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator, and the book-entry system and procedures from sources that we believe to be reliable, but we have not independently verified the accuracy of this information.

Book-Entry, Delivery and Form

The notes will be issued in the form of one or more fully registered global notes which will be deposited with, or on behalf of, the Depositary and registered in the name of Cede & Co., the Depositary's nominee. Beneficial interests in the registered global notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in the Depositary. If specified in the applicable pricing supplement, investors may elect to hold interests in the registered global notes held by the Depositary through Clearstream, Luxembourg or the Euroclear operator if they are participants in those systems, or indirectly through organizations which are participants in those systems. Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator will hold interests on behalf of their participants through customers' securities accounts in Clearstream, Luxembourg's and the Euroclear operator's names on the books of their respective U.S. depositories, which in turn will hold such interests in the registered global notes in customers' securities accounts in the U.S. depositories' names on the books of the Depositary. Citibank N.A. will act as depositary for Clearstream, Luxembourg and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. will act as depositary for the Euroclear operator. We refer to each of Citibank, N.A. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., acting in this depositary capacity, as the “**U.S. depositary**” for the relevant clearing system. Except as set forth below, the registered global notes may be transferred, in whole but not in part, only to the Depositary, another nominee of the Depositary or to a successor of the Depositary or its nominee.

Clearstream, Luxembourg has advised us that it is incorporated under the laws of Luxembourg as a société anonyme and is subject to regulation by the Luxembourg Commission for the Supervision of the Financial Sector (Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier). Clearstream, Luxembourg is owned by Deutsche Börse AG, a publicly traded company. Clearstream, Luxembourg holds securities for its participating customers, “**Clearstream, Luxembourg customers**,” and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Clearstream, Luxembourg customers through electronic book-entry transfers between their accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities. Clearstream, Luxembourg provides other services to Clearstream, Luxembourg customers, including safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement of internationally traded securities and securities lending and borrowing. Clearstream, Luxembourg interfaces with domestic securities markets in many countries through established depository and custodial relationships. Clearstream, Luxembourg customers include worldwide securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations and may include professional financial intermediaries. Clearstream, Luxembourg's U.S. participating customers are limited to securities brokers, dealers and banks. Indirect access to Clearstream, Luxembourg is also available to other institutions such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Clearstream, Luxembourg customer. Clearstream, Luxembourg is an indirect participant in the Depositary. Clearstream, Luxembourg has established an electronic bridge with the Euroclear operator to facilitate settlement of trades between Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator.

Distributions with respect to the notes held through Clearstream, Luxembourg will be credited to cash accounts of Clearstream, Luxembourg customers in accordance with its rules and procedures, to the extent received by the U.S. depositary for Clearstream, Luxembourg.

The Euroclear operator has advised us that the Euroclear System was created in 1968 to hold securities for its participants, “Euroclear participants,” and to clear and settle transactions between Euroclear participants through simultaneous electronic book-entry delivery against payment, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities. The Euroclear System is operated by Euroclear Bank SA/NV (the Euroclear operator), under contract with Euroclear plc, a U.K. corporation. The Euroclear operator conducts all operations, and all Euroclear securities clearance accounts and Euroclear cash accounts are accounts with the Euroclear operator, not Euroclear plc. Euroclear plc establishes policies for the Euroclear operator on behalf of Euroclear participants. The Euroclear operator is a bank incorporated under the laws of the Kingdom of Belgium. The

Euroclear operator is regulated and examined by the Belgian Banking and Finance Commission and the National Bank of Belgium.

The Euroclear operator holds securities and book-entry interests in securities for participating organizations and facilitates the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between Euroclear participants and between Euroclear participants and participants of certain other securities intermediaries through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of such participants or other securities intermediaries. Euroclear participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks (including central banks), trust companies and clearing corporations and other professional financial intermediaries. Indirect access to Euroclear is also available to other institutions such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Euroclear participant. Euroclear is an indirect participant in the Depositary.

The Euroclear operator provides Euroclear participants with, among other things, safekeeping, administration, clearance and settlement, securities lending and borrowing and related services.

Non-participants of Euroclear may acquire, hold and transfer book-entry interests in notes through accounts with a direct participant of Euroclear or any other securities intermediary that holds a book-entry interest in the notes through one or more securities intermediaries standing between such other securities intermediary and the Euroclear operator.

Securities clearance accounts and cash accounts with the Euroclear operator are governed by the Terms and Conditions Governing Use of Euroclear and the related Operating Procedures of the Euroclear System, and applicable Belgian law, collectively, the "terms and conditions." The terms and conditions govern transfers of securities and cash within the Euroclear System, withdrawals of securities and cash from the Euroclear System and receipts of payments with respect to securities in the Euroclear System. All securities in the Euroclear System are held on a fungible basis without attribution of specific certificates to specific securities clearance accounts. The Euroclear operator acts under the terms and conditions only on behalf of Euroclear participants and has no record of or relationship with persons holding through Euroclear participants.

Distributions with respect to the notes held beneficially through the Euroclear System will be credited to the cash accounts of Euroclear participants in accordance with the terms and conditions, to the extent received by the U.S. depositary for the Euroclear operator.

Although the Euroclear operator has agreed to the procedures provided below in order to facilitate transfers of securities among Euroclear participants and between Euroclear participants and participants of other intermediaries, it is under no obligation to perform or continue to perform in accordance with such procedures, and such procedures may be modified or discontinued at any time.

Investors electing to acquire securities through an account with the Euroclear operator or some other securities intermediary must follow the settlement procedures of such an intermediary with respect to the settlement of new issues of securities. Investors electing to acquire, hold or transfer securities through an account with the Euroclear operator or some other securities intermediary must follow the settlement procedures of such an intermediary with respect to the settlement of secondary market transactions of such securities.

Investors who are Euroclear participants may acquire, hold or transfer interests in securities by book-entry to accounts with the Euroclear operator. Investors who are not Euroclear participants may acquire, hold or transfer interests in securities by book-entry to accounts with a securities intermediary who holds a book-entry interest in these securities through accounts with Euroclear.

The Euroclear operator further advises that investors that acquire, hold and transfer interests in securities by book-entry through accounts with the Euroclear operator or any other securities intermediary are subject to the laws and contractual provisions governing their relationship with their intermediary, as well as the laws and contractual provisions governing the relationship between their intermediary and each other intermediary, if any, standing between themselves and the securities.

The Euroclear operator further advises that, under Belgian law, investors that are credited with securities on the records of the Euroclear operator have a co-property right in the fungible pool of interests in securities on deposit with the Euroclear operator in an amount equal to the amount of interests in securities credited to their accounts. In the event of the insolvency of the Euroclear operator, Euroclear participants would have a right under Belgian law to the return of the amount and type of interests in securities credited to their accounts with the Euroclear operator. If the Euroclear operator does not have a sufficient amount of interests in securities on deposit of a particular type to cover the claims of all participants credited with interests in securities of that type on

the Euroclear operator's records, all participants having an amount of interests in securities of that type credited to their accounts with the Euroclear operator will have the right under Belgian law to the return of their pro rata share of the amount of interests in securities actually on deposit.

Under Belgian law, the Euroclear operator is required to pass on the benefits of ownership in any interests in securities on deposit with it (such as dividends, voting rights and other entitlements) to any person credited with those interests in securities on its records.

Individual certificates in respect of the notes will not be issued in exchange for the registered global notes, except in very limited circumstances. If the Depositary notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as a clearing system in connection with the registered global notes or ceases to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act, and a successor clearing system is not appointed by us within 90 days after receiving that notice from the Depositary or upon becoming aware that the Depositary is no longer so registered, we will issue or cause to be issued individual certificates in registered form on registration of transfer of, or in exchange for, book-entry interests in the notes represented by registered global notes upon delivery of those registered global notes for cancellation.

Title to book-entry interests in the notes will pass by book-entry registration of the transfer within the records of Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Euroclear operator or the Depositary, as the case may be, in accordance with their respective procedures. Book-entry interests in the notes may be transferred within Clearstream, Luxembourg and within the Euroclear System and between Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear System in accordance with procedures established for these purposes by Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator. Book-entry interests in the notes may be transferred within the Depositary in accordance with procedures established for this purpose by the Depositary. Transfers of book-entry interests in the notes among Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator and the Depositary may be effected in accordance with procedures established for this purpose by Clearstream, Luxembourg, the Euroclear operator and the Depositary.

A further description of the Depositary's procedures with respect to the registered global notes is set forth in this prospectus supplement under "The Depositary." The Depositary has confirmed to us, DBSI, DBTCA and the trustee that it intends to follow those procedures.

Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures

Initial settlement for the notes offered on a global basis will be made in immediately available funds. Secondary market trading between the Depositary's participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with the Depositary's rules and will be settled in immediately available funds using the Depositary's Same-Day Funds Settlement System. Secondary market trading between Clearstream, Luxembourg customers and/or Euroclear participants will occur in the ordinary way in accordance with the applicable rules and operating procedures of Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear System and will be settled using the procedures applicable to conventional Eurobonds in immediately available funds.

Cross-market transfers between persons holding directly or indirectly through the Depositary on the one hand, and directly or indirectly through Clearstream, Luxembourg customers or Euroclear participants, on the other, will be effected through the Depositary in accordance with the Depositary's rules on behalf of the relevant European international clearing system by its U.S. depositary; however, these cross-market transactions will require delivery of instructions to the relevant European international clearing system by the counterparty in the clearing system in accordance with its rules and procedures and within its established deadlines (European time). The relevant European international clearing system will, if the transaction meets its settlement requirements, deliver instructions to its U.S. depositary to take action to effect final settlement on its behalf by delivering interests in the notes to or receiving interests in the notes from the Depositary, and making or receiving payment in accordance with normal procedures for same-day funds settlement applicable to the Depositary. Clearstream, Luxembourg customers and Euroclear participants may not deliver instructions directly to their respective U.S. depositaries.

Because of time-zone differences, credits of interests in the notes received in Clearstream, Luxembourg or the Euroclear System as a result of a transaction with a Depositary participant will be made during subsequent securities settlement processing and dated the business day following the Depositary settlement date. Credits of interests or any transactions involving interests in the notes received in Clearstream, Luxembourg or the Euroclear System as a result of a transaction with a Depositary participant and settled during subsequent securities settlement processing will be reported to the relevant Clearstream, Luxembourg customers or Euroclear participants on the business day following the Depositary settlement date. Cash received in Clearstream, Luxembourg or the Euroclear System as a result of sales of interests in the notes by or through a Clearstream,

Luxembourg customer or a Euroclear participant to a Depositary participant will be received with value on the Depositary settlement date but will be available in the relevant Clearstream, Luxembourg or Euroclear cash account only as of the business day following settlement in the Depositary.

Although the Depositary, Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator have agreed to the foregoing procedures in order to facilitate transfers of interests in the notes among participants of the Depositary, Clearstream, Luxembourg and Euroclear, they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform the foregoing procedures and these procedures may be changed or discontinued at any time.

Tax Redemption

If specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we may redeem, in whole but not in part, any of the notes under our Series A program offered on a global basis at our option at any time prior to maturity, upon the giving of a notice of tax redemption as described below, if we determine that, as a result of:

- any change in or amendment to the laws, or any regulations or rulings promulgated under the laws of a relevant jurisdiction (as defined below), or of any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein affecting taxation; or
- any change in official position regarding the application or interpretation of the laws, regulations or rulings referred to above, which change or amendment becomes effective or, in the case of a change in official position, is announced, on or after the date of the applicable pricing supplement,

we have or will become obligated to pay additional amounts, as defined below under “—Payment of Additional Amounts,” with respect to any of those notes as described below under “—Payment of Additional Amounts.” The redemption price will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes, except as otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, “Description of Notes—Original Issue Discount Notes,” or “Description of Notes—Exchangeable Notes—Payments upon Acceleration of Maturity or upon Tax Redemption,” together with any accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

Prior to the giving of any notice of tax redemption, we will deliver to the trustee:

- a certificate stating that we are entitled to effect the redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to our right to so redeem have occurred; and
- an opinion of independent legal counsel satisfactory to the trustee to the effect that we are entitled to effect the redemption based on the statement of facts set forth in the certificate;

provided that no notice of tax redemption may be given earlier than 60 days prior to the earliest date on which we would be obligated to pay the additional amounts if a payment in respect of the notes were then due.

Notice of tax redemption will be given not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the date fixed for redemption, which date and the applicable redemption price will be specified in the notice. Notice will be given in accordance with “—Notices” below.

The term “**relevant jurisdiction**” as used herein means Germany, the United States or the jurisdiction of residence or incorporation of any successor corporation to the Bank and the jurisdiction of any relevant issuing branch.

Payment of Additional Amounts

Every net payment of the principal of and interest on any of the notes under our Series A program offered on a global basis, and any other amounts payable on such note, will be made without any withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties or governmental charges of any nature whatsoever imposed, levied or collected by or on behalf of any relevant jurisdiction, or by or on behalf of any political subdivision or authority therein or thereof having the power to tax (“**withholding taxes**”) unless such deduction or withholding is required by law. In such event, and if (but only if) specified in the applicable pricing supplement, we will, with respect to any of the notes and subject to certain exceptions and limitations set forth below, pay any additional amounts (the “**additional amounts**”) to the beneficial owners of any note as may be necessary in order that every net payment of the principal of and interest on such note and any other amounts payable on such note, after withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future tax, assessment or governmental charge imposed upon or as a result of the payment by a relevant jurisdiction, as defined above under “—Tax

Redemption,” or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein, will not be less than the amount provided for in such note to be then due and payable.

We will not, however, make any payment of additional amounts to any beneficial owner on account of:

- any present or future tax, assessment or other governmental charge that would not have been so imposed but for
 - the existence of any present or former connection between a holder or beneficial owner of a note and any relevant jurisdiction other than the mere holding or beneficial ownership of the note;
 - the presentation by or on behalf of the holder of a note for payment on a date more than 15 days after the date on which payment became due and payable or the date on which payment of the note is duly provided for, whichever occurs later; or
 - a failure by the holder or beneficial owner of a note (or any financial institution through which the holder or beneficial owner holds the note or through which payment on the note is made) to enter into an agreement described in Section 1471(b)(1) of the Code or otherwise comply with Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code or any regulations promulgated thereunder;
- any estate, inheritance, gift, sales, transfer, excise, or personal property tax or any similar tax, assessment or governmental charge;
- any tax, assessment or other governmental charge that is payable otherwise than by withholding or deduction from payments on or in respect of a note;
- any tax, assessment or other governmental charge required to be withheld by any paying agent from any payment of principal of, or interest on, a note, if payment can be made without withholding by any other paying agent;
- any tax, assessment or other governmental charge that would not have been imposed but for the failure of the holder or beneficial owner of a note to comply with certification, information or other reporting requirements concerning the nationality, residence or identity of the holder or beneficial owner of the note, if compliance is required by statute or by regulation of a relevant jurisdiction or of any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein as a precondition to relief or exemption from the tax, assessment or other governmental charge; or
- any combination of the items listed above.

In addition, we will not be required to make any payment of additional amounts with respect to any note presented for payment:

- with respect to any withholding taxes which are deducted or withheld pursuant to (i) European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any other European Union Directive or Regulation implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000 on the taxation of savings income, or (ii) any international treaty or understanding entered into for the purpose of facilitating cooperation in the reporting and collection of savings income and to which (x) the United States, and (y) the European Union or Germany is a party, or (iii) any provision of law implementing, or complying with, or introduced to conform with, such Directive, Regulation, treaty or understanding;
- to the extent such deduction or withholding can be avoided or reduced if the holder or beneficial owner of the note makes a declaration of non-residence or other similar claim for exemption to the relevant tax authority or complies with any reasonable certification, documentation, information or other reporting requirement imposed by the relevant tax authority; provided, however, that the exclusion in this clause will not apply if the certification, information, documentation or other reporting requirement would be materially more onerous (in form, procedure or substance of information required to be disclosed) to the holder or beneficial owner of the note than comparable information or other reporting requirements imposed under U.S. tax law, regulations and administrative practice (such as IRS Forms W-8 and W-9); or
- by or on behalf of a holder that would have been able to avoid such withholding or deduction by presenting the relevant note to another paying agent in a member state of the European Union,

nor will we pay additional amounts with respect to any payment on a note to a holder who is a fiduciary or partnership or other than the sole beneficial owner of the payment to the extent the payment would be required by the laws of a relevant jurisdiction (or any political subdivision thereof) to be included in the income, for tax purposes, of a beneficiary or settlor with respect to the fiduciary, or a member of the partnership, or a beneficial owner that would not have been entitled to the additional amounts had the beneficiary, settlor, member or beneficial owner been the holder of the note.

Notices

Notices to holders of the notes will be given by mailing such notices to each holder by first class mail, postage prepaid, at the respective address of each holder as that address appears upon our books. Notices to be given to holders of a global note will be given only to the Depositary, as the registered holder, in accordance with its applicable policies as in effect from time to time. We expect that any such notices will be passed on by the Depositary to the beneficial owners of interests in the notes in accordance with the standard rules and procedures of the Depositary and its direct and indirect participants, including Clearstream, Luxembourg and the Euroclear operator. Notices to be given in respect of notes held in street name will be given only to the bank, broker or other financial institution in whose name the notes are registered, and not the owner of any beneficial interests. Notices to be given to holders of certificated (*i.e.*, definitive) notes will be sent by mail to the respective addresses of the holders as they appear in the note register, and will be deemed given when mailed.

See also “Plan of Distribution—Series A Notes Offered on a Global Basis.”

UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION

The following is a discussion of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the notes. It applies to you only if you hold the notes as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code. It does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances, including alternative minimum tax and “Medicare contribution tax” consequences, and different consequences that may apply if you are an investor subject to special rules, such as a financial institution, a regulated investment company, a tax-exempt entity (including an “individual retirement account” or a “Roth IRA”), a dealer in securities, a trader in securities that elects to apply a mark-to-market method of tax accounting, a person holding a note as a part of a “straddle” or integrated transaction, a U.S. holder (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, or an entity classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If you are a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner will generally depend on the status of the partner and your activities. If you are a partnership holding the notes or a partner in such a partnership, you should consult your tax adviser as to your particular U.S. federal tax consequences of holding and disposing of the notes.

This discussion is based on the Code, administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and final, temporary and proposed Treasury regulations, all as of the date of this prospectus supplement, changes to any of which subsequent to the date hereof may affect the tax consequences described below, possibly with retroactive effect. It does not address the application of any state, local or non-U.S. tax laws. **You should consult your tax adviser concerning the application of U.S. federal income tax laws to your particular situation, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdictions.**

This discussion does not apply to notes that are not fully principal-protected or to renewable notes, extendible notes, mandatorily exchangeable notes, or reverse exchangeable notes or notes the interest on or principal of which is payable in, or determined by reference to, one or more currencies other than the U.S. dollar. The tax treatment of these notes will be discussed in the relevant pricing supplement.

Unless otherwise indicated in the relevant pricing supplement, insofar as we have responsibility for information reporting and withholding for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we expect to treat interest income from a note as U.S.-source income. The discussion that follows assumes that this treatment is correct.

The following discussion may be modified or superseded by additional information regarding U.S. federal income taxation set forth in an applicable pricing supplement, which you should consult before making a decision to invest in the instruments to which the pricing supplement pertains.

Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders

You are a “U.S. holder” if, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you are a beneficial owner of a note and are: (i) a citizen or resident of the United States; (ii) a corporation created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any State therein or the District of Columbia; or (iii) an estate or trust the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

Payments of Interest

Subject to a number of special rules governing recognition of interest income described below, interest paid on a note generally will be taxable to you as ordinary interest income at the time it accrues or is received, in accordance with your method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Taxable Disposition of a Note

Upon the taxable disposition of a note (including early redemption or settlement at maturity), you will recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized and your basis in the note. Your basis in a note should generally equal the amount you paid to acquire it, subject to a number of special rules described below. For this purpose, the amount realized generally does not include any amount attributable to accrued interest, which generally will be treated as a payment of interest. In general, gain or loss realized upon the taxable disposition of a note will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if you have held the note for more than one year. Exceptions to these general rules are described below under “—Short-term Notes,” “—Market Discount” and “—CPDI Notes.” The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

OID Notes

For purposes of this discussion, an OID Note is one that has an “issue price” that is less than its “stated redemption price at maturity” unless the note satisfies a *de minimis* threshold (described below). This discussion does not apply to notes described below under “—Short-term Notes.” The “issue price” of a note will be the first price at which a substantial amount of notes in the relevant issue is sold to the public (not including sales to bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers). The “stated redemption price at maturity” of a note generally will equal the sum of all payments required under the note other than payments of “qualified stated interest.” “Qualified stated interest” generally includes stated interest unconditionally payable at least annually at a single fixed rate, and also includes stated interest on certain floating-rate notes.

If the difference between a note’s stated redemption price at maturity and its issue price is less than a *de minimis* amount—generally 0.25% of the note’s stated redemption price at maturity multiplied by the number of complete years from issuance to maturity—the note will not be treated as issued with original issue discount (“OID”) and therefore will not be subject to the rules described below. If your note is issued with *de minimis* OID, you generally will include this OID in income, as capital gain, upon its taxable disposition.

If you are the beneficial owner of an OID Note, you will be required to include any qualified stated interest payments in income at the time they accrue or are received, in accordance with your method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In addition, you will be required to include OID in income as it accrues, in accordance with a constant-yield method based on the compounding of interest, regardless of your method of tax accounting. Under this method, you generally will be required to include in income increasingly greater amounts of OID in successive accrual periods. Your basis in an OID Note will be increased by the amount of OID included in your income.

You may make an election to include in gross income all interest that accrues on a note (including stated interest, OID, *de minimis* OID, market discount and *de minimis* market discount, as adjusted by any amortizable bond premium or acquisition premium) in accordance with a constant-yield method based on the compounding of interest (a “**constant-yield election**”). This election may be revoked only with the permission of the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”). Some of the consequences of such an election are discussed below.

Short-term Notes

For the purposes of this discussion, a Short-term Note is one with a term of one year or less (from but excluding the settlement date to and including the last possible date that the note could be outstanding pursuant to its terms). Generally, a Short-term Note is treated as issued at a discount equal to the sum of all payments required to be made on the note minus its issue price. As discussed below, certain aspects of the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a Short-term Note with contingent payments are uncertain.

If you are a cash-method taxpayer, you generally will not be required to recognize income with respect to a Short-term Note, other than with respect to receipt of interest payments, prior to its taxable disposition. If you are an accrual-method taxpayer (or a cash-method taxpayer who elects to accrue income on the note currently), you will be subject to rules that generally require accrual of discount on short-term debt instruments on a straight-line basis, unless you elect a constant-yield method of accrual based on daily compounding. In the case of a Short-term Note with contingent payments, it may not be clear how accruals should be determined.

Upon the taxable disposition of a Short-term Note, you will recognize gain or loss in an amount equal to any difference between the amount you receive and your basis in the note. Your basis in the note will generally equal the amount you paid to acquire it, increased by any previously accrued but unpaid discount you have included in income. The amount of any resulting loss will be treated as a short-term capital loss, the deductibility of which is subject to limitations. The excess of the amount you receive at maturity over your basis in the note generally should be treated as ordinary income.

If you are a cash-method taxpayer who has not elected to accrue income on a Short-term Note currently, you generally will be required to defer deductions for any interest on indebtedness you incur to purchase or carry the note, in an amount not exceeding the accrued discount that you have not included in income. In addition, if you are such a taxpayer who realizes gain on a sale of a Short-term Note prior to its maturity, all or a portion of your gain will be treated as ordinary income, in an amount not exceeding the amount of accrued discount that you have not included in income. The application of the rules discussed in this paragraph to a Short-term Note with contingent payments may be unclear.

Market Discount

If you purchase a note (other than a Short-term Note or a CPDI Note) for an amount that is less than its stated redemption price at maturity or, in the case of an OID Note, its “adjusted issue price,” the amount of the difference generally will be treated as market discount for federal income tax purposes, unless this difference is less than a specified *de minimis* amount. An OID Note’s “adjusted issue price” is its issue price increased by the amount of previously includible OID and decreased by prior payments on the OID Note that did not constitute qualified stated interest.

You will be required to treat any principal payment on (or, in the case of an OID Note, any payment that does not constitute qualified stated interest), or any gain on the taxable disposition of, a note as ordinary income to the extent of any accrued market discount, unless this market discount has been previously included in your income pursuant to an election to include market discount in income as it accrues, or pursuant to a constant-yield election as described under “—OID Notes” above. If a note is disposed of in one of certain nontaxable transactions, accrued market discount will be includible as ordinary income as if you had sold the note in a taxable transaction at its then fair market value. Unless you elect to include market discount in income as it accrues, you generally will be required to defer deductions for any interest on indebtedness you incur to purchase or carry the notes in an amount not exceeding the accrued market discount that you have not included in income.

If you make an election to include market discount in income as it accrues (a “**market discount accrual election**”), that election will apply to all market discount bonds acquired on or after the first day of the first taxable year to which that election applies. If you make a constant-yield election (as described under “—OID Notes” above) with respect to a market discount note, that election will result in a deemed market discount accrual election for the taxable year in which the note was acquired.

Acquisition Premium and Amortizable Bond Premium

If you purchase an OID Note for an amount that is greater than the note’s adjusted issue price but less than or equal to the sum of all amounts payable on the note after the purchase date, other than payments of qualified stated interest, you will be considered to have purchased the note with acquisition premium. Under the acquisition premium rules, the amount of OID that you must include in your gross income with respect to the note for any taxable year will be reduced by the portion of acquisition premium properly allocable to that year.

If you purchase a note for an amount that exceeds the sum of all amounts payable on the note after the purchase date, other than payments of qualified stated interest, you generally will be considered to have purchased the note with amortizable bond premium equal to this excess. If the note is not optionally redeemable prior to its maturity date, you generally may elect to amortize this premium over the remaining term of the note using a constant-yield method. If the note may be optionally redeemed after you acquire it, the amount of amortizable bond premium is determined by substituting the optional redemption date for the maturity date and the optional redemption price for the amount payable at maturity if (and only if) the substitution results in a smaller amount of premium attributable to the period before the optional redemption date. Under this rule, the amount of amortizable bond premium may be reduced, which may adversely affect you. You may generally use the amortizable bond premium allocable to an accrual period to offset qualified stated interest required to be included in your income with respect to the note in that accrual period. In addition, you will not be required to include any OID in your income with respect to your notes. If you elect to amortize bond premium, you must reduce your basis in the note by the amount of the premium amortized in any year. An election to amortize bond premium applies to all taxable debt obligations then owned and thereafter acquired and may be revoked only with the consent of the IRS.

If you make a constant-yield election (as described under “—OID Notes” above) for a note with amortizable bond premium, the election will result in a deemed election to amortize bond premium for all of your debt instruments with amortizable bond premium.

VRDI Notes

For purposes of this discussion, a VRDI Note is one properly treated as a variable rate debt instrument for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Qualified stated interest on a VRDI Note will be taxable to you as ordinary income at the time it accrues or is received, in accordance with your method of tax accounting. In general, it is expected that all stated interest on a VRDI Note will be qualified stated interest, although the relevant pricing supplement may indicate that this is not the case.

In certain cases, typically involving a VRDI Note that provides for a fixed rate of interest for a term longer than one year followed by a floating rate, a portion of the stated interest on the note may not be qualified stated interest. If this is the case, we will determine the portion of stated interest that should not be treated as qualified stated interest but instead should be treated as part of the “stated redemption price at maturity,” and the amount of OID on the note. The relevant pricing supplement will either include that information or will specify the manner in which you may obtain it from us.

CPDI Notes

For purposes of this discussion, a CPDI Note is one properly treated as a contingent payment debt instrument for U.S. federal income tax purposes. A CPDI Note will be subject to special OID provisions set out in the Treasury regulations, under which you will be required to accrue the OID on the note as interest income, as described below.

We are required to determine a “comparable yield” for each issuance of CPDI Notes. The comparable yield generally is the yield at which, in similar market conditions, we could issue a fixed-rate debt instrument with terms similar to those of the relevant CPDI Notes, including the level of subordination, term and timing of payments, but excluding any adjustments for the riskiness of the contingencies or the liquidity of those CPDI Notes. Solely for purposes of determining the amount of OID that you will be required to accrue as interest income, we are also required to construct a “projected payment schedule” representing a payment or series of payments the amount(s) and timing of which would produce a yield to maturity equal to the comparable yield.

We will determine the comparable yield for each issuance of CPDI Notes and will provide the comparable yield, and the related projected payment schedule, in the relevant pricing supplement for the notes or in another manner described in the relevant pricing supplement. **Neither the comparable yield nor the projected payment schedule constitutes a representation by us regarding the actual contingent amount(s) that we will pay on a CPDI Note.**

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, you are required to use our determination of the comparable yield and projected payment schedule in determining interest accruals and adjustments thereto in respect of your CPDI Notes, unless you timely disclose and justify the use of other estimates to the IRS. Regardless of your method of tax accounting, you will be required to accrue interest income on a CPDI Note in each taxable year based on the comparable yield, with adjustments to reflect the difference, if any, between the actual and projected amount(s) of the contingent payment(s) on the CPDI Note during the year (as described below).

You will be required for U.S. federal income tax purposes to accrue an amount of OID, for each accrual period prior to and including the maturity (or earlier taxable disposition) of a CPDI Note, equal to the product of (i) its “adjusted issue price” (as defined below) as of the beginning of the accrual period, (ii) its comparable yield, adjusted for the length of the accrual period and (iii) the number of days during the accrual period that you held it divided by the number of days in the accrual period. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the adjusted issue price of a CPDI Note is its issue price increased by any previously accrued interest income (determined without regard to adjustments due to differences between projected and actual payments) and decreased by the projected amounts of any prior payments on the CPDI Note.

In addition to accruing interest based upon the comparable yield as described above, you will be required to recognize interest income equal to the amount of any net positive adjustment, *i.e.*, the excess of actual payments over projected payments in respect of a CPDI Note for a taxable year. A net negative adjustment, *i.e.*, the excess of projected payments over actual payments in respect of a CPDI Note for a taxable year:

- will first reduce the amount of interest in respect of the CPDI Note that you would otherwise be required to include in income in the taxable year; and
- to the extent of any excess, will give rise to an ordinary loss, but only to the extent that the amount of all previous interest inclusions under the CPDI Note exceeds the total amount of your net negative adjustments treated as ordinary loss on the CPDI Note in prior taxable years.

A net negative adjustment is not subject to the limitation imposed on miscellaneous itemized deductions under Section 67 of the Code. Any net negative adjustment in excess of the amounts described above will be carried forward to offset future interest income in respect of the note or to reduce the amount realized on a taxable disposition of the note.

Upon a taxable disposition of a CPDI Note prior to its maturity, you generally will recognize taxable income or loss equal to the difference between the amount received from the disposition and your adjusted basis in the

CPDI Note. Your adjusted basis in the CPDI Note generally will equal the amount you paid to acquire it, increased by the amount of interest income previously accrued by you in respect of the CPDI Note (determined without regard to any of the positive or negative adjustments to interest accruals described above) and decreased by the amount of any prior projected payments in respect of the CPDI Note. You generally must treat any income on a taxable disposition as interest income and any loss as ordinary loss to the extent of previous interest inclusions (reduced by the total amount of net negative adjustments you have previously taken into account as ordinary losses), with the balance treated as capital loss. As with net negative adjustments, these ordinary losses are not subject to the limitation imposed on miscellaneous itemized deductions under Section 67 of the Code. The deductibility of capital losses, however, is subject to limitations. Additionally, if you recognize a loss above certain thresholds, you might be required to file a disclosure statement with the IRS.

If you purchase a CPDI Note for an amount that differs from its “adjusted issue price” (as defined above), you will be required to account for this difference, generally by allocating it reasonably among projected payments on the notes or daily portions of interest that you are required to accrue with respect to the notes and treating these allocations as adjustments to your income when the payment is made or the interest accrues. You should consult your tax adviser with respect to the tax consequences of an investment in CPDI Notes, including the treatment of the difference, if any, between your basis in your notes and their adjusted issue price.

At maturity, you generally will be treated as receiving the amount of the payment set forth in the projected payment schedule, reduced by any net negative adjustment carryforward. If you receive a different amount, the difference generally will be taken into account as a positive or negative adjustment, with consequences described above.

Special rules may apply if all the remaining payments on a CPDI Note become fixed substantially contemporaneously. For this purpose, payments will be treated as fixed if the remaining contingencies with respect to them are remote or incidental. Under these rules, you would be required to account for the differences between the originally projected payments and the fixed payments in a reasonable manner over the periods to which the differences relate. In addition, you would be required to make adjustments to, among other things, your accrual periods and your basis in the note. The character of any gain or loss on a taxable disposition of your note also could be affected.

Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders

You generally are a “non-U.S. holder” if, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, you are a beneficial owner of a note and are: (i) a nonresident alien individual; (ii) an entity treated as a foreign corporation; or (iii) a foreign estate or trust.

You are not a “non-U.S. holder,” as used herein, if you are a beneficial owner of a note who is (i) an individual present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition of the note or (ii) a former citizen or resident of the United States, if certain conditions apply. If you are a potential investor to whom such considerations might be relevant, you are urged to consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the disposition of a note (including early redemption or settlement at maturity).

Subject to the discussion below under “—Additional Withholding Tax Considerations” and “—FATCA Legislation,” payments to you on a note, and any gain from a taxable disposition of a note, generally will be exempt from U.S. federal withholding and income tax if (i) you provide a properly completed IRS Form W-8 appropriate to your circumstances and (ii) these amounts are not effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States.

If you are engaged in a trade or business in the United States, and income or gain from a note is effectively connected with your conduct of that trade or business (and, if an applicable treaty so requires, is attributable to a permanent establishment in the United States), you generally will be taxed in the same manner as a U.S. holder. If this paragraph applies to you, you should consult your tax adviser with respect to other U.S. tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of the note, including the possible imposition of a 30% branch profits tax if you are a corporation.

Additional Withholding Tax Considerations

In the event that any payment on a note depends in part on dividends paid by a U.S. issuer of a component stock, proposed Treasury regulations under Section 871(m) of the Code could adversely affect the tax consequences of owning and disposing of the note. These proposed regulations would in certain circumstances impose a withholding tax at a rate of 30% (subject to reduction under an applicable treaty) on amounts treated as

attributable to dividends from U.S. stocks underlying financial instruments such as the notes (“**dividend equivalents**”). Withholding may be required even if the instrument does not explicitly take into account dividends paid on the underlying U.S. stocks, and even if the non-U.S. holder has not yet received any payments on the instrument. Pursuant to published guidance, these regulations are not expected to apply to notes issued prior to the date that is 90 days after the date that final regulations are published. There are material uncertainties regarding the application of these proposed regulations. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the potential application of these proposed regulations. We will not pay additional amounts on account of any such withholding tax.

“FATCA” Legislation

Legislation commonly referred to as “FATCA” and regulations promulgated thereunder generally impose a withholding tax of 30% on payments to certain non-U.S. entities (including financial intermediaries) with respect to certain financial instruments, unless various U.S. information reporting and due diligence requirements have been satisfied. An intergovernmental agreement between the United States and the non-U.S. entity’s jurisdiction may modify these requirements. Withholding under these rules (if applicable) applies to (i) payments of interest (including OID) on the notes and “dividend equivalents” (described above) and (ii) with respect to dispositions after December 31, 2016, including settlement at maturity, payments of gross proceeds of the sale, exchange or retirement of the notes. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the potential application of FATCA, including the availability of certain refunds or credits. We will not pay additional amounts on account of any such withholding tax.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

You may be subject to information reporting. You may also be subject to backup withholding on payments in respect of your notes at the rate specified in the Code unless you provide certain identifying information (such as a correct taxpayer identification number, if you are a U.S. holder) and otherwise satisfy the requirements of the backup withholding rules. If you are a non-U.S. holder and you provide a properly completed Form W-8 appropriate to your circumstances, you will generally establish an exemption from backup withholding. Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules are not additional taxes and may be refunded or credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, provided the required information is furnished to the IRS.

The U.S. federal income tax discussion set forth above does not address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the application of U.S. federal tax laws in your particular circumstances, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

TAXATION BY GERMANY OF NON-RESIDENT HOLDERS

The following is a general discussion of certain German income tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the notes to original purchasers of the notes. This summary is based on the laws currently in force and as applied in practice on the date of this document, which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. This discussion does not purport to be a complete, exhaustive or final summary of the tax law and practice currently applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany. Investors or other interested parties should obtain individual tax advice in connection with the acquisition and holding, as well as the sale or repayment, of notes.

Income from Notes. Interest income received on the notes and capital gains realized from the sale or other disposition of the notes by individuals who are not tax residents of the Federal Republic of Germany (*i.e.*, persons who have neither their residence nor their customary place of abode in the Federal Republic of Germany) or by corporations that do not maintain their statutory seat or principal place of management in the Federal Republic of Germany are generally not subject to taxation in the Federal Republic of Germany, unless (i) the notes form part of the business property of a permanent establishment, including a permanent representative, or a fixed base maintained in Germany by the holder of the notes or (ii) the income under the notes otherwise constitutes German-source income (*e.g.*, in the case of certain convertible or profit participating notes).

German Withholding Tax. If interest on a note or capital gain from the sale or other disposition of a note that is kept or administered in a German securities deposit account by a German bank or a German financial services institution (which term includes a German branch of a foreign bank or a foreign financial services institution but excludes a foreign branch of a German bank or a German financial services institution), a German securities trading enterprise or a German securities trading bank is received by a person who is not a resident of the Federal Republic of Germany but who (i) is taxable in the Federal Republic of Germany with respect to certain German source income, and if, according to German tax law, such interest or gain falls into a category of taxable income from German sources that is subject to a limited income tax liability (*e.g.*, income effectively connected with a German trade or business) or (ii) does not provide evidence of the fact that he is not subject to taxation in Germany, such interest or gain is subject to a withholding tax of 25% (plus a 5.5% solidarity surcharge (*Solidarit  tszuschlag*) thereon, so that the effective rate of withholding is 26.375%). However, if the notes are business assets of a German business establishment and the holder files a corresponding declaration with the financial institution acting as a paying agent, capital gain from the sale or other disposition of such notes will not be subject to the withholding tax. Withholding tax on interest on notes held as business assets may be credited as prepayment against the German corporate or personal income tax and solidarity surcharge liability.

Other Taxes. No estate, inheritance or gift taxes with respect to any note will arise under the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany if, in the case of estate and inheritance taxes, both the decedent and the beneficiary, and, in the case of gift taxes, both the donor and the donee, are non-residents of the Federal Republic of Germany and such note is not attributable to a permanent establishment in the Federal Republic of Germany. A non-resident is considered a German resident for German gift and inheritance taxation purposes if he is a German citizen and has not spent more than five consecutive years outside Germany without maintaining a residence in Germany. No stamp, issue, registration or similar taxes or duties will be payable in the Federal Republic of Germany in connection with the issuance, delivery or execution of the notes. The European Commission has published a proposal for a Directive for a common financial transaction tax. Such proposal remains the subject of negotiations between participating member states of the European Union, including Germany, and may, if implemented, apply to certain dealings in the notes. Investors are advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the financial transaction tax.

EU Directive on the Taxation of Savings Income. On July 1, 2005, a directive adopted by the European Union Council of Economic and Finance Ministers regarding the taxation of savings income payments came into effect ("**Savings Directive**"). The Savings Directive obliges a member state of the European Union ("**EU**") to provide to the tax authorities of another EU member state details of payments of interest or other similar income payments made or collected by a person (such as an issuer or paying agent) within its jurisdiction for the immediate benefit of an individual in that other EU member state (including certain payments secured for their benefit). However, Austria has opted out of the above reporting requirements and is instead applying a special withholding tax for a transitional period in relation to such payments of interest. The European Commission has proposed certain amendments to the Savings Directive, which may, if implemented, amend or broaden its scope.

However, the European Commission has proposed the repeal of the Savings Directive from January 1, 2017 in the case of Austria and from January 1, 2016 in the case of all other Member States (subject to on-going requirements to fulfill administrative obligations such as the reporting and exchange of information relating to, and

accounting for withholding taxes on, payments made before those dates). This is to prevent overlap between the Savings Directive and a new automatic exchange of information regime to be implemented under Council Directive 2011/16/EU on Administrative Cooperation in the field of Taxation (as amended by Council Directive 2014/107/EU).

A number of non-EU countries, and certain dependent or associated territories of certain EU Member States, have adopted similar measures (either provisions of information or transitional withholding) in relation to payments made by a person within its jurisdiction to an individual resident in an EU Member State. In addition, the EU Member States have entered into reciprocal provisions of information or transitional withholding arrangements with certain of those dependent or associated territories in relation to payments made by a person in an EU Member State to, or collected by such person for, an individual resident or certain limited types of entity established in one of those territories.

Germany will, in the context of implementing the automatic exchange of information (AEOI) and common reporting standard (CRS) initiatives, participate in an international exchange of information on certain financial accounts from 2017. Investors who are in any doubt as to their position should consult their professional advisers.

BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR CONSIDERATIONS

A fiduciary of a pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("**ERISA**"), including entities such as collective investment funds, partnerships and separate accounts whose underlying assets include the assets of such plans (collectively, "**ERISA Plans**") should consider the fiduciary standards of ERISA in the context of the ERISA Plan's particular circumstances before authorizing an investment in the notes. Among other factors, the fiduciary should consider whether the investment would satisfy the prudence and diversification requirements of ERISA and would be consistent with the documents and instruments governing the ERISA Plan.

In addition to ERISA's general fiduciary standards, Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code prohibit ERISA Plans, as well as plans (including individual retirement accounts and Keogh plans) subject to Section 4975 of the Code (together with ERISA Plans, "**Plans**"), from engaging in certain transactions involving the "plan assets" of such Plans with persons who are "parties in interest" under ERISA or "disqualified persons" under Section 4975 of the Code (in either case, "**Parties in Interest**") with respect to such Plans unless exemptive relief is available under a statutory or administrative exemption. Such Parties in Interest could include, without limitation, us, the agents, the calculation agent, the paying agent, issuing agent and registrar, the Depositary or any of our or their respective affiliates. Parties in Interest that engage in a nonexempt prohibited transaction may be subject to excise taxes and other penalties and liabilities under ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code. Thus, a plan fiduciary considering an investment in the notes should also consider whether such investment might constitute or give rise to a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code. For example, the notes might be deemed to represent a direct or indirect sale of property, extension of credit or furnishing of services between a Party in Interest and an investing Plan which would be prohibited unless exemptive relief were available under an applicable exemption.

Certain prohibited transaction class exemptions ("**PTCEs**") issued by the U.S. Department of Labor may provide exemptive relief for direct or indirect prohibited transactions resulting from the purchase or holding of the notes. Those class exemptions are PTCE 96-23 (for certain transactions determined by in-house asset managers), PTCE 95-60 (for certain transactions involving insurance company general accounts), PTCE 91-38 (for certain transactions involving bank collective investment funds), PTCE 90-1 (for certain transactions involving insurance company separate accounts) and PTCE 84-14 (for certain transactions determined by independent qualified professional asset managers). In addition, Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA and Section 4975(d)(20) of the Code may provide a limited exemption for the purchase and sale of the notes and related lending transactions, provided that neither the Party in Interest nor any of its affiliates has or exercises any discretionary authority or control or renders any investment advice with respect to the assets of the Plan involved in the transaction, and provided further that the Plan pays no more, and receives no less, than adequate consideration in connection with the transaction (the so-called "**service provider exemption**"). There can be no assurance that any of these statutory or class exemptions will be available with respect to transactions involving the notes.

Accordingly, unless otherwise provided in the applicable pricing supplement, the notes may not be purchased or held by any Plan, any entity whose underlying assets include "plan assets" by reason of any Plan's investment in the entity (a "**Plan Asset Entity**") or any person investing "plan assets" of any Plan, unless such purchaser or holder is eligible for exemptive relief, including relief available under PTCE 96-23, 95-60, 91-38, 90-1 or 84-14 or the service provider exemption.

The fiduciary investment considerations summarized above generally do not apply to governmental plans (as defined in Section 3(32) of ERISA), certain church plans (as defined in Section 3(33) of ERISA) and non-U.S. plans (as described in Section 4(b)(4) of ERISA) (collectively, "**Non-ERISA Arrangements**"). However, these Non-ERISA Arrangements may be subject to similar provisions under applicable federal, state, local, non-U.S. or other regulations, rules or laws ("**Similar Laws**"). The fiduciaries of plans subject to Similar Laws should also consider the foregoing issues in general terms as well as any further issues arising under any applicable Similar Laws.

Each purchaser or holder of the notes or any interest therein shall be deemed to have represented and warranted, on each day such purchaser or holder holds such notes, that either (a) it is not a Plan or a Non-ERISA Arrangement and it is not purchasing or holding such notes on behalf of or with "plan assets" of any Plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement or (b) its purchase, holding and disposition of such notes are eligible for exemptive relief under Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code and will not result in a violation of any Similar Law.

Due to the complexity of the applicable rules, it is particularly important that fiduciaries or other persons considering purchasing the notes on behalf of any Plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement consult with their counsel prior to purchasing the notes.

The notes are contractual financial instruments. The financial exposure provided by the notes is not a substitute or proxy for, and is not intended as a substitute or proxy for, individualized investment management or advice for the benefit of any purchaser or holder of the notes. The notes have not been designed and will not be administered in a manner intended to reflect the individualized needs and objectives of any purchaser or holder of the notes.

Each purchaser or holder of any notes acknowledges and agrees that:

- (i) the purchaser or holder or its fiduciary has made and shall make all investment decisions for the purchaser or holder and the purchaser or holder has not relied and shall not rely in any way upon us or any of our affiliates to act as a fiduciary or adviser of the purchaser or holder with respect to (A) the design and terms of the notes, (B) the purchaser or holder's investment in the notes, (C) the holding of the notes, or (D) the exercise of or failure to exercise any rights we or our affiliate have under or with respect to the notes;**
- (ii) we and our affiliates have acted and will act solely for our own account in connection with our obligations under the notes;**
- (iii) any and all assets and positions relating to hedging transactions by us or any of our affiliates are assets and positions of those entities and are not assets and positions held for the benefit of the purchaser or holder;**
- (iv) our interests and the interests of our affiliates are adverse to the interests of the purchaser or holder; and**
- (v) neither we nor any of our affiliates is a fiduciary or adviser of the purchaser or holder in connection with any such assets, positions or transactions, and any information that we or any of our affiliates may provide is not intended to be impartial investment advice.**

Each purchaser and holder of the notes has exclusive responsibility for ensuring that its purchase, holding and disposition of the notes does not violate the fiduciary or prohibited transaction rules of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code or any applicable Similar Laws. The sale of any notes to any Plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement is in no respect a representation by us or any of our affiliates or representatives that such an investment meets all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by Plans or Non-ERISA Arrangements generally or any particular Plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement, or that such an investment is appropriate for Plans or Non-ERISA Arrangements generally or any particular Plan or Non-ERISA Arrangement. The above discussion may be modified or supplemented with respect to a particular offering of notes, including the addition of further ERISA restrictions on purchase and transfer. Please consult the applicable pricing supplement.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION (CONFLICTS OF INTEREST)

We are offering the Series A notes on a continuing basis through DBSI and DBTCA (to the extent either or both of them is named in the applicable pricing supplement), which we refer to individually as an “agent” and together as the “agents.” In addition, we may offer the Series A notes through certain other agents to be named in the applicable pricing supplement. Any offering through DBSI and DBTCA will be conducted separately pursuant to separate distribution agreements. DBSI and DBTCA will not join together in any syndicate or group for the purpose of selling the securities to investors, and will not grant or receive any selling concessions, discounts or other allowances to or from each other with respect to the distribution of the securities. DBTCA is not a member of the FINRA and, accordingly, is not subject to FINRA’s rules or supervisory authority. DBSI is a FINRA member and is subject to FINRA’s rules and supervision.

The agents will act on either a reasonable efforts or firm commitment basis to solicit offers to purchase these notes. Unless otherwise indicated in the applicable pricing supplement, the agents will act on a reasonable efforts basis. We will have the sole right to accept offers to purchase these notes and may reject any offer in whole or in part. Each agent may reject, in whole or in part, any offer it solicited to purchase notes. We will pay an agent, in connection with sales of these securities resulting from a solicitation that such agent made or an offer to purchase that such agent received, a commission set forth in the applicable pricing supplement.

We may also sell these notes to an agent (other than DBTCA) as principal for its own account at discounts to be agreed upon at the time of sale within the range of the commissions as disclosed in the applicable pricing supplement. That agent may resell these notes to investors and other purchasers at a fixed offering price or at prevailing market prices, or prices related thereto at the time of resale or otherwise, as that agent determines and as we will specify in the applicable pricing supplement. An agent may offer the notes it has purchased as principal to other dealers. That agent may sell the notes to any dealer at a discount and, unless otherwise specified in the applicable pricing supplement, the discount allowed to any dealer will not be in excess of the discount that agent will receive from us. After the initial public offering of notes that an agent is to resell on a fixed public offering price basis, the agent may change the public offering price, concession and discount.

Each of the agents may be deemed to be an “underwriter” within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”). We and the agents have agreed to indemnify each other against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments made in respect of those liabilities. We have also agreed to reimburse the agents for specified expenses.

To the extent the total aggregate principal amount of notes offered pursuant to a pricing supplement is not purchased by investors, one or more of our affiliates may agree to purchase for investment the unsold portion. As a result, upon completion of an offering, our affiliates may own up to approximately 10% of the notes offered in that offering.

Unless otherwise provided in the applicable pricing supplement, we do not intend to apply for the listing of these notes on a national securities exchange, but have been advised by DBSI that it may make a market in these notes, as applicable laws and regulations permit. DBSI is not obligated to do so, however, and it may discontinue making a market at any time without notice. No assurance can be given as to the liquidity of any trading market for these notes.

Conflicts of Interest. DBSI and DBTCA are wholly owned indirect subsidiaries of the Bank. Because DBSI is both our affiliate and a member of FINRA, any distribution of the notes offered hereby by DBSI must be made in compliance with the applicable provisions of FINRA Rule 5121 regarding a FINRA member firm’s distribution of the securities of an affiliate and related conflicts of interest. In accordance with FINRA Rule 5121, DBSI may not make sales in offerings of the notes to any of its discretionary accounts without the prior written approval of the customer.

Following the initial distribution of these notes, each agent may offer and sell those notes in the course of its business as a broker-dealer. An agent (other than DBTCA, which would only act as an agent) may act as principal or agent in those transactions and will make any sales at varying prices related to prevailing market prices at the time of sale or otherwise. The agents may use this prospectus supplement in connection with any of those transactions. No agent is obligated to make a market in any of these notes, and any agent that does make a market may discontinue doing so at any time without notice.

In order to facilitate the offering of these notes, the agents may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of these notes or any other securities the prices of which may be used to determine payments on these notes. Specifically, the agents may sell more notes than they are obligated to

purchase in connection with the offering, creating a short position for their own accounts. A short sale is covered if the short position is no greater than the number or amount of notes available for purchase by the agents under any overallotment option. The agents can close out a covered short sale by exercising the overallotment option or purchasing these notes in the open market. In determining the source of notes to close out a covered short sale, the agents will consider, among other things, the open market price of these notes compared to the price available under the overallotment option. The agents may also sell these notes or any other notes in excess of the overallotment option, creating a naked short position. The agents must close out any naked short position by purchasing notes in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the agents are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of these notes in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. As an additional means of facilitating the offering, the agents may bid for, and purchase, these notes or any other securities in the open market to stabilize the price of these notes or of any other securities. Finally, in any offering of the notes, the underwriting syndicate or lead underwriter may also reclaim selling concessions allowed to an underwriter or a dealer for distributing these notes in the offering, if the syndicate or lead underwriter repurchases previously distributed notes to cover syndicate short positions or to stabilize the price of these notes. Any of these activities may raise or maintain the market price of these notes above independent market levels or prevent or slow a decline in the market price of these notes. The agents are not required to engage in these activities, and may end any of these activities at any time.

Concurrently with the offering of these notes through the agents, we may issue other debt securities under the senior indenture referred to in this prospectus supplement.

Notes Offered on a Global Basis

If the applicable pricing supplement indicates that any of our notes will be offered on a global basis, those registered global notes will be offered for sale in those jurisdictions outside of the United States where it is legal to make offers for sale of those securities.

Each agent has represented and agreed, and any other agent through which we may offer the notes will represent and agree, that if any notes are to be offered outside the United States, it will not offer or sell any such notes in any jurisdiction if such offer or sale would not be in compliance with any applicable law or regulation or if any consent, approval or permission is needed for such offer or sale by it or for or on behalf of the issuer unless such consent, approval or permission has been previously obtained and such agent will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the subscription, offer, sale or delivery of the notes, or the distribution of any offering materials, under the laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction to which it is subject or in or from which it makes any subscription, offer, sale or delivery.

Purchasers of any notes offered on a global basis may be required to pay stamp taxes and other charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country of purchase in addition to the issue price set forth on the cover page hereof.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters with respect to United States and New York law with respect to the validity of certain of the offered securities will be passed upon for the Bank by Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP. Certain legal matters with respect to German law will be passed upon for the Bank by Group Legal Services of the Bank. Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP will pass upon certain legal matters with respect to United States and New York law with respect to the validity of certain of the offered securities for any underwriters, dealers or selling agents. Sidley Austin LLP will pass upon certain legal matters with respect to United States and New York law with respect to the validity of certain of the offered securities for any underwriters, dealers or selling agents. Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP and Sidley Austin LLP have in the past represented the Bank and its affiliates and continue to represent the Bank and its affiliates on a regular basis and in a variety of matters.

No person is authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized. This prospectus supplement does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any notes other than the notes described herein or in the accompanying pricing supplement or an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy such notes in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is unlawful. Neither the delivery of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying pricing supplement, nor any sale made hereunder and thereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of Deutsche Bank AG since the date hereof or that the information contained or incorporated by reference herein or therein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date of such information.



Deutsche Bank AG

Global Notes

Series A

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft



\$29,942,247,400

Ordinary Shares

Tradable Subscription Rights to Subscribe for Ordinary Shares

Capital Securities

Debt Securities

Warrants

Purchase Contracts

Units

We, Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, may, from time to time, offer any of the following securities:

- ordinary shares of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft;
- tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft;
- subordinated capital securities, which we refer to as “capital securities”;
- debt securities that may consist of senior or subordinated debt securities, including debt securities convertible into, exchangeable for, or linked to one or more of the following: other securities of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, securities of any entity affiliated or unaffiliated with Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, indices, currencies, commodities, interest rates, intangibles, articles, goods or any other property, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances and/or a basket or baskets of any of these items;
- warrants or warrants in the form of subscription rights to purchase or sell, or whose redemption value is determined by reference to the performance, level or value of one or more of the following: other securities of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, securities of any entity affiliated or unaffiliated with Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, indices, currencies, commodities, interest rates, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances and/or a basket or baskets of any of these items;
- purchase contracts to purchase or sell, or whose redemption value is determined by reference to the performance, level or value of one or more of the following: other securities of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, securities of any entity affiliated or unaffiliated with Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, indices, currencies, commodities, interest rates, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances and/or a basket or baskets of any of these items; and
- units that may consist of any combination of ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, capital securities, warrants, purchase contracts, debt securities issued by Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft and debt obligations or other securities of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft or an entity affiliated or not affiliated with Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft.

This prospectus describes the general terms of these securities and the general manner in which the securities will be offered. The specific terms of any securities offered will be included in a supplement to this prospectus. The prospectus supplement will also describe the specific manner in which the securities will be offered. We will not use this prospectus to issue any securities unless it is attached to a prospectus supplement.

Claims for payment or, if applicable, delivery in respect of the capital securities, debt securities, warrants, purchase contracts and units may be written down, be converted into ordinary shares or other instruments of ownership or become subject to other Resolution Measures (as defined herein). You may lose part or all of your investment if any Resolution Measure becomes applicable to us. For more information regarding the potential imposition of Resolution Measures by the competent resolution authority, please see “Resolution Measures” herein, as well as the risk factors beginning on page 13.

The ordinary shares of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft are listed on all the German stock exchanges (Frankfurt, Berlin, Düsseldorf, Hamburg, Hanover, Munich and Stuttgart) as well as the New York Stock Exchange, where the ordinary shares trade under the symbol “DB.” Unless stated otherwise in a prospectus supplement, we will not list the other securities offered hereunder on any securities exchange.

These securities may be offered directly or to or through underwriters, agents or dealers, including Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. The names of any underwriters or agents will be included in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Investing in the securities involves risks. We may include specific risk factors in an applicable prospectus supplement under the heading “Risk Factors.”

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities, or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

These securities are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.

The date of this prospectus is April 27, 2016.

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SUMMARY OF REGISTERED SECURITIES

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, which we also refer to as the “**Bank**” or “**we**,” may offer any of the following securities: ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, subordinated capital securities, debt securities, warrants, purchase contracts and units. The following summary describes these securities in general terms only. You should read the summary together with the more detailed information contained in the rest of this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement.

Ordinary Shares

We may offer ordinary shares.

Tradable Subscription Rights

We may issue tradable subscription rights that would entitle the holders to subscribe for ordinary shares. We will provide one or more prospectus supplements that describe the specific terms of any subscription rights offering, including, as applicable: the title of the subscription rights; the exercise price for the subscription rights; the number of subscription rights issued; the record date, if any, to determine who is entitled to the subscription rights and the ex-rights date; the date on which the exercise of the subscription rights will commence, and the date on which the rights will expire; information regarding the trading of the subscription rights, including the stock exchanges, if any, on which the subscription rights will be tradable; and any other terms of the subscription rights, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exercise of the subscription rights.

Capital Securities

We may issue subordinated capital securities, which we refer to as “**capital securities**.” We will provide one or more prospectus supplements that describe:

- whether the capital securities will be issued by Deutsche Bank AG directly or through one of its branches;
- the specific designation;
- whether the capital securities qualify for regulatory capital treatment as additional tier 1 capital or otherwise;
- the ranking of the capital securities relative to our other outstanding securities, including to what extent they may rank junior in right of payment to other of our obligations or in any other manner;
- the aggregate principal amount, purchase price and denomination;
- the currency in which the capital securities are denominated and/or in which principal, and premium, if any, and/or interest, if any, is payable;
- whether the capital securities have a scheduled maturity, and if so, the date of maturity;
- the interest rate or rates or the method by which the interest rate or rates, if any, will be determined and under what circumstances interest is payable;
- the date from which interest accrues and the interest payment dates, if any;
- provisions, if any, for the cancellation of all or any portion of any interest payment at our discretion or under other circumstances;
- limitations, if any, on our ability to pay principal or interest in respect of the capital securities, including situations in which we may be prohibited from making such payments;
- provisions, if any, for write-downs (and related write-ups, if any) in the principal amount of the capital securities and the effect, if any, of such write-downs (and related write-ups, if any) on interest payable on such capital securities;

- the place or places for payment of the principal of and any premium, if any, and/or interest, if any, on the capital securities;
- any repayment, redemption, prepayment or sinking fund provisions, including any redemption notice provisions;
- any terms on which the capital securities may or will be converted at our option or otherwise into ordinary shares or other securities of ours, which we refer to as “**Conversion Securities**,” and, if so, the nature and terms of the Conversion Securities into which such capital securities are convertible and any additional or other provisions relating to such conversion, including any triggering event that may give rise to such conversion (which may include, but shall not be limited to, certain regulatory capital events) and the terms upon which such conversion should occur;
- whether we may conduct an offer of Conversion Securities after any conversion of the capital securities in order to deliver cash proceeds to holders of capital securities in lieu of the Conversion Securities and the terms upon which any such offer should occur;
- any terms relating to the adjustment of the ratio of the capital securities to the Conversion Securities into which such capital securities may be converted;
- whether we will issue the capital securities in registered form or bearer form or both and, if we are offering capital securities in bearer form, any restrictions applicable to the exchange of one form for another and to the offer, sale and delivery of those capital securities in bearer form;
- whether we will issue the capital securities in global (*i.e.*, book-entry) or definitive (*i.e.*, certificated) form and under what terms and conditions;
- the terms on which holders of the capital securities may convert or exchange them into or for one or more securities of ours or entities that are or are not affiliated with us, a basket or baskets of those securities, other property, or any combination of, or the cash value of, any of the foregoing; the terms on which conversion or exchange may occur, including whether exchange is mandatory, at the option of the holder or at our option; the period during which exchange may occur; the initial exchange price or rate; and the circumstances or manner in which the amount of securities or other property, or any combination thereof, deliverable upon exchange, or the cash value thereof, may be adjusted;
- information as to the methods for determining the amount of principal, premium, if any, and/or interest payable on any date and/or currencies, commodities or securities of ours or entities that are or are not affiliated with us, the basket or baskets of those currencies, commodities or securities, or the index or indices of those currencies, commodities or securities, or interest rates, or intangibles, articles, goods or any other property, or any other financial or economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances, to which the amount payable on that date is linked;
- the identity of any agents for the capital securities, including the trustee, depositaries, authenticating or paying agents, transfer agents, registrars, determination or other agents;
- the proposed listing, if any, of the capital securities on any securities exchange;

- whether the capital securities are to be sold separately or with other securities as part of units; and
- any other specific terms of the capital securities and any terms required by or advisable under applicable laws or regulations.

The capital securities will be issued under the capital securities indenture dated November 6, 2014 among us, as issuer, The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as paying agent, calculation agent, transfer agent and registrar and authenticating agent, and the supplements thereto. We may amend, restate or replace the capital securities indenture from time to time. The capital securities indenture that governs our capital securities does not limit the amount of additional indebtedness that we or any of our subsidiaries may incur. We have summarized the general features of the capital securities indenture under the heading “Description of Capital Securities.” We encourage you to read the capital securities indenture, which is an exhibit to our registration statement, and the supplements thereto, which will be included as exhibits to our registration statement.

The capital securities will constitute our unsecured and subordinated obligations, ranking *pari passu* among themselves. In the event of our dissolution, liquidation, insolvency or composition, or other proceedings for the avoidance of insolvency of, or against, us, the obligations under the capital securities will be fully subordinated to the claims of our unsubordinated creditors, the claims under our Tier 2 instruments (within the meaning of the CRR), and the claims specified in Section 39 (1) nos. 1 to 5 of the German Insolvency Statute (*Insolvenzordnung*) so that in any such event no amounts will be payable in respect of the capital securities until the claims of such unsubordinated creditors, the claims under such Tier 2 instruments, and the claims specified in Section 39 (1) nos. 1 to 5 of the German Insolvency Statute have been satisfied in full. Subject to this subordination provision, we may satisfy our obligations under the capital securities also from our other distributable assets (*freies Vermögen*). The capital securities will be subject to Resolution Measures, as defined under “Resolution Measures” below.

“CRR” means Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (including any provisions of regulatory law supplementing this Regulation); to the extent that any provisions of the CRR are amended or replaced, the term CRR as used in the capital securities indenture and the capital securities also refer to such amended provisions or successor provisions.

Our payment obligations under the capital securities will rank *pari passu* with the claims against us under the support undertakings, subordinated guarantees and issuances listed in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Debt Securities

We may issue senior and subordinated debt securities. We will provide one or more prospectus supplements that describe:

- whether the debt securities will be issued by Deutsche Bank AG, directly or through one of its branches;
- the specific designation;
- whether the debt securities are senior or subordinated;

- whether we expect the senior debt securities to be classified as “Structured Debt Securities” or “Non-Structured Debt Securities” (as defined under “Description of Debt Securities” below) in a German insolvency proceeding or in the event of the imposition of Resolution Measures (as defined under “Resolution Measures” below) with respect to the issuer;
- the ranking of the subordinated debt securities relative to our other outstanding securities, including to what extent they may rank junior in right of payment to other of our obligations or in any other manner;
- whether the debt securities qualify for regulatory capital treatment and, if so, the category of capital for which they qualify;
- the aggregate principal amount, purchase price and denomination;
- the currency in which the debt securities are denominated and/or in which principal, and premium, if any, and/or interest, if any, is payable;
- the date of maturity (and any provisions relating to extending or shortening the maturity date);
- the interest rate or rates or the method by which the calculation agent (identified in the prospectus supplement) will determine the interest rate or rates, if any;
- the date from which interest accrues and the interest payment dates, if any;
- the place or places for payment of the principal of and any premium, if any, and/or interest, if any, on the debt securities;
- any repayment, redemption, prepayment or sinking fund provisions, including any redemption notice provisions;
- if other than the principal amount thereof, the portion of the principal amount of the debt securities payable upon declaration of acceleration of maturity thereof;
- whether we will issue the debt securities in registered form or bearer form or both and, if we are offering debt securities in bearer form, any restrictions applicable to the exchange of one form for another and to the offer, sale and delivery of those debt securities in bearer form;
- whether we will issue the debt securities in global (*i.e.*, book-entry) or definitive (*i.e.*, certificated) form and under what terms and conditions;
- whether the securities are convertible or exchangeable securities and the terms on which holders of the debt securities may exchange them into or for one or more securities of ours or other entities or other property, or the cash value thereof, and the specific terms of and period in which such conversion or exchange may be made;
- if the amount of principal, premium, if any, and/or interest payable on any date may be determined with respect to any currencies, commodities or securities of us or other entities, the basket or baskets of those currencies, commodities or securities, or the index or indices of those currencies, commodities or securities, or interest rates, or intangibles, articles, goods or any other property, or any other financial or economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances, the manner in which such amounts will be determined;

- the identity of any agents for the debt securities, including the trustee, depositaries, authenticating or paying agents, transfer agents, registrars, determination or other agents;
- the proposed listing, if any, of the debt securities on any securities exchange;
- whether the debt securities are to be sold separately or with other securities as part of units; and
- any other specific terms of the debt securities and any terms required by or advisable under applicable laws or regulations.

The senior debt securities will be issued under the senior indenture dated November 22, 2006 among us, as issuer, Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, as trustee, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as paying agent, issuing agent, authenticating agent and registrar, as supplemented by the first supplemental senior indenture dated as of March 7, 2014, the second supplemental senior indenture dated as of January 1, 2015, the third supplemental senior indenture dated as of January 1, 2016, the fourth supplemental senior indenture dated as of March 15, 2016 and as may be further amended and supplemented from time to time. The subordinated debt securities will be issued under a subordinated indenture dated May 21, 2013 among us, as issuer, Wilmington Trust, National Association, as trustee, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as paying agent, transfer agent and registrar and authenticating agent, and the supplements thereto. We may amend, restate or replace the senior indenture and/or the subordinated debt indenture from time to time. The indentures that govern our debt securities do not limit the amount of additional indebtedness that we or any of our subsidiaries may incur. We have summarized the general features of the indentures under the heading “Description of Debt Securities.” We encourage you to read the senior indenture (together with the supplements thereto) and the subordinated indenture, which are exhibits to our registration statement, and the supplements to the subordinated indenture, which will be included as exhibits to our registration statement.

The senior debt securities (and, in the case of senior debt securities in bearer form, any coupons to these securities) will be our direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and will rank equally and *pari passu* with the claims of all our other unsecured and unsubordinated creditors, subject to any statutory priority regime of the jurisdiction of our incorporation (or, in the case of senior debt securities issued by Deutsche Bank AG through a branch, of the jurisdiction where the branch is established) that provides certain claims will be satisfied first in a resolution or German insolvency proceeding with respect to the issuer. The senior debt securities will be subject to Resolution Measures, as defined under “Resolution Measures” below.

For each of our future issuances of subordinated debt securities, we intend to amend the subordinated indenture (via the relevant supplemental subordinated indenture or otherwise) to state that the subordinated debt securities (and, in the case of subordinated debt securities in bearer form, any coupons to these securities) will be our direct, unconditional, unsecured and subordinated obligations and will be subordinate to the claims of our unsubordinated creditors and will rank at least on parity with the claims of the holders of all our other subordinated indebtedness (except as otherwise provided by applicable law or the terms of any such other indebtedness) and in particular, they will rank in priority to the claims of the holders of any of our subordinated indebtedness that by its express terms is stated to

rank junior to the subordinated debt securities. The subordinated debt securities will be subject to Resolution Measures, as defined under “Resolution Measures” below.

Warrants

We may offer warrants to purchase or sell, or whose redemption value is determined by reference to the performance, level or value of one or more of the following: securities issued by us or by an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us, indices, currencies, commodities, interest rates, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances and/or a basket or baskets of any of these items.

In a prospectus supplement, we will inform you of the exercise price and describe other specific terms of the warrants, including whether we will satisfy our obligations, if any, or you will satisfy your obligations, if any, under the warrants by delivering or purchasing the underlying securities, commodities, currencies or instruments, or their cash value. The warrants are our unsecured contractual obligations and will rank equally and *pari passu* with our other unsecured contractual obligations and with our unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations, subject to any statutory priority regime of the jurisdiction of our incorporation (or, in the case of warrants issued by Deutsche Bank AG through a branch, of the jurisdiction where the branch is established) that provides certain claims will be satisfied first in a resolution or German insolvency proceeding with respect to the issuer. The warrants will be subject to Resolution Measures, as defined under “Resolution Measures” below.

Purchase Contracts

We may offer purchase contracts to purchase or sell, or whose redemption value is determined by reference to the performance, level or value of one or more of the following: securities issued by us or by an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us, indices, currencies, commodities, interest rates, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances and/or a basket or baskets of any of these items.

In a prospectus supplement, we will describe the specific terms of the purchase contracts, including whether we will satisfy our obligations, if any, or you will satisfy your obligations, if any, under the purchase contracts by delivering or purchasing the underlying securities, commodities, currencies or instruments, or their cash value. Purchase contracts will not be contractually subordinated in priority of payment to our senior obligations.

Units

We may offer as units any combination of ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, warrants, purchase contracts, capital securities, debt securities issued by us, and debt obligations or other securities of an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us. In a prospectus supplement, we will describe the particular combination of ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, warrants, purchase contracts, capital securities and debt securities issued by us, or debt obligations or other securities of an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us, constituting any units and any other specific terms of the units. Units will not be contractually subordinated in priority of payment to our senior obligations.

Resolution Measures

Under the relevant resolution laws and regulations as applicable to us from time to time, the capital securities, debt securities and warrants may be subject to the powers exercised by the competent resolution authority to:

- write down, including write down to zero, the claims for payment of the principal amount, the interest amount or any other amount or, if applicable, claims for delivery of any property in respect of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants;
- convert the capital securities, debt securities or warrants into ordinary shares of (i) the issuer or (ii) any group entity or (iii) any bridge bank or other instruments of ownership of such entities qualifying as common equity tier 1 capital; and/or
- apply any other resolution measure, including, but not limited to, (i) any transfer of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants to another entity, (ii) the amendment, modification or variation of the terms and conditions of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants or (iii) the cancellation of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants.

We refer to each of these measures as a “**Resolution Measure**.” When we refer to a “group entity,” we mean an entity that is included in the corporate group subject to a Resolution Measure, and when we refer to a “bridge bank,” we mean a newly chartered German bank that would receive some or all of our assets, liabilities and material contracts, including those attributable to our branches and subsidiaries, in a resolution proceeding. Resolution Measures include, among others, the measures generally referred to within the meaning of the “bail-in tool” under the European Union directive of May 15, 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms. For the avoidance of doubt, any non-payment or, if applicable, non-delivery by us arising out of any such Resolution Measure will not constitute a failure by us under the terms of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants, or under the capital securities indenture, the senior indenture, the subordinated indenture or the warrant agreement, as applicable, to make a payment of principal of, interest on or other amounts owing or, if applicable, deliverable under the capital securities, debt securities or warrants. By acquiring any capital securities, debt securities or warrants, you will be bound by and will be deemed irrevocably to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority. As a result, you would have no claim or other right against us arising out of any Resolution Measure or, with respect to any senior debt securities, increased losses incurred based on the new order of priority introduced by the Resolution Mechanism Act as described under “Description of Debt Securities” below. In addition, by your acquisition of any capital securities, debt securities or warrants, you waive (in the case of the capital securities and the debt securities, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the “**Trust Indenture Act**”) and applicable law) any and all claims against the relevant trustee, the relevant agents and the warrant agent, as applicable, and agree not to initiate a suit against the relevant trustee, the relevant agents or the warrant agent in respect of, and agree that the relevant trustee, the relevant agents and the warrant agent will not be liable for, any action that the relevant trustee, the relevant agents or the warrant agent takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the capital securities, debt securities or warrants. Accordingly, you may have limited or circumscribed rights to

challenge any decision of the competent resolution authority to impose any Resolution Measure. For more information, please see the sections “Resolution Measures” and “Risk Factors” of this prospectus.

The application of any Resolution Measure to purchase contracts and units will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement we will file in connection with such issuance.

Form

We may issue ordinary shares and tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares in global registered form. In addition, we may issue capital securities, debt securities, warrants, purchase contracts and units, in each case in fully registered form or in bearer form and, in either case, in definitive form or global form.

**Terms Specified in
Prospectus
Supplements**

When we decide to sell particular securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement describing the securities offering and the specific terms of the securities. You should carefully read this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement.

We will offer our ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, capital securities, debt securities, warrants, purchase contracts and units to investors on terms determined by market and other conditions. Our securities may be sold for U.S. dollars or foreign currency. Principal of, and any premium or interest on, capital securities and debt securities and cash amounts payable under warrants or purchase contracts may be payable in U.S. dollars or foreign currency, as we specifically designate in the related prospectus supplement.

Any prospectus supplement we provide will include the name of and compensation to each dealer, underwriter or agent, if any, involved in the sale of the securities being offered and the managing underwriters for any securities sold to or through underwriters. Any underwriters, including managing underwriters, dealers or agents in the United States may include Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. or other affiliates of ours.

Branches

We may act directly through our principal office in Frankfurt or through one of our branch offices, such as our London branch, our New York branch, or such other branch as specified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

**Conflicts of
Interest**

To the extent an offering of the securities will be distributed by Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. or any other U.S. broker-dealer affiliate of the Bank, each such offering of securities must be conducted in compliance with the requirements of Rule 5121 of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., or “**FINRA**,” regarding a FINRA member firm’s distribution of securities of affiliates. See “Plan of Distribution — Conflicts of Interest.”

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

References in this prospectus to the “Bank,” “we,” “our,” “us” or “Deutsche Bank AG” refer to Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft (including, as the context may require, acting through one of its branches) and, unless the context requires otherwise, will include our other consolidated subsidiaries. In the sections of this prospectus entitled “Description of Ordinary Shares,” “Description of Tradable Subscription Rights to Subscribe for Ordinary Shares,” “Description of Capital Securities,” “Description of Debt Securities,” “Description of Warrants,” “Description of Purchase Contracts” and “Description of Units references to “Bank,” “we,” “our,” “us” or “Deutsche Bank AG” refer to Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft (including, as the context may require, acting through one of its branches), as issuer of the securities described in such sections.

References to “you” or “your” mean those who invest in the securities being offered, whether they are the direct holders or owners of beneficial interests in those securities. References to “holders” mean those who own securities registered in their own names on the books that we or the trustee maintain for this purpose, and not those who own beneficial interests in securities issued in book-entry form through The Depository Trust Company or another depository or in securities registered in street name. Owners of beneficial interests in the securities should read the section entitled “Forms of Securities.”

This prospectus is part of a registration statement on Form F-3 that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “**Commission**” or “**SEC**”) utilizing a “shelf” registration process. Under this shelf process, we may, from time to time, sell any combination of the securities described in the prospectus in one or more offerings.

This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities we may offer. Each time we sell securities, we will provide one or more prospectus supplements that will contain specific information about the terms of the offering. A prospectus supplement may add, modify or replace information contained in this prospectus. *If a prospectus supplement is inconsistent with this prospectus, the terms of the prospectus supplement will control. Therefore the statements made in this prospectus may not be the terms that apply to the securities you purchase.* You should read both this prospectus and any prospectus supplement together with additional information described under the heading “Where You Can Find Additional Information” beginning on page 10 of this prospectus before purchasing any securities.

Following the initial distribution of an offering of securities, certain affiliates of ours may offer and sell those securities in the course of their businesses. Such affiliates may act as principal or agent in these transactions. This prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement will also be used in connection with those transactions. Sales in any of those transactions will be made at varying prices related to prevailing market prices and other circumstances at the time of sale.

References to “**EUR**,” “**€**” and “**euros**” are to the euro, the currency introduced at the start of the third stage of the European Economic and Monetary Union pursuant to the treaty establishing the European Community, as amended by the treaty on European Union. References to “**USD**,” “**U.S. dollars**,” “**dollar**” and “**\$**” are to United States currency, and the terms “**United States**” and “**U.S.**” mean the United States of America, its states, its territories, its possessions and all areas subject to its jurisdiction.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We are subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “**Exchange Act**”), and in accordance therewith, we file reports and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy these documents at the SEC’s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Copies of these materials can also be obtained from the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, NE, Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates. Please call the SEC at 1-800-732-0330 for further information about the Public Reference Room. The SEC also maintains an internet website that contains reports and other information regarding us that are filed through the SEC’s Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval (EDGAR) System. This website can be accessed at <http://www.sec.gov>. You can find information that we have filed with the SEC by reference to file number 001-15242.

This prospectus is part of a registration statement on Form F-3 that we filed with the SEC. This prospectus omits some information contained in the registration statement in accordance with SEC rules and regulations. You should review the information in and exhibits to the registration statement for further information on us and the securities we are offering. Statements in this prospectus concerning any document we filed as an exhibit to the registration statement or that we otherwise filed with the SEC are not intended to be comprehensive and are qualified in their entirety by reference to these filings. You should review the complete document to evaluate these statements.

The SEC allows us to “incorporate by reference” much of the information we file with the SEC, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those publicly available documents. The information that we incorporate by reference in this prospectus is an important part of this prospectus. Because we are incorporating by reference future filings with the SEC, this prospectus is continually updated and those future filings may modify or supersede some of the information included or incorporated in this prospectus. This means that you must look at all of the SEC filings that we incorporate by reference to determine if any of the statements in this prospectus or in any document previously incorporated by reference have been modified or superseded. This prospectus incorporates by reference the documents listed below and any future filings we make with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Current Reports on Form 6-K we furnish to the SEC after the date of this prospectus (or portions thereof) are incorporated by reference in this prospectus only to the extent that the report expressly states that it (or any such portion) is incorporated by reference in this prospectus or the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part. We incorporate by reference in this prospectus:

- (1) Annual Report on Form 20-F of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft for the year ended December 31, 2015, filed on March 11, 2016, which we also refer to as our “**2015 Form 20-F**.”
- (2) The Current Report on Form 6-K of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft dated March 15, 2016.

Upon request, we will provide to each person, including any beneficial owner to whom a prospectus is delivered, a copy of any or all of the information that has been incorporated by reference in the prospectus but not delivered with the prospectus.

You may request, at no cost to you, a copy of these documents (other than exhibits thereto not specifically incorporated by reference) by writing or telephoning us at: Deutsche Bank AG, Taunusanlage 12, 60325 Frankfurt am Main, Germany, Attention: Investor Relations (Telephone: +49-69-910-00). Certain of these documents can also be obtained on our website <http://www.deutsche-bank.com/ir> under “Reporting and Events — Reports — SEC Filings.” Reference to this “uniform resource locator” or “URL” is made as an inactive textual reference for informational purposes only. Other information found at this website is not incorporated by reference in this document.

USE OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

This document contains or incorporates by reference non-GAAP financial measures. Non-GAAP financial measures are measures of our historical or future performance, financial position or cash flows that contain adjustments that exclude or include amounts that are included or excluded, as the case may be, from the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRS**”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“**IASB**”) and as endorsed by the European Union (“**EU**”) in our financial statements.

Descriptions of non-GAAP financial measures we use and the adjustments made to the most directly comparable IFRS financial measures to obtain them are set forth in our 2015 Form 20-F and the other documents incorporated by reference herein.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus and any prospectus supplements, including the information incorporated by reference, contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”), and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs and expectations. We use words such as “believe,” “anticipate,” “expect,” “intend,” “seek,” “estimate,” “project,” “should,” “potential,” “reasonably possible,” “plan,” “aim” and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. In addition, we may from time to time make forward-looking statements in our periodic reports to the SEC on Forms 20-F and 6-K, annual and interim reports, invitations to annual shareholders’ meetings and other information sent to shareholders, offering circulars and prospectuses, press releases and other written materials. Our Management Board, Supervisory Board, officers and employees may also make oral forward-looking statements to third parties, including financial analysts.

Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements relating to the following:

- the potential development and impact on us of economic and business conditions and the legal and regulatory environment to which we are subject;
- the implementation of our strategic initiatives and other responses to the conditions and environment referenced above;
- the aspirations and targets we have announced in connection with our “Strategy 2020”;
- the measures we intend to implement in connection with our “Strategy 2020”;
- the development of aspects of our results of operations;
- our expectations of the impact of risks that affect our business, including the risks of losses on our trading processes and credit exposures; and
- other statements relating to our future business development and economic performance.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, both general and specific. We base these statements on our current plans, estimates, projections and expectations. You should therefore not place too much reliance on them. Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date we make them, and we undertake no obligation to update any of them in light of new information or future events.

We caution you that a number of important factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those we describe in any forward-looking statement. These factors include, among others, the following:

- the potential development and impact on us of economic and business conditions;
- other changes in general economic and business conditions;
- changes and volatility in currency exchange rates, interest rates and asset prices;
- changes in governmental policy and regulation, including measures taken in response to economic, business, political and social conditions;
- changes in our competitive environment;
- the success of our acquisitions, divestitures, mergers and strategic alliances;
- our success in implementing our strategic initiatives, including our “Strategy 2020”, and other responses to economic and business conditions and the legal and regulatory environment and realizing the benefits anticipated therefrom;
- the impact on us of litigation, investigations and regulatory enforcement actions to which we are or may in the future become subject; and
- other factors, including those we refer to in “Item 3: Key Information — Risk Factors” of our 2015 Form 20-F and elsewhere in the 2015 Form 20-F, this prospectus and any prospectus supplements, and others to which we do not refer.

RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the securities will involve certain risks. You should consider carefully the following risk factors together with the risk information contained in the relevant prospectus supplement, the relevant product supplement and the relevant pricing supplement before you decide that an investment in the securities is suitable for you.

For a discussion of the risk factors affecting Deutsche Bank AG and its business, see “Item 3: Key Information — Risk Factors” of the 2015 Form 20-F and our current and periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission that are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The following risk factors are additional to the risk factors included in that Form 20-F and those reports.

Securities May Be Subject to Resolution Measures and the Effects of the Resolution Mechanism Act

The securities may be written down, be converted into ordinary shares or other instruments qualifying as common equity tier 1 capital or become subject to other resolution measures. You may lose part or all of your investment if any such measure becomes applicable to us. Also, from January 1, 2017, in a resolution or German insolvency proceeding instituted with respect to the issuer, certain specifically defined senior unsecured debt instruments (such as some of the senior securities described in this prospectus) would rank junior to, without constituting subordinated debt, all other outstanding unsecured unsubordinated obligations of the issuer, and be satisfied only if all other senior unsecured obligations of the issuer have been paid in full. Such ranking might result in higher losses being allocated to the senior securities described in this prospectus than to other outstanding unsecured unsubordinated obligations of the issuer.

On May 15, 2014, the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union adopted a directive establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (commonly referred to as the “**Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive**”). The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive required each member state of the European Union to adopt and publish by December 31, 2014 the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive. To implement the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive, Germany adopted the Recovery and Resolution Act (*Sanierungs- und Abwicklungsgesetz*, or the “**Resolution Act**”), which became effective on January 1, 2015. The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive and the Resolution Act provided national resolution authorities with a set of resolution powers to intervene in the event that a bank is failing or likely to fail and certain other conditions are met. From January 1, 2016, the power to initiate resolution measures applicable to significant banking groups (such as Deutsche Bank Group) in the European Banking Union has been transferred to the European Single Resolution Board (“**SRB**”) which, based on the European Union regulation establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism and a Single Resolution Fund (“**SRM Regulation**”), works in close cooperation with the European Central Bank, the European Commission and the national resolution authorities.

Pursuant to the SRM Regulation, the Resolution Act and other applicable rules and regulations, the capital securities, debt securities and warrants are subject to the powers exercised by the competent resolution authority to write down, including write down to zero, the claims for payment of the principal amount, interest amount or any other amount or, if applicable, claims for delivery of any property in respect of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants, to convert the capital securities, debt securities or warrants into ordinary shares of (i) the issuer, (ii) any group entity or (iii) any bridge bank or other instruments of ownership of such entities qualifying as common equity tier 1 capital, or to apply any other resolution measure including, but not limited to, any transfer of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants to another entity, the amendment, modification or variation of the terms and conditions of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants or a cancellation of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants. We refer to each of these measures pursuant to German and European law, as applicable to us from time to time in effect, as a “**Resolution Measure**.” Resolution Measures include, among others, the measures generally referred to within the meaning of the “bail-in tool” under the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive as implemented by the Resolution Act. The competent resolution authority may apply Resolution Measures individually or in any combination. Imposition of a Resolution Measure would likely occur if we become, or are deemed by the competent supervisory authority to have become, “non-viable” (as defined under the then applicable law) and are unable to continue our regulated banking activities without a Resolution Measure becoming applicable to us. The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive and the Resolution Act are intended to eliminate the need for public support of troubled banks, and you should be aware that public support, if any, would only potentially be used by the competent supervisory authority as a last resort after having assessed and exploited, to the maximum extent practicable, the resolution tools, including the bail-in tool.

If a Resolution Measure is imposed, the competent resolution authority will have to exercise its powers in a way that results in (i) common equity tier 1 capital instruments (such as ordinary shares of Deutsche Bank AG) being written down first in proportion to the relevant losses, (ii) thereafter, the principal amount of other capital instruments (additional tier 1 capital instruments, such as those potentially issued under the capital securities indenture, and tier 2 capital instruments, such as those potentially issued under the subordinated indenture) being written down on a permanent basis or converted into common equity tier 1 capital instruments in accordance with their order of priority and (iii) thereafter, eligible liabilities – such as those under the senior debt securities and warrants – being written down or converted into common equity tier 1 capital instruments in accordance with a set order of priority.

The German law on the mechanism for the resolution of banks of November 2, 2015 (*Abwicklungsmechanismusgesetz*, or the “**Resolution Mechanism Act**”) provides that in a German insolvency proceeding of the issuer, certain specifically defined senior unsecured debt instruments (such as some of the senior securities described in this prospectus) would rank junior to, without constituting subordinated debt, all other outstanding unsecured unsubordinated obligations of the issuer, and be satisfied only if all such other senior unsecured obligations of the issuer have been paid in full. This prioritization would also be given effect if Resolution Measures are imposed on the issuer, so that obligations under debt instruments that rank junior in insolvency as described above would be written down or converted into common equity tier 1 instruments before any other senior unsecured obligations of such issuer are written down or converted. Debt instruments that rank junior to other senior obligations according to the Resolution Mechanism Act comprise bearer bonds, negotiable registered bonds and similar instruments which by their nature are tradable on the capital markets, as well as promissory notes and non-negotiable registered bonds which do not qualify as deposits, unless they are expressly exempted. A large portion of our liabilities consists of senior unsecured obligations that fall outside this statutory definition or are expressly exempted. Among those unsecured unsubordinated obligations that are expressly exempted are money market instruments and senior unsecured debt instruments whose terms provide that (i) the repayment or the amount of the repayment depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of an event which is uncertain at the point in time when the senior unsecured debt instruments are issued or is settled in a way other than by monetary payment, or (ii) the payment of interest or the amount of the interest payments depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of an event which is uncertain at the point in time when the senior unsecured debt instruments are issued unless the payment of interest or the amount of the interest payments solely depends on a fixed or floating reference interest rate and is settled by monetary payment.

This order of priority introduced by the Resolution Mechanism Act would apply in German insolvency proceedings instituted, or when Resolution Measures are imposed, on or after January 1, 2017 with effect for debt instruments of the issuer outstanding at that time. In a German insolvency proceeding or in the event of the imposition of Resolution Measures with respect to the issuer, the competent regulatory authority or court would determine which of our senior debt securities described in this prospectus have the terms described in clauses (i) or (ii) above, referred to herein as the “**Structured Debt Securities**,” and which do not, referred to herein as the “**Non-Structured Debt Securities**.” The relevant pricing supplement for each issuance will indicate whether we expect such issuance to be classified as Structured Debt Securities or Non-Structured Debt Securities, but the competent regulatory authority or court may classify such senior debt securities differently. In a German insolvency proceeding or in the event of the imposition of Resolution Measures with respect to the issuer, the Structured Debt Securities and the warrants are expected to be among the unsecured unsubordinated obligations that would bear losses after the Non-Structured Debt Securities as described above. The order of priority introduced by the Resolution Mechanism Act could lead to increased losses for the holders of Non-Structured Debt Securities if insolvency proceedings were initiated or Resolution Measures imposed on the issuer.

You would have no claim or other right against us arising out of any Resolution Measure, and we would have no obligation to make payments under the capital securities, debt securities or warrants following the imposition of a Resolution Measure. In particular, the imposition of any Resolution Measure will not constitute a default or an event of default under the capital securities, debt securities or warrants, or under the capital securities indenture, the senior indenture, the subordinated indenture or the warrant agreement, as applicable, or give you any other right to accelerate or terminate the capital securities, debt securities or warrants.

There is some uncertainty as to what protections, if any, will be available to holders of securities that are subject to a Resolution Measure and to the additional resolution powers that may be granted to the competent resolution authority. Under the Resolution Act, there are certain limited judicial proceedings available to challenge any Resolution Measure taken by the competent resolution authority. Limited judicial proceedings to challenge Resolution Measures under the SRM Regulation (including possible proceedings before the European Court of Justice) may also be available. However, it remains unclear what remedies may be available to holders commencing such proceedings. In addition, by your acquisition of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants, you waive (in the case of the capital securities and the debt securities, to the fullest extent permitted by

the Trust Indenture Act and applicable law) any and all claims against the relevant trustee, the relevant agents and the warrant agent, as applicable, for, agree not to initiate a suit against the relevant trustee, the relevant agents or the warrant agent in respect of, and agree that the relevant trustee, the relevant agents and the warrant agent will not be liable for, any action that the relevant trustee, the relevant agents or the warrant agent takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the capital securities, debt securities or warrants. Accordingly, you may have limited or circumscribed rights to challenge any decision of the competent resolution authority to impose any Resolution Measure. The application of any Resolution Measure to the purchase contracts and units will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement we will file in connection with such issuance.

The extent to which the principal amount of, or other amount payable or deliverable with respect to, any of the securities may be subject to a Resolution Measure may depend on a number of factors that may be outside our control, and it will be difficult to predict when, if at all, a Resolution Measure might become applicable to us in our individual case. Accordingly, secondary market trading in any of the securities may not follow the trading behavior associated with other types of securities issued by other financial institutions that may be or have been subject to a Resolution Measure. In addition, secondary market trading in any of the securities constituting Non-Structured Debt Securities may not follow the trading behavior associated either with Structured Debt Securities issued by us or with securities issued by other financial institutions that are not subject to the Resolution Mechanism Act or similar laws. You may lose part or all of your investment in the securities if a Resolution Measure becomes applicable to us, even though the capital securities, debt securities, warrants, purchase contracts and units are governed by New York law (other than their subordination provisions, if applicable, which are governed by German law).

Resolution Measures may become applicable to the capital securities, debt securities and warrants by operation of law even in the absence of explicit provisions, acknowledgments or waivers in the terms of the securities. The order of priority introduced by the Resolution Mechanism Act will apply in a German insolvency proceeding or in the event of the imposition of Resolution Measures with respect to the issuer instituted on or after January 1, 2017, with effect for debt instruments already outstanding at that time and without the need for explicit provisions, acknowledgments or waivers in the terms of the debt instruments affected thereby.

A Resolution Measure may apply to us if we become, or are deemed by the competent supervisory authority to have become, “non-viable” (as defined under the then applicable law) and are unable to continue our regulated banking activities without a Resolution Measure becoming applicable to us. Although the senior debt securities and warrants initially issued by us on or after January 1, 2015 include a contractual acknowledgment from holders of such securities that they are bound by and irrevocably consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure, implementation of the Resolution Act and any other applicable rules and regulations (including the SRM Regulation) may result in the Resolution Measures becoming applicable by operation of law to senior debt securities and warrants issued prior to January 1, 2015 or to securities not otherwise including a contractual acknowledgment despite the absence of explicit provisions, acknowledgments or waivers in the terms of such securities. As a result, if a Resolution Measure is imposed on us, senior debt securities and warrants initially issued by us prior to January 1, 2015 or otherwise not including a contractual acknowledgment may be subject to such Resolution Measures and, by operation of law, written down, converted into ordinary shares of (i) the issuer, (ii) any group entity or (iii) any bridge bank or other instruments of ownership of such entities qualifying as common equity tier 1 capital, transferred to another entity, amended, modified, varied or cancelled. Furthermore, the order of priority introduced by the Resolution Mechanism Act, as described above, would apply in a German insolvency proceeding or in the event of the imposition of Resolution Measures with respect to the issuer commenced on or after January 1, 2017, with effect for debt instruments already outstanding at that time and without the need for explicit provisions, acknowledgments or waivers in the terms of the debt instruments affected thereby. The precise effects on our securities that may result from the implementation of the Resolution Act, the Resolution Mechanism Act and any other applicable rules and regulations (including the SRM Regulation) remain uncertain. You should consider the risk that you may lose some or all of your investment in such securities.

Exchange Rates and Exchange Controls May Affect the Securities’ Value or Return

Securities involving foreign currencies are subject to general exchange rate and exchange control risks.

An investment in a security that is denominated or payable in, or the payment of which is linked to the value of, currencies other than U.S. dollars entails significant risks. These risks include the possibility of significant changes resulting from market changes in rates of exchange between the U.S. dollar and the relevant foreign

currencies and the possibility of the imposition or modification of exchange controls by governments. These risks generally depend on market forces and economic and political events over which we have no control.

Exchange rates will affect your investment.

In recent years, rates of exchange between U.S. dollars and some foreign currencies have been highly volatile and this volatility may continue in the future. Fluctuations in any particular exchange rate that have occurred in the past are not necessarily indicative, however, of fluctuations that may occur while you are a holder of any security. Depreciation against the U.S. dollar of the currency in which a security is payable would result in a decrease in the effective yield of the security below its interest rate, if any, and could result in an overall loss to you on a U.S. dollar basis. In addition, depending on the specific terms of a currency-linked security, changes in exchange rates relating to any of the relevant currencies could result in a decrease in its effective yield and in your loss of all or a substantial portion of the value of that security.

We have no control over exchange rates.

Foreign exchange rates can either float or be fixed by sovereign governments. Exchange rates of most economically developed nations are permitted to fluctuate in value relative to the U.S. dollar and to each other. However, from time to time, governments may use a variety of techniques, such as intervention by a country's central bank, the imposition of regulatory controls or taxes or changes in interest rates to influence the exchange rates of their currencies. Governments may also issue a new currency to replace an existing currency or alter the exchange rate or relative exchange characteristics by a devaluation or revaluation of a currency. These governmental actions could change or interfere with currency valuations and currency fluctuations that would otherwise occur in response to economic forces, as well as in response to the movement of currencies across borders. As a consequence, these governmental actions could adversely affect the U.S. dollar-equivalent yields or payouts for securities denominated or payable in currencies other than U.S. dollars and currency-linked securities.

We will not make any adjustment or change in the terms of the securities in the event that exchange rates should become fixed, or in the event of any devaluation or revaluation or imposition of exchange or other regulatory controls or taxes, or in the event of other developments affecting the U.S. dollar or any applicable foreign currency. You will bear those risks.

Some foreign currencies may become unavailable.

Governments have imposed from time to time, and may in the future impose, exchange controls that could also affect the availability of a specified foreign currency. Even if there are no actual exchange controls, it is possible that the applicable currency for any security not denominated in U.S. dollars would not be available when payments on that security are due.

Alternative payment method used if payment currency becomes unavailable.

If a payment currency is unavailable, we would make required payments in U.S. dollars on the basis of the market exchange rate.

Currency Conversions May Affect Payments on Some Securities.

The applicable pricing supplement may provide for payments on a non-U.S. dollar denominated security to be made in U.S. dollars or payments on a U.S. dollar denominated security to be made in a currency other than U.S. dollars. In these cases, the exchange rate agent identified in the pricing supplement will convert the currencies. You will bear the costs of conversion through deductions from those payments.

Exchange Rates May Affect the Value of a New York Judgment Involving Non-U.S. Dollar Securities.

The securities generally will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York. Unlike many courts in the United States outside the State of New York, the courts in the State of New York customarily enter judgments or decrees for money damages in the foreign currency in which the securities are denominated. These amounts would then be converted into U.S. dollars at the rate of exchange in effect on the date the judgment or decree is entered. You would bear the foreign currency risk during litigation.

Additional risks specific to particular securities will be described in the applicable pricing supplement.

Exchange Rates

Our financial statements are expressed in euro, which is Germany's currency. For convenience, we translate some amounts denominated in euro appearing in certain documents incorporated by reference herein into U.S. dollars. Fluctuations in the exchange rate between the euro and the U.S. dollar will affect the U.S. dollar equivalent of the euro amounts expressed in our financial statements and elsewhere. Past fluctuations in foreign exchange rates may not necessarily be predictive of future fluctuations.

The following table shows the period-end, high and low exchange rates for the euro, as published by the European Central Bank.

<u>in U.S. \$ per €</u>	<u>Period-end</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
2016:			
March	1.1385	1.1385	1.0856
April (through April 26)	1.1287	1.1432	1.1252

DEUTSCHE BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft is a stock corporation organized under the laws of Germany registered in the Commercial Register of the District Court in Frankfurt am Main under registration number HRB 30 000. Our registered office is in Frankfurt am Main. We maintain our head office at Taunusanlage 12, 60325 Frankfurt am Main, Germany.

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft originated from the reunification of Norddeutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Hamburg, Rheinisch-Westfälische Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Düsseldorf, and Süddeutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Munich. Pursuant to the Law on the Regional Scope of Credit Institutions, these were disincorporated in 1952 from Deutsche Bank, which had been founded in 1870. The merger and the name were entered in the Commercial Register of the District Court Frankfurt am Main on May 2, 1957.

We are the parent company of a group consisting of banks, capital market companies, fund management companies, a real-estate finance company, installment financing companies, research and consultancy companies and other German and non-German companies. We offer a wide variety of investment, financial and related products and services to private individuals, corporate entities and institutional clients around the world.

We are one of the largest banks in Germany and one of the largest financial institutions in Europe and the world measured by total assets. As of December 31, 2015, on an audited basis, we had total assets of €1,629.1 billion, total liabilities of €1,561.5 billion and total shareholders' equity of €62.7 billion, in each case on the basis of IFRS.

As of December 31, 2015, our share capital amounted to €3,530,939,215.36 million consisting of 1,379,273,131 ordinary shares of no par value, of which 1,378,898,267 were outstanding. The shares are fully paid up and in registered form. The shares are listed for trading and official quotation on all the German stock exchanges and are listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Please refer to our 2015 Form 20-F and the other documents incorporated by reference herein for additional information and financial statements relating to us.

LIMITATIONS ON ENFORCEMENT OF U.S. LAWS

Deutsche Bank AG is a German stock corporation (*Aktiengesellschaft* or *AG*), and its registered office and most of its assets are located outside of the United States. In addition, most of the members of our Management Board (*Vorstand*), our Supervisory Board (*Aufsichtsrat*), our senior management and the experts named herein are residents of Germany and jurisdictions other than the United States. As a result, it may not be possible for you to effect service of process within the United States upon these individuals or upon us or to enforce judgments obtained in U.S. courts based on the civil liability provisions of the U.S. securities laws against us in the United States. Awards of punitive damages in actions brought in the United States or elsewhere are generally not enforceable in Germany. In addition, actions brought in a German court against us or the members of our Management Board, Supervisory Board, our senior management and the experts named herein to enforce liabilities based on U.S. federal securities laws may be subject to certain restrictions; in particular, German courts generally do not award punitive damages. Litigation in Germany is also subject to rules of procedure that differ from the U.S. rules, including with respect to the taking and admissibility of evidence, the conduct of the proceedings and the allocation of costs. Proceedings in Germany would have to be conducted in the German language, and all documents submitted to the court would, in principle, have to be translated into German. For these reasons, it may be difficult for a U.S. investor to bring an original action in a German court predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws against us, the members of our Management Board, Supervisory Board, our senior management and the experts named in this prospectus. In addition, even if a judgment against our company, the non-U.S. members of our Management Board, Supervisory Board, senior management or the experts named in this prospectus based on the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws is obtained, a U.S. investor may not be able to enforce it in U.S. or German courts.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The Statement re: Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges of Deutsche Bank AG for the periods ended December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011 included as Exhibit 7.1 to our 2015 Form 20-F filed with the SEC on March 11, 2016 is hereby incorporated by reference.

CAPITALIZATION & INDEBTEDNESS

The Capitalization Table of Deutsche Bank AG as of December 31, 2015 included in our 2015 Form 20-F filed with the SEC on March 11, 2016 is hereby incorporated by reference. As of March 31, 2016, total debt declined by approximately €10 billion, or 5.8%, resulting in a corresponding change in total capitalization. Other than such decline, there have been no material changes in our capitalization and indebtedness from that set forth in such Capitalization Table.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will use the net proceeds from the sale of the securities we offer by this prospectus for general corporate purposes, in connection with hedging our obligations under the securities, or for any other purposes described in the applicable prospectus supplement. General corporate purposes may include additions to working capital, investments in or extensions of credit to our subsidiaries and the repayment of indebtedness.

DESCRIPTION OF ORDINARY SHARES

For a summary of the material terms of our Articles of Association and applicable German corporate law in effect as of the date of this prospectus regarding our ordinary shares and the holders thereof, please refer to “Item 10: Additional Information — Memorandum and Articles of Association” in our 2015 Form 20-F. Our Articles of Association were most recently approved at the annual shareholders’ meeting held on May 21, 2015 and have been registered in the Commercial Register in Frankfurt am Main. This summary may not contain all of the information that is important to you. You should read the Articles of Association, which are incorporated herein by reference, to understand them fully.

Share Capital and Shares

As of December 31, 2015, our share capital amounted to €3,530,939,215.36 consisting of 1,379,273,131 no par value ordinary registered shares, each representing a notional par value of €2.56 in our share capital and carrying full dividend rights as from January 1, 2015. Thereof 374,864 ordinary shares, representing €959,651.84 of our share capital, were held by or on behalf of the Bank or one of its subsidiaries. All issued ordinary shares are fully paid up. Below is a reconciliation of the number of ordinary shares outstanding at the beginning of the year and as of December 31, 2015:

<u>Number of ordinary shares</u>	<u>Total share capital issued and fully paid</u>	<u>Treasury shares (Shares held by or on behalf of the Bank or one of its subsidiaries)</u>	<u>Outstanding</u>
Ordinary shares outstanding as of December 31, 2014	1,379,273,131	(260,182)	1,379,012,949
Capital increase	—	—	—
Ordinary shares issued under share-based compensation plans	—	—	—
Ordinary shares purchased for treasury	—	(326,647,008)	(326,647,008)
Ordinary shares sold or distributed from treasury	—	326,532,326	326,532,326
Ordinary shares outstanding as of December 31, 2015	1,379,273,131	(374,864)	1,378,898,267

According to our Articles of Association, all ordinary shares are issued in the form of registered shares. Shareholders are required to notify the Bank for registration in the share register and provide, in particular, where natural persons are concerned, their name, their address as well as their date of birth or, where legal persons are concerned, their registered name, their business address and their registered domicile, and in all cases the number of shares they hold. The entry in the Bank’s share register constitutes a prerequisite for attending and exercising voting rights at the shareholders’ meeting.

Stock Exchange Listing

Our shares have been admitted to the regulated market (*Regulierter Markt*) and the sub-segment of the regulated market with additional obligations arising from admission (Prime Standard) of the Frankfurt Stock Exchange (*Frankfurter Wertpapierbörse*) as well as to the regulated market of the six other German stock exchanges (Berlin, Düsseldorf, Hamburg, Hanover, Munich and Stuttgart). In addition, our shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Transferability of Shares

The transferability of our ordinary shares is not restricted by law or our Articles of Association.

Development of the Share Capital Since 2013

As of December 31, 2012, our share capital amounted to €2,379,519,078.40 and was divided into 929,499,640 ordinary registered shares with no par value. Since December 31, 2012, our share capital has developed as follows:

- On April 30, 2013, we issued 90,000,000 shares (with full dividend rights for the year 2012 and without subscription rights) from our authorized capital created in 2011 and our share capital was accordingly increased by €230,400,000.00. The capital increase was registered in the Commercial Register on May 2, 2013. Following this capital increase, our registered share capital amounted to €2,609,919,078.40 and was divided into 1,019,499,640 ordinary registered shares with no par value.
- On June 5, 2014, we issued 59,931,506 shares (with full dividend rights for the year 2014 and without subscription rights) from our authorized capital created in 2013 and our share capital was accordingly increased by €153,424,655.36. The new shares were issued to Paramount Services Holdings Ltd., an investment vehicle ultimately beneficially owned and controlled by His Excellency Sheikh Hamad Bin Jassim Bin Jabor Al-Thani. The capital increase was registered in the Commercial Register on June 5, 2014. Following this capital increase, our registered share capital amounted to €2,763,343,733.76 and was divided into 1,079,431,146 ordinary registered shares with no par value.
- On June 25, 2014, we issued 299,841,985 new registered no par value shares (common shares) against cash payments using authorized capital created in 2011 and 2013 and our share capital was accordingly increased by €767,595,481.60. The new shares were issued with full dividend rights for the year 2014 through subscription rights; 99.1% of the subscription rights were exercised, and thus 297,071,326 new shares were issued at a subscription price of €22.50 per share. The remaining 2,770,659 new shares were placed in Xetra trading at a weighted average price of €26.5837. The capital increase was registered in the Commercial Register on June 20, 2014. Following this capital increase, our registered share capital amounts to €3,530,939,215.36 and is divided into 1,379,273,131 ordinary registered shares with no par value.

For further information about our share capital (including a reconciliation of the number of ordinary shares outstanding at the beginning and end of each of 2014 and 2015), see note 34 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2015 Form 20-F.

Authorized Capital.

Our share capital may be increased by issuing new shares out of authorized capital against cash payments. Our authorized but unissued capital as of the date of this prospectus amounts to €1,760,000,000.00.

- By resolution of our annual shareholders' meeting dated May 21, 2015, the Management Board is authorized to increase our share capital on or before April 30, 2020, once or more than once, by up to a total of €352,000,000 through the issue of new shares against cash payments. Shareholders are to be granted pre-emptive rights. However, the Management Board is authorized to except broken amounts from shareholders' pre-emptive rights and to exclude pre-emptive rights insofar as is necessary to grant to the holders of option rights, convertible bonds and convertible participatory rights issued by us and our affiliates pre-emptive rights to new shares to the extent that they would be entitled to such rights after exercising their option or conversion rights. The Management Board is also authorized to exclude the pre-emptive rights in full if the issue price of the new shares is not significantly lower than the quoted price of the shares already listed at the time of the final determination of the issue price and the shares issued in accordance with Section 186(3) sentence 4 of the German Stock Corporation Act (*Aktiengesetz*) do not exceed in total 10 % of the share capital at the time the authorization becomes effective or — if the value is lower — at the time the authorization is utilized. Management Board resolutions to utilize authorized capital and to exclude pre-emptive rights require the Supervisory Board's approval. The new shares may also be taken up by banks specified by the Management Board with the obligation to offer them to shareholders (indirect pre-emptive right).
- By resolution of our annual shareholders' meeting dated May 21, 2015, the Management Board is authorized to increase our share capital on or before April 30, 2020, once or more than once, by up to a total of €1,408,000,000 through the issue of new shares against cash payments. Shareholders are to be granted pre-emptive rights. However, the Management Board is authorized to except broken amounts from shareholders' pre-emptive rights and to exclude pre-emptive rights insofar as is necessary to grant to the holders of option rights, convertible bonds and convertible participatory rights issued by us and our affiliates pre-emptive rights to new shares to the extent that they would be entitled to such rights after exercising their option or conversion rights. Management Board resolutions to utilize authorized capital and to exclude

pre-emptive rights require the Supervisory Board's approval. The new shares may also be taken up by banks specified by the Management Board with the obligation to offer them to shareholders (indirect pre-emptive right).

Conditional Capital.

Our conditional but unissued capital as of the date of this prospectus amounts to €486,400,000, divided as follows:

- By resolution of our annual shareholders' meeting dated May 31, 2012, our share capital is conditionally increased by up to €230,400,000 through the issuance of up to 90,000,000 new shares. Pursuant to this resolution, the conditional capital increase can only be carried out insofar as (a) the holders of conversion rights or option rights that are linked with participatory notes or convertible bonds or bonds with warrants to be issued on or before April 30, 2017, by us or our affiliates, based on the authorization granted to the Management Board by resolution of our annual shareholders' meeting on May 31, 2012, make use of their conversion or option rights, or (b) the holders with conversion obligations of convertible participatory notes or convertible bonds to be issued on or before April 30, 2017, by us or our affiliates, based on the authorization specified above, fulfill their obligation to convert.
- By resolution of our annual shareholders' meeting dated May 22, 2014, our share capital is conditionally increased by up to €256,000,000.00 through the issuance of up to 100,000,000 new shares. This conditional capital increase will serve to grant rights to holders of participatory notes with warrants and/or convertible participatory notes, bonds with warrants and convertible bonds issued on or before April 30, 2019 by us or by one of our affiliates, in accordance with the authorization summarized in the following paragraphs. The new shares are to be issued at the option and/or conversion prices calculated in each case in accordance with the authorization dated May 22, 2014. The conditional capital increase can only be carried out to the extent to which these rights are exercised or holders with an obligation to convert fulfill their conversion obligations. The new shares will be entitled to a dividend from the beginning of the financial year in which they are created by exercise of option rights and/or conversion rights or by the fulfillment of conversion obligations. The Management Board will be authorized to determine further details concerning the execution of the conditional capital increase.

In the context of the new conditional capital, on May 22, 2014 the annual shareholders' meeting authorized the Management Board to issue bearer or registered participatory notes, once or more than once, on or before April 30, 2019. The participatory notes must meet the requirements of European law, which calls for capital paid up to grant participatory rights to be attributable to the Bank's additional tier 1 capital. Participatory notes may come with bearer warrants or they can be linked to a conversion right (as well as a conversion obligation) for the bearer. The option and/or conversion rights entitle holders to buy shares of the Bank subject to the conditions of warrant-linked participatory rights and/or convertible participatory rights.

The Management Board was also authorized to issue, instead of or besides participatory notes, on or before April 30, 2019, once or more than once, other hybrid financial instruments with a perpetual maturity that fulfill the requirements as own funds specified above but that are possibly not classified by law as participatory rights if their issue requires the approval of the annual shareholders' meeting pursuant to Section 221 of the German Stock Corporation Act due to, for example, their dividend-dependent return or other reasons. We refer to these instruments as "**Hybrid Debt Securities.**"

The Management Board was furthermore authorized to issue, instead of or besides participatory notes or Hybrid Debt Securities, on or before April 30, 2019, once or more than once, bonds with warrants and/or convertible bonds with a fixed maturity of at the most 20 years or with a perpetual maturity and to grant option rights to the holders of bonds with warrants and conversion rights (possibly with a conversion obligation) to the holders of convertible bonds, respectively, to subscribe to new shares of the Bank subject to the conditions of bonds with warrants and of convertible bonds. The instruments issued pursuant to this paragraph do not have to fulfill the statutory requirements to qualify as additional tier 1 capital.

The total nominal amount of all participatory notes, Hybrid Debt Securities, bonds with warrants and convertible bonds to be issued under this authorization may not exceed a total value of €12 billion. Option rights and/or conversion rights may only be issued in respect of shares of the Bank with a proportionate amount of share capital of up to a nominal sum of €256,000,000.00.

Authorization to Acquire Own Shares.

As of December 31, 2015, we held 374,864 of our own shares.

Authorization pursuant to Section 71(1) no. 7 of the German Stock Corporation Act.

On May 23, 2013, our annual shareholders' meeting resolved to authorize the Management Board, pursuant to Section 71(1) no. 7 of the German Stock Corporation Act, to acquire own shares of the Bank.

We are authorized pursuant to Section 71(1) no. 7 of the German Stock Corporation Act to buy and sell, for the purpose of securities trading, own shares on or before April 30, 2018, at prices which do not exceed or fall short of the average of the share prices (closing auction prices of our share in Xetra trading and/or in a comparable successor system on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange) on the respective three preceding stock exchange trading days by more than 10%. In this context, the shares acquired for this purpose may not, at the end of any day, exceed 5% of our share capital.

Authorization pursuant to Section 71(1) no. 8 of the German Stock Corporation Act.

On May 21, 2015 our annual shareholders' meeting resolved to authorize the Management Board, pursuant to Section 71(1) no. 8 of the German Stock Corporation Act, to acquire own shares.

We are authorized pursuant to Section 71(1) no. 8 of the German Stock Corporation Act to buy, on or before April 30, 2020, own shares of the Bank in a total volume of up to 10% of our share capital at the time the resolution is taken or — if the value is lower — of our share capital at the time this authorization is exercised. Together with the own shares we acquired for trading purposes and/or for other reasons and which are from time to time in our possession or attributable to us pursuant to Sections 71a *et seq.* of the German Stock Corporation Act, the own shares purchased on the basis of this authorization may not at any time exceed 10% of our respectively applicable share capital. The own shares may be bought through the stock exchange or by means of a public purchase offer to all shareholders. The countervalue for the purchase of shares (excluding ancillary purchase costs) through the stock exchange may not be more than 10 % higher or lower than the average of the share prices (closing auction prices of our share in Xetra trading and/or in a comparable successor system on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange) on the last three stock exchange trading days before the obligation to purchase. In the case of a public purchase offer, it may not be more than 10% higher or lower than the average of the share prices (closing auction prices of our share in Xetra trading and/or in a comparable successor system on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange) on the last three stock exchange trading days before the day of publication of the offer. If the volume of shares offered in a public purchase offer exceeds the planned buyback volume, acceptance must be in proportion to the shares offered in each case. We may provide for a preferred acceptance of small quantities of up to 50 of our shares offered for purchase per shareholder.

The Management Board is authorized to dispose of the purchased shares and of any shares purchased on the basis of previous authorizations pursuant to Section 71(1) no. 8 of the German Stock Corporation Act on the stock exchange or by an offer to all shareholders. The Management Board is also authorized to dispose of the purchased shares against contribution in kind with the exclusion of shareholders' pre-emptive rights for the purpose of acquiring companies or shareholdings in companies or other assets that serve to advance the company's business operations. In addition, the Management Board is authorized, in case it disposes of such own shares by offer to all shareholders, to grant to the holders of option rights, convertible bonds and convertible participatory rights issued by us and our affiliates pre-emptive rights to the extent that they would be entitled to such rights if they exercised their option and/or conversion rights. Shareholders' pre-emptive rights are excluded for these cases and to this extent. The Management Board is also authorized, with the exclusion of shareholders' pre-emptive rights, to use shares purchased on the basis of authorizations pursuant to Section 71(1) no. 8 of the German Stock Corporation Act to issue staff shares to our and our affiliates' employees and retired employees or to use them to service option rights on our shares and/or rights or duties to purchase our shares granted to our and our affiliates' employees or members of executive or non-executive management bodies.

Furthermore, the Management Board is authorized, with the exclusion of shareholders' pre-emptive rights, to sell such own shares to third parties against cash payment if the purchase price is not substantially lower than the price of our shares on the stock exchange at the time of sale. This authorization may only be used to the extent it has been ensured that the number of shares sold on the basis of this authorization does not exceed 10% of our share capital at the time this authorization becomes effective or – if the amount is lower – at the time this authorization is exercised. Shares that are issued or sold during the validity of this authorization with the exclusion of pre-emptive rights, in direct or analogous application of Section 186(3) sentence 4 of the German Stock Corporation Act, are to be included in the maximum limit of 10% of our share capital. Shares that are to be issued to service option and/or conversion rights from convertible bonds, bonds with warrants, convertible

participatory rights or participatory rights are also to be included to the extent these bonds or participatory rights are issued during the validity of this authorization with the exclusion of pre-emptive rights in corresponding application of Section 186(3) sentence 4 of the German Stock Corporation Act.

The Management Board may cancel shares acquired on the basis of this or a preceding authorization without any further resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

Dividends and Paying Agents

For more information on our dividend policy and legal basis for dividends under German law, see our 2015 Form 20-F "Item 8: Financial Information — Dividend Policy."

Shareholders registered with our New York transfer agent will be entitled to elect whether to receive dividend payments in euros or U.S. dollars. For those shareholders, unless instructed otherwise, we will convert all cash dividends and other cash distributions with respect to ordinary shares into U.S. dollars prior to payment to the shareholder. The amount distributed will be reduced by any amounts we or our New York transfer agent are required to withhold for taxes or other governmental charges. If our New York transfer agent determines, following consultation with us, that in its judgment any foreign currency it receives is not convertible or distributable, our New York transfer agent may distribute the foreign currency (or a document evidencing the right to receive such currency) or, in its discretion, hold the foreign currency for the account of the shareholder to receive the same.

If any of our distributions consists of a dividend of our shares, Registrar Services GmbH and our New York transfer agent (with respect to shares individually certificated) or the custodian bank with which shareholders have deposited their shares (with respect to shares in global form) will distribute the shares to the shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholdings. Rather than distribute fractional shares, Registrar Services GmbH, our New York transfer agent or the custodian bank will sell all such fractional shares and distribute the net proceeds to shareholders.

Registrar Services GmbH and our New York transfer agent (with respect to shares individually certificated) or the custodian bank with which shareholders have deposited their shares (with respect to shares in global form) will also distribute all distributions (other than cash, our shares or rights) to shareholders in proportion to their shareholdings. In the event that Registrar Services GmbH, our New York transfer agent or the custodian bank determine that the distribution cannot be made proportionately among shareholders or that it is impossible to make the distribution, they may adopt any method that they consider fair and practicable to effect the distribution. Such methods may include the public or private sale of all or a portion of the securities or property and the distribution of the proceeds. Registrar Services GmbH, our New York transfer agent or the custodian bank must consult with us before adopting any alternative method of distribution.

Depending on whether shares are individually certificated or in global form, we, Registrar Services GmbH, our New York transfer agent or the custodian bank with which shareholders have deposited their shares will determine whether or not any distribution (including cash, shares, rights or property) is subject to tax or governmental charges. In the case of a cash distribution, we may use all or part of the cash to pay any such tax or governmental charge. In the case of other distributions, we, Registrar Services GmbH, our New York transfer agent or the custodian bank may dispose of all or part of the property to be distributed by public or private sale, in order to pay the tax or governmental charge. In all cases, shareholders will receive any net proceeds of any sale or the balance of the cash or property after the deduction for taxes or governmental charges in proportion to their shareholdings.

Additional Capital

For a description of our authorized but unissued capital, conditional capital and share-based compensation plans, please see "Development of the Share Capital since 2012 — Authorized Capital" and "Development of the Share Capital since 2012 — Conditional Capital" above, and note 34 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2015 Form 20-F. For a description of our share-based compensation plans, please see note 35 to the consolidated financial statements in our 2015 Form 20-F.

Stock Options

As of the date of this prospectus there were no persons to whom our capital or the capital of any of our consolidated subsidiaries is under option or agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be put under option.

DESCRIPTION OF TRADABLE SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS TO SUBSCRIBE FOR ORDINARY SHARES

We may offer tradable statutory subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft. The applicable prospectus supplement will describe the specific terms of any such subscription rights offering, including, as applicable:

- the title of the subscription rights;
- the exercise price for the subscription rights;
- the aggregate number of subscription rights issued;
- a discussion of the material U.S. federal, German or other income tax considerations, as well as considerations under the U.S. Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, or “**ERISA**,” applicable to the issuance of ordinary shares together with statutory subscription rights or exercise of the subscription rights;
- any other terms of the subscription rights, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exercise of the subscription rights;
- the terms of the ordinary shares corresponding to the subscription rights;
- information regarding the trading of subscription rights, including the stock exchanges, if any, on which the subscription rights will be tradeable;
- the record date, if any, to determine who is entitled to the subscription rights and the ex-rights date;
- the date on which the rights to exercise the subscription rights will commence, and the date on which the rights will expire;
- the extent to which the offering includes a contractual over-subscription privilege with respect to unsubscribed securities; and
- the material terms of any standby underwriting arrangement we enter into in connection with the offering.

Each subscription right will entitle its holder to subscribe for a number of our ordinary shares at an exercise price described in the prospectus supplement. Subscription rights may be exercised at any time up to the close of business on the expiration date set forth in the prospectus supplement. After the close of business on the expiration date, all unexercised subscription rights will become void. Upon receipt of payment and, if applicable, the subscription form properly completed and executed at the subscription rights agent’s office or another office indicated in the prospectus supplement, we will, as soon as practicable, forward our ordinary shares that can be subscribed for with that exercise. The prospectus supplement may offer more details on how to exercise the subscription rights. If we determine to make appropriate arrangements for rights trading, persons other than our shareholders can acquire rights as described in the prospectus supplement. In the event subscription rights are offered only to our shareholders and their rights remain unexercised, we may determine to offer the unsubscribed offered securities to persons other than our shareholders. In addition, we may enter into a standby underwriting arrangement with one or more underwriters under which the underwriter or underwriters, as the case may be, will purchase any offered securities remaining unsubscribed for after the offering, as described in the prospectus supplement.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL SECURITIES

This section describes the general terms that will apply to any capital securities that may be offered pursuant to this prospectus by Deutsche Bank AG, directly or through one of its branches. The specific terms of the offered capital securities, and the extent to which the general terms described in this section apply to capital securities, will be described in one or more related prospectus supplements at the time of the offer.

General

As used in this prospectus, the term “**capital securities**” means the subordinated capital securities that Deutsche Bank AG issues, directly or through one of its branches, and that the trustee authenticates and delivers under the capital securities indenture.

The capital securities (and, in the case of capital securities in bearer form, any coupons to these securities) will constitute our unsecured and subordinated obligations, ranking *pari passu* among themselves. In the event of our dissolution, liquidation, insolvency or composition, or other proceedings for the avoidance of insolvency of, or against, us, the obligations under the capital securities will be fully subordinated to:

- the claims of our unsubordinated creditors,
- the claims under our tier 2 instruments (within the meaning of the CRR), and
- the claims specified in Section 39 (1) nos. 1 to 5 of the German Insolvency Statute (*Insolvenzordnung*),

so that in any such event no amounts will be payable in respect of the capital securities until the claims of such unsubordinated creditors, the claims under such tier 2 instruments, and the claims specified in Section 39 (1) nos. 1 to 5 of the German Insolvency Statute have been satisfied in full. Subject to this subordination provision, we may satisfy our obligations under the capital securities also from our other distributable assets (*freies Vermögen*).

“**CRR**” means Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (including any provisions of regulatory law supplementing this Regulation); to the extent that any provisions of the CRR are amended or replaced, the term CRR as used in the capital securities indenture and the capital securities also refer to such amended provisions or successor provisions.

The term “**unsubordinated creditors**” means the holders of any indebtedness or other payment obligation of ours that is not expressed to be subordinated by means of contractual agreement or as a matter of law.

Our payment obligations under the capital securities will rank *pari passu* with the claims against us under the support undertakings, subordinated guarantees and issuances listed in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant prospectus supplement, by acquiring any capital securities, you will be bound by and will be deemed irrevocably to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority. As a result, you would have no claim or other right against us arising out of any Resolution Measure. In addition, by your acquisition of capital securities, you waive, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act and applicable law, any and all claims against the trustee for the capital securities for, agree not to initiate a suit against that trustee in respect of, and agree that that trustee will not be liable for, any action that that trustee takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the capital securities. Accordingly, you may have limited or circumscribed rights to challenge any decision of the competent resolution authority to impose any Resolution Measure. For more information, please see the sections “Resolution Measures” and “Risk Factors” in this prospectus.

We may issue capital securities through our head office or through one of our branches. Deutsche Bank AG as a whole is responsible for the obligations of its branches. Where, however, Deutsche Bank AG is delayed in performing or is unable, whether in whole or in part, to perform the obligations of the branch that issued any capital securities through such branch due to any law, requirement or any other act of state or of any authority in the jurisdiction of such branch, investors may be unable to seek performance of such obligations through any of Deutsche Bank’s other branches or offices (including its head office).

The Capital Securities Indenture

The capital securities offered pursuant to this prospectus will be issued in one or more series under, and will be governed by, the base capital securities indenture dated November 6, 2014 among us, as issuer, The Bank of New York Mellon, One Wall Street, New York, New York 10286, as trustee, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as paying agent, calculation agent, transfer agent and registrar and authenticating agent, and the supplements thereto. The capital securities indenture will be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act.

In this section, we refer to the trustee under the capital securities indenture, including any successor trustee, as the “**trustee**” with respect to that indenture and the capital securities issued under it. We refer to the capital securities indenture and the supplements thereto as the “**capital securities indenture**.”

We have summarized below the material provisions of the capital securities indenture and the capital securities, or indicated which material provisions will be described in the related prospectus supplement. These descriptions are only summaries and are qualified in their entirety by the capital securities indenture. The terms of the capital securities indenture will include both those stated in the capital securities indenture and those made part of the capital securities indenture by the Trust Indenture Act. The capital securities indenture and the supplements thereto will be included as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, and you should read the capital securities indenture for provisions that may be important to you.

We May Issue Different Series of Capital Securities

The capital securities indenture does not limit the amount of capital securities that may be issued. We may issue capital securities from time to time in one or more distinct series, at a price of 100% of their principal amount or at a premium or a discount. This section summarizes terms of the capital securities that apply generally to all series. The provisions of the capital securities indenture allow us not only to issue capital securities with terms different from those of capital securities previously issued under the capital securities indenture, but also to “reopen” a previously issued series of capital securities and issue additional capital securities of that series. The capital securities will not be secured by any property or assets of Deutsche Bank AG. We will describe many of the specific terms of the applicable series in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Qualification as Regulatory Capital

We may issue capital securities that have terms that enable them to qualify as our additional tier 1 capital, as defined and provided for in the bank regulatory capital provisions to which we are subject. We will include in prospectus supplements descriptions of the terms of any capital securities that we intend to qualify for inclusion in our regulatory capital.

Payments on the Capital Securities

Denomination and Currency. The capital securities may be denominated and payable in U.S. dollars or other currencies.

Fixed Rate and Floating Rate Capital Securities. Capital securities may bear interest at a fixed rate or a floating rate, which, in either case, may be zero, or at a rate that varies during the lifetime of the capital securities.

Cancellation of Interest Payments. We may issue capital securities from time to time with provisions for the cancellation of any interest payment at our discretion or under other circumstances.

Limitations on Payments of Principal or Interest. We may issue capital securities from time to time with limitations on our ability to pay principal or interest in respect of such capital securities, including circumstances in which we may be prohibited from making such payments.

Write-downs of Principal. We may issue capital securities from time to time with provisions for write-downs in the principal amount of such capital securities.

Contingent Convertible Capital Securities. We may issue capital securities from time to time that may or will be converted at our option or otherwise into ordinary shares or other securities of ours.

Linked or Exchangeable Capital Securities. We may issue capital securities from time to time with the principal amount and/or interest payable on any relevant payment date to be determined by reference to the performance, level or value of one or more of the following: other securities issued by us, securities of any entity affiliated or unaffiliated with us, indices, currencies, commodities, interest rates, intangibles, articles, goods or any other property, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances and/or a basket or baskets of any of these items. Holders of these types of capital securities will receive payments of principal and/or interest (if any) that are determined by reference to the applicable underlying instrument or measurement. Such capital securities may provide either for cash settlement or for physical settlement by delivery of the applicable underlying property or other property of the type listed above. Such capital securities may also provide that the form of settlement may be determined at our option or at your option.

We may issue capital securities that are exchangeable, either mandatorily or at our or the holder's option, into securities of ours or entities that are or are not affiliated with us, a basket or baskets of those securities, other property, or any combination of, or the cash value of, such securities or other property.

Terms Specified in Prospectus Supplement

The prospectus supplement will contain, where applicable, the following terms of and other information relating to any offered capital securities:

- whether the capital securities will be issued by Deutsche Bank AG directly or through one of its branches;
- the specific designation;
- whether the capital securities qualify for regulatory capital treatment as additional tier 1 capital (within the meaning of the regulatory capital adequacy requirements to which we are subject) or otherwise;
- the ranking of the capital securities relative to our other outstanding securities, including to what extent they may rank junior in right of payment to other of our obligations or in any other manner;
- the aggregate principal amount, purchase price and denomination;
- the currency in which the capital securities are denominated and/or in which principal, and premium, if any, and/or interest, if any, is payable;
- whether the capital securities have a scheduled maturity, and if so, the date of maturity (and any provisions relating to extending or shortening the maturity date);
- the interest rate or rates or the method by which the calculation agent (identified in the prospectus supplement) will determine the interest rate or rates, if any, and under what circumstances interest is payable;
- the date from which interest accrues and the interest payment dates, if any;
- provisions, if any, for the cancellation of all or any portion of any interest payment at our discretion or under other circumstances;
- limitations, if any, on our ability to pay principal or interest in respect of the capital securities, including situations whereby we may be prohibited from making such payments;
- provisions, if any, for write-downs (and related write-ups, if any) in the principal amount of the capital securities and the effect, if any, of such write-downs (and related write-ups, if any) on interest payable on such capital securities;
- the place or places for payment of the principal of and any premium, if any, and/or interest, if any, on the capital securities;
- any repayment, redemption, prepayment or sinking fund provisions, including any redemption notice provisions;
- any terms on which the capital securities may or will be converted at our option or otherwise into ordinary shares or other securities of ours, which we refer to as “**Conversion Securities**,” and, if so, the nature and terms of the Conversion Securities into which such capital securities are convertible and any additional or other provisions relating to such conversion, including any triggering event that may give rise to such conversion (which may include, but shall not be limited to, certain regulatory capital events) and the terms upon which such conversion should occur;
- whether we may conduct an offer of Conversion Securities after any conversion of the capital securities in order to deliver cash proceeds to holders of capital securities in lieu of the Conversion Securities and the terms upon which any such offer should occur;
- any terms relating to the adjustment of the Conversion Securities into which the capital securities may be converted;
- whether we will issue the capital securities in registered form or bearer form or both and, if we are offering capital securities in bearer form, any restrictions applicable to the exchange of one form for another and to the offer, sale and delivery of those capital securities in bearer form;
- whether we will issue the capital securities in global (*i.e.*, book-entry) or definitive (*i.e.*, certificated) form and under what terms and conditions;

- the terms on which holders of the capital securities may convert or exchange them into or for one or more securities of ours or entities that are or are not affiliated with us, a basket or baskets of those securities, other property, or any combination of, or the cash value of, any of the foregoing; the terms on which conversion or exchange may occur, including whether exchange is mandatory, at the option of the holder or at our option; the period during which exchange may occur; the initial exchange price or rate; and the circumstances or manner in which the amount of securities or other property, or any combination thereof, deliverable upon exchange, or the cash value thereof, may be adjusted;
- information as to the methods for determining the amount of principal, premium, if any, and/or interest payable on any date and/or currencies, commodities or securities of ours or entities that are or are not affiliated with us, the basket or baskets of those currencies, commodities or securities, or the index or indices of those currencies, commodities or securities, or interest rates, or intangibles, articles, goods or any other property, or any other financial or economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances, to which the amount payable on that date is linked;
- the identity of any agents for the capital securities, including the trustee, depositaries, authenticating or paying agents, transfer agents, registrars, determination or other agents;
- the proposed listing, if any, of the capital securities on any securities exchange;
- whether the capital securities are to be sold separately or with other securities as part of units; and
- any other specific terms of the capital securities and any terms required by or advisable under applicable laws or regulations.

The prospectus supplement relating to any series of capital securities may also include, if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations, certain German income tax consequences, certain income tax consequences due to the jurisdiction of any relevant issuing branch and certain considerations under ERISA, in each case in relation to an investment in the securities.

Registration and Transfer of Capital Securities

Holders may present capital securities for exchange and transfer (except bearer securities) in the manner, at the places and subject to the restrictions stated in the capital securities and described in the applicable prospectus supplement. We will provide these services without charge except for any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection with these services and subject to any limitations or requirements provided in the capital securities indenture or the supplemental indenture thereto or issuer order under which that series of capital securities is issued.

Holders may transfer capital securities in bearer form and/or the related coupons, if any, by delivery to the transferee.

If any of the capital securities are held in global form, the procedures for transfer of interests in those securities will depend upon the procedures of the depositary for those global securities. See “Forms of Securities.”

Impact of Significant Corporate Actions and Other Developments

Under German law, a surviving corporation in a merger or consolidation generally assumes the obligations of its predecessors. There are, however, no covenants in the capital securities indenture or other provisions designed to protect holders of the capital securities against a reduction in the creditworthiness of Deutsche Bank AG that would afford holders of capital securities additional protection in the event of a recapitalization transaction, a change of control of us, a merger or consolidation, a sale, lease or conveyance of all or substantially all of our assets or a highly leveraged transaction or any other transaction that might adversely affect holders of the capital securities.

It may be that Deutsche Bank AG will depend increasingly upon the earnings and cash flow of its subsidiaries to meet its obligations under the capital securities. Since the creditors of any of its subsidiaries would generally have a right to receive payment that is superior to Deutsche Bank AG’s right to receive payment from the assets of that subsidiary, holders of capital securities will be effectively subordinated to creditors of Deutsche Bank AG’s subsidiaries. In addition, there are various regulatory requirements applicable to some of Deutsche Bank AG’s subsidiaries that limit their ability to pay dividends and make loans and advances to Deutsche Bank AG.

Subordination of Capital Securities

The discussion of subordination in this section applies to each of our capital securities, directly or through one of its branches, issued under the capital securities indenture.

The capital securities will constitute our unsecured and subordinated obligations, ranking *pari passu* among themselves. Our payment obligations under the capital securities will rank *pari passu* with the claims against us under the support undertakings, subordinated guarantees and issuances listed in the applicable prospectus supplement.

The capital securities indenture provides that:

- in the event of our dissolution, liquidation, insolvency, composition or other proceedings for the avoidance of insolvency of, or against, us, the obligations under the capital securities will be fully subordinated to (i) the claims of our unsubordinated creditors, (ii) the claims under our tier 2 instruments (within the meaning of the CRR), and (iii) the claims specified in Section 39 (1) nos. 1 to 5 of the German Insolvency Statute (*Insolvenzordnung*), so that in any such event no amounts will be payable in respect of the capital securities until (i) the claims of such of our unsubordinated creditors, (ii) the claims of under such tier 2 instruments and (iii) such claims specified in Section 39 (1) nos. 1 to 5 of the German Insolvency Statute have been satisfied in full;
- the claims of a holder of capital securities may not be set off against any of our claims;
- no security or guarantee of whatever kind is, or will at any time be, provided by us or any other person securing the rights of holders of capital securities under any series of the capital securities;
- no subsequent agreement may limit the subordination provisions applicable to any series of capital securities or shorten the term of any series of capital securities other than pursuant to the terms thereof or any applicable notice period; and
- any redemption of capital securities of any series (other than at their final maturity, if any capital security by its terms provides for a final maturity) will be subject to receipt by the Bank of prior written approval of the competent authority that has assumed the relevant supervisory functions previously performed by the German Federal Financial Supervisory Authority (*Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht*) as of the date of the base capital securities indenture (the “**Relevant Regulator**”), if then required under applicable law, the regulations, requirements, guidelines and policies relating to capital adequacy adopted by bodies of the European Union or Germany or any other competent authority then in effect in Germany and applicable to us, other regulations or policies of the Relevant Regulator.

If we fail to make payment of principal of, interest on, or other amounts owing under any series of capital securities at such time as such payment is requested to be made pursuant to the terms of such series of capital securities, which we refer to as a “**Non-Payment Event**,” and such Non-Payment Event is continuing, the trustee and the holders of capital securities could take action against us, but they may not accelerate the maturity of the capital securities and would not receive any money until the claims of the senior indebtedness have been fully satisfied. Furthermore, if we become subject to German insolvency proceedings, the trustee and the holders of our capital securities will have no right to file a claim against us unless the competent insolvency court allows the filing of subordinated claims.

No Defaults or Events of Default

There are no defaults or events of default under the capital securities indenture with respect to any series of the capital securities.

No Acceleration of Capital Securities. The capital securities indenture provides that there is no right of acceleration in the case of any non-payment of principal of, interest on or other amounts owing under any series of capital securities or a failure by us to perform any other covenant under the capital securities or under the capital securities indenture. Under no circumstances may the holders or the trustee declare the principal amount of any series of the capital securities and interest accrued thereon to be due and payable.

No Negative Pledge. The capital securities indenture contains no restrictions preventing us from incurring additional debt or from securing any of our debt by a pledge, lien or other encumbrance on any of our assets.

Indemnification of Trustee for Actions Taken on Your Behalf. The capital securities indenture provides that the trustee will not be liable with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith in accordance

with the direction of the holders of capital securities issued under the capital securities indenture relating to the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the trustee. In addition, the capital securities indenture contains a provision entitling the trustee, subject to the duty of the trustee to act with the required standard of care during a Non-Payment Event, to be indemnified by the holders of capital securities issued under the capital securities indenture before proceeding to exercise any right or power at the request of holders. Subject to these provisions and some other limitations, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of each affected series of outstanding capital securities, voting as one class, may direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee.

Limitation on Actions by You as an Individual Holder. The capital securities indenture provides that no individual holder of capital securities may institute any action against us under the capital securities indenture, except (to the extent required by the Trust Indenture Act and subject to the subordination and other provisions of any capital securities) actions to receive payment of the principal of and interest on capital securities on or after the respective due dates expressly provided for pursuant to the terms of such capital securities, unless the following actions have occurred:

- the holder must have previously given written notice to the trustee of the continuing Non-Payment Event;
- the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding capital securities of each affected series, treated as one class, must have (1) requested the trustee to institute that action and (2) offered the trustee reasonable indemnity;
- the trustee must have failed to institute that action within 60 days after receipt of the request referred to above; and
- the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding capital securities of each affected series, treated as one class, must not have given directions to the trustee inconsistent with those of the holders referred to above.

As may be further specified in the terms of the particular series of capital securities, distributions on capital securities may be paid only out of certain distributable items, and we may retain full discretion at all times to cancel distributions on capital securities qualifying as additional tier 1 capital for an unlimited period and on a non-cumulative basis, in particular if ordered by our competent authority to not make any such distributions. In addition, depending on the terms of the series of capital securities, the principal of a capital security may be written down automatically or, by order of a competent authority, the capital securities may be converted, if a minimum regulatory capital threshold is triggered. In such cases, a holder of the capital securities would not be able to bring an action. Additionally, the provisions governing the capital securities will not give the holder the right to accelerate future scheduled payments of interest or principal.

The capital securities indenture contains a covenant that we will file annually with the trustee a certificate of no non-compliance in the performance of any covenants or conditions contained in the capital securities indenture, or a certificate specifying any non-compliance that exists.

Discharge

We may discharge all of our obligations under the capital securities indenture, other than as to transfers and exchanges, after we have:

- paid or caused to be paid the principal of and any interest or premium, if any, on all of the outstanding capital securities issued thereunder in accordance with their terms; or
- delivered to the trustee for cancellation all of the outstanding capital securities issued thereunder.

Modification of the Capital Securities Indenture

Modification without Consent of Holders. We and the trustee may enter into supplemental indentures without the consent of the holders of capital securities issued under the indentures to:

- evidence the assumption by a successor corporation of our obligations;
- add covenants for the protection of the holders of capital securities;
- cure any ambiguity or correct any inconsistency or manifest error;
- to give effect to any variation to the terms of the capital securities as a result of any exercise of any Resolution Measure;

- establish the forms or terms of capital securities of any series; or
- evidence the acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee.

Modification Requiring Consent of Each Holder. We and the trustee may not make any of the following changes to any outstanding capital security without the consent of each holder that would be affected by such change:

- if any capital security by its terms provides for a final maturity, change the final maturity thereof;
- reduce the principal amount of such capital security in any manner not permitted pursuant to the terms of such capital security;
- reduce the rate or change the time of payment of interest of such capital security in any manner not permitted pursuant to the terms of such capital security;
- reduce any amount payable on redemption;
- change the currency in which the principal, premium, or interest thereon is payable;
- modify or amend the provisions for conversion of any currency into another currency;
- alter the terms on which holders of the capital securities may convert or exchange capital securities for other securities of the Bank or of other entities or for other property or the cash value of thereof, other than in accordance with the antidilution provisions or other similar adjustment provisions included in the terms of the capital securities;
- alter certain provisions of the capital securities indenture relating to capital securities not denominated in U.S. dollars;
- modify the provisions of the capital securities indenture with respect to the subordination of the capital securities in a manner adverse to the holders;
- reduce the percentage of capital securities the consent of whose holders is required for modification of the capital securities indenture; or
- to the extent required by the Trust Indenture Act and subject to the subordination and other provisions of any capital securities, impair the right of any holder to institute actions to receive payment of the principal of and interest on capital securities on or after the respective due dates expressly provided for pursuant to the terms of such capital securities.

Modification with Consent of Holders of a Majority. We and the trustee may make any other change to the capital securities indenture and to the rights of the holders of the capital securities issued thereunder, if we obtain the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of all affected series of outstanding capital securities issued thereunder, voting as one class.

Concerning Our Relationship with the Trustee

We and our subsidiaries maintain ordinary banking relationships and custodial facilities with the trustee and affiliates of the trustee.

Governing Law

The capital securities and the capital securities indenture will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, except for the subordination provisions thereof, which will be governed by German law.

DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

This section describes the general terms that will apply to any debt securities that may be offered pursuant to this prospectus by Deutsche Bank AG, directly or through one of its branches. The specific terms of the offered debt securities, and the extent to which the general terms described in this section apply to debt securities, will be described in one or more related prospectus supplements at the time of the offer.

General

As used in this prospectus, “**debt securities**” means the senior and subordinated debentures, notes, bonds and other evidences of indebtedness that Deutsche Bank AG issues, directly or through one of its branches, and in each case, the trustee authenticates and delivers under the applicable indenture.

The senior debt securities (and, in the case of senior debt securities in bearer form, any coupons to these securities) will be our direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and will rank equally and *pari passu* with the claims of all our other unsecured and unsubordinated creditors, subject to any statutory priority regime of the jurisdiction of our incorporation (or, in the case of senior debt securities issued by Deutsche Bank AG through a branch, of the jurisdiction where the branch is established) that provides certain claims will be satisfied first in a resolution or German insolvency proceeding with respect to the issuer. For example, the German law on the mechanism for the resolution of banks of November 2, 2015 (*Abwicklungsmechanismusgesetz*, or the “**Resolution Mechanism Act**”) provides that in a German insolvency proceeding of the issuer, certain specifically defined senior unsecured debt instruments (such as some of the senior securities described in this prospectus) would rank junior to, without constituting subordinated debt, all other senior unsecured obligations of the issuer, and be satisfied only if all such other senior unsecured obligations of the issuer have been paid in full. This prioritization would also be given effect if Resolution Measures are imposed on the issuer, so that obligations that rank junior in insolvency as described above would be written down or converted into common equity tier 1 instruments before any other senior unsecured obligations of the issuer are written down or converted. Debt instruments that rank junior to other senior unsecured obligations according to the Resolution Mechanism Act comprise bearer bonds, negotiable registered bonds and similar instruments which by their nature are tradable on the capital markets, as well as promissory notes and non-negotiable registered bonds which do not qualify as deposits, unless they are expressly exempted. A large portion of our liabilities consist of senior unsecured obligations that fall outside this statutory definition or are expressly exempted. Among those unsecured unsubordinated obligations that are expressly exempted are money market instruments and senior unsecured debt instruments whose terms provide that (i) the repayment or the amount of the repayment depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of an event which is uncertain at the point in time when the senior unsecured debt instruments are issued or is settled in a way other than by monetary payment or (ii) the payment of interest or the amount of the interest payments depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of an event which is uncertain at the point in time when the senior unsecured debt instruments are issued unless the payment of interest or the amount of the interest payments solely depends on a fixed or floating reference interest rate and is settled by monetary payment.

This order of priority introduced by the Resolution Mechanism Act would apply in German insolvency proceedings instituted on or after January 1, 2017 with effect for debt instruments of the issuer outstanding at this time. In a German insolvency proceeding or in the event of Resolution Measures with respect to the issuer, the competent regulatory authority or court would determine which of our senior debt securities issued under this prospectus have the terms described in clauses (i) or (ii) above, referred to herein as the “**Structured Debt Securities**,” and which do not, referred to herein as the “**Non-Structured Debt Securities**.” The relevant pricing supplement for each issuance will indicate whether we expect such issuance to be classified as Structured Debt Securities or Non-Structured Debt Securities, but the competent regulatory authority or court may classify such senior debt securities differently. In a German insolvency proceeding or in the event of Resolution Measures with respect to the issuer, the Structured Debt Securities are expected to be among the unsecured unsubordinated obligations that would bear losses after the Non-Structured Debt Securities. The order of priority introduced by the Resolution Mechanism Act could lead to increased losses for the holders of Non-Structured Debt Securities if insolvency proceedings were initiated or Resolution Measures imposed on the issuer.

By acquiring any senior debt securities issued on or after January 1, 2015, you will be bound by and will be deemed irrevocably to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority. As a result, you would have no claim or other right against us arising out of any Resolution Measure or increased losses incurred based on the new order of priority introduced by the Resolution Mechanism Act. In addition, by your acquisition of senior debt securities, you waive, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act and applicable law, any and all claims against the trustee for the senior debt securities and the paying agent, the registrar and the issuing agent (which we refer to as the “**senior note agents**” herein) for, agree

not to initiate a suit against such trustee or the senior note agents in respect of, and agree that such trustee and the senior note agents will not be liable for, any action that such trustee or the senior note agents take, or abstain from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the senior debt securities. Accordingly, you may have limited or circumscribed rights to challenge any decision of the competent resolution authority to impose any Resolution Measure. For more information, please see the sections “Resolution Measures” and “Risk Factors” in this prospectus.

For each of our future issuances of subordinated debt securities, we intend to amend the subordinated indenture (via the relevant supplemental subordinated indenture or otherwise) to state that the subordinated debt securities (and, in the case of subordinated debt securities in bearer form, any coupons to these securities) will be our direct, unconditional, unsecured and subordinated obligations and will be subordinate to the claims of our unsubordinated creditors and will rank at least on parity with the claims of the holders of all our other subordinated indebtedness, except as otherwise provided by applicable law or the terms of any such other indebtedness, and in particular, they will rank in priority to the claims of the holders of any of our subordinated indebtedness that by its express terms is stated to rank junior to the subordinated debt securities. Unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement, by acquiring any subordinated debt securities, you will be bound by and will be deemed irrevocably to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority. As a result, you would have no claim or other right against us arising out of any Resolution Measure. In addition, by your acquisition of subordinated debt securities, you waive, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act and applicable law, any and all claims against the trustee for the subordinated debt securities and the paying agent, the transfer agent and the registrar and authenticating agent (which we refer to as the “**subordinated note agents**” herein) for, agree not to initiate a suit against such trustee or the subordinated note agents in respect of, and agree that such trustee and the subordinated note agents will not be liable for, any action that such trustee or the subordinated note agents take, or abstain from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the subordinated debt securities. Accordingly, you may have limited or circumscribed rights to challenge any decision of the competent resolution authority to impose any Resolution Measure. For more information, please see the sections “Resolution Measures” and “Risk Factors” in this prospectus.

We may issue debt securities through our head office or through one of our branches. Deutsche Bank AG as a whole is responsible for the obligations of its branches. Where, however, Deutsche Bank AG is delayed in performing or is unable, whether in whole or in part, to perform the obligations of the branch that issued any debt securities through such branch due to any law, requirement or any other act of state or of any authority in the jurisdiction of such branch, investors may be unable to seek performance of such obligations through any of Deutsche Bank’s other branches or offices (including its head office).

The Indentures

We may issue senior debt securities and/or subordinated debt securities, directly or through one of our branches. The senior debt securities offered pursuant to this prospectus will be issued in one or more series under, and will be governed by, the senior indenture dated November 22, 2006 among us, as issuer, Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, 400 Madison Avenue, 4th Floor, New York, New York 10017, as trustee, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as paying agent, issuing agent, authenticating agent and registrar, as supplemented by the first supplemental senior indenture dated as of March 7, 2014, the second supplemental senior indenture dated as of January 1, 2015, the third supplemental senior indenture dated as of January 1, 2016, the fourth supplemental senior indenture dated as of March 15, 2016 and as may be further amended and supplemented from time to time. The subordinated debt securities offered pursuant to this prospectus will be issued in one or more series under, and will be governed by, a subordinated indenture dated May 21, 2013 among us, as issuer, Wilmington Trust, National Association, 1100 North Market Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19890, as trustee, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as paying agent, transfer agent and registrar and authenticating agent and the supplements thereto.

Each of the senior indenture and the subordinated indenture will be qualified under the Trust Indenture Act. Under the provisions of the Trust Indenture Act, if the same institution acts as trustee under the senior indenture and under the subordinated indenture, upon a default in any series of debt securities issued under either indenture, the trustee may be deemed to have a conflicting interest and may be required to resign and a successor trustee will be appointed.

In this section, we refer to each of the trustees under the senior indenture and the subordinated indenture, including any successor trustee, as the “**trustee**” with respect to that indenture and the debt securities issued under it. In this section, we refer to each of the senior indenture and the subordinated indenture, in each case as it may be supplemented from time to time, as an “**indenture**” and collectively as the “**indentures**.”

We have summarized below the material provisions of the indentures and the debt securities, or indicated which material provisions will be described in the related prospectus supplement. These descriptions are only summaries and are qualified in their entirety by the applicable indenture. The terms of each indenture will include both those stated in that indenture and those made part of that indenture by the Trust Indenture Act. The senior indenture and the subordinated indenture are included as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, and you should read the applicable indenture for provisions that may be important to you.

We May Issue Different Series of Debt Securities

Neither indenture limits the amount of debt that may be issued. We may issue debt securities from time to time in one or more distinct series, at a price of 100% of their principal amount or at a premium or a discount. This section summarizes terms of the debt securities that apply generally to all series. The provisions of each of the indentures allow us not only to issue debt securities with terms different from those of debt securities previously issued under that indenture, but also to “reopen” a previously issued series of debt securities and issue additional debt securities of that series. The debt securities will not be secured by any property or assets of Deutsche Bank AG. We will describe many of the specific terms of the applicable series in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Qualification of Subordinated Debt Securities as Regulatory Capital

We may issue subordinated debt securities that have terms that enable them to qualify as our tier 2 capital, as defined and provided for in the bank regulatory capital provisions to which we are subject. We will include in prospectus supplements descriptions of the terms of any subordinated debt securities that we intend to qualify for inclusion in our regulatory capital.

Payments on the Debt Securities

Denomination and Currency. The debt securities may be denominated and payable in U.S. dollars or other currencies.

Fixed Rate and Floating Rate Debt Securities. Debt securities may bear interest at a fixed rate or a floating rate, which, in either case, may be zero, or at a rate that varies during the lifetime of the debt security. Debt securities bearing no interest or interest at a rate that at the time of issuance is below the prevailing market rate may be sold at a discount below their stated principal amount.

Linked or Exchangeable Debt Securities. We may issue debt securities from time to time with the principal amount and/or interest payable on any relevant payment date to be determined by reference to the performance, level or value of one or more of the following: other securities issued by us, securities of any entity affiliated or unaffiliated with us, indices, currencies, commodities, interest rates, intangibles, articles, goods or any other property, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances and/or a basket or baskets of any of these items. Holders of these types of debt securities will receive payments of principal and/or interest (if any) that are determined by reference to the applicable underlying instrument or measurement. Such debt securities may provide either for cash settlement or for physical settlement by delivery of the applicable underlying property or other property of the type listed above. Such debt securities may also provide that the form of settlement may be determined at our option or at your option.

We may issue debt securities that are exchangeable, either mandatorily or at our or the holder’s option, into securities of ours or entities that are or are not affiliated with us, a basket or baskets of those securities, other property, or any combination of, or the cash value of, such securities or other property.

Terms Specified in Prospectus Supplement

The prospectus supplement will contain, where applicable, the following terms of and other information relating to any offered debt securities:

- whether the debt securities will be issued by Deutsche Bank AG, directly or through one of its branches;
- the specific designation;
- whether the debt securities are senior or subordinated;

- whether we expect the senior debt securities to be classified as Structured Debt Securities or Non-Structured Debt Securities in a German insolvency proceeding or in the event of the imposition of Resolution Measures with respect to the issuer;
- the ranking of the subordinated debt securities relative to our other outstanding securities, including to what extent they may rank junior in right of payment to other of our obligations or in any other manner;
- whether the debt securities qualify for regulatory capital treatment and if so, the category of capital for which they qualify;
- the aggregate principal amount, purchase price and denomination;
- the currency in which the debt securities are denominated and/or in which principal, and premium, if any, and/or interest, if any, is payable;
- the date of maturity (and any provisions relating to extending or shortening the maturity date);
- the interest rate or rates or the method by which the calculation agent (identified in the prospectus supplement) will determine the interest rate or rates, if any;
- the date from which interest accrues and the interest payment dates, if any;
- the place or places for payment of the principal of and any premium, if any, and/or interest, if any, on the debt securities;
- any repayment, redemption, prepayment or sinking fund provisions, including any redemption notice provisions;
- if other than the principal amount thereof, the portion of the principal amount of the debt securities payable upon declaration of acceleration of maturity thereof;
- whether we will issue the debt securities in registered form or bearer form or both and, if we are offering debt securities in bearer form, any restrictions applicable to the exchange of one form for another and to the offer, sale and delivery of those debt securities in bearer form;
- whether we will issue the debt securities in global (*i.e.*, book-entry) or definitive (*i.e.*, certificated) form and under what terms and conditions;
- whether the securities are convertible or exchangeable securities and the terms on which holders of the debt securities may exchange them into or for one or more securities of ours or other entities or other property, or the cash value thereof, and the specific terms of and period in which such conversion or exchange may be made;
- if the amount of principal, premium, if any, and/or interest payable on any date may be determined with respect to any currencies, commodities or securities of us or other entities, the basket or baskets of those currencies, commodities or securities, or the index or indices of those currencies, commodities or securities, or interest rates, or intangibles, articles, goods or any other property, or any other financial or economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances, the manner in which such amounts will be determined;
- the identity of any agents for the debt securities, including the trustee, depositaries, authenticating or paying agents, transfer agents, registrars, determination or other agents;
- the proposed listing, if any, of the debt securities on any securities exchange;
- whether the debt securities are to be sold separately or with other securities as part of units; and
- any other specific terms of the debt securities and any terms required by or advisable under applicable laws or regulations.

The prospectus supplement relating to any series of debt securities may also include, if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations, certain German income tax consequences, certain income tax consequences due to the jurisdiction of any relevant issuing branch and certain considerations under ERISA, in each case in relation to an investment in the securities.

Registration and Transfer of Debt Securities

Holders may present debt securities for exchange and transfer (except bearer securities) in the manner, at the places and subject to the restrictions stated in the debt securities and described in the applicable prospectus supplement. We will provide these services without charge except for any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection with these services and subject to any limitations or requirements provided in the applicable indenture or the supplemental indenture thereto or issuer order under which that series of debt securities is issued.

Holders may transfer debt securities in bearer form and/or the related coupons, if any, by delivery to the transferee.

If any of the securities are held in global form, the procedures for transfer of interests in those securities will depend upon the procedures of the depositary for those global securities. See “Forms of Securities.”

Impact of Significant Corporate Actions and Other Developments

Under German law, a surviving corporation in a merger or consolidation generally assumes the obligations of its predecessors. There are, however, no covenants in either of the indentures or other provisions designed to protect holders of the debt securities against a reduction in the creditworthiness of Deutsche Bank AG that would afford holders of debt securities additional protection in the event of a recapitalization transaction, a change of control of us, a merger or consolidation, a sale, lease or conveyance of all or substantially all of our assets or a highly leveraged transaction or any other transaction that might adversely affect holders of the debt securities.

It may be that Deutsche Bank AG will depend increasingly upon the earnings and cash flow of its subsidiaries to meet its obligations under the debt securities. Since the creditors of any of its subsidiaries would generally have a right to receive payment that is superior to Deutsche Bank AG’s right to receive payment from the assets of that subsidiary, holders of debt securities will be effectively subordinated to creditors of Deutsche Bank AG’s subsidiaries. In addition, there are various regulatory requirements applicable to some of Deutsche Bank AG’s subsidiaries that limit their ability to pay dividends and make loans and advances to Deutsche Bank AG.

Subordination of Debt Securities

The discussion of subordination in this section applies only to our subordinated debt securities, directly or through one of its branches, issued under the subordinated indenture.

When the term “senior indebtedness” is used in the context of the subordinated debt securities it means the claims of all of our unsubordinated creditors, including:

- any money we have borrowed, including any senior debt securities issued under the senior indenture;
- any money borrowed by someone else where we have assumed or guaranteed the obligations, directly or indirectly;
- any letters of credit and acceptances made by banks on our behalf; and
- indebtedness that we have incurred or assumed in connection with the acquisition of any property.

Senior indebtedness does not include any indebtedness that is expressed to be subordinate to or on parity with the subordinated debt securities.

The subordinated indenture provides that:

- in the event of our dissolution or liquidation, or insolvency proceedings against us, the subordinated securities will be subordinated to the claims of all of our unsubordinated creditors so that in any such event no amounts will be payable under the subordinated debt securities until the claims of all of our unsubordinated creditors have been satisfied in full;
- the claims of a holder of subordinated debt securities may not be set off against any of our claims;
- no collateral of whatever kind is, or will at any time be, provided by us or any other person securing the rights of holders of subordinated debt securities arising under the subordinated debt securities, and any collateral that, notwithstanding the aforementioned, may have been provided in the past or will be provided in the future by us or any third party will not secure the claims arising from the subordinated debt securities;
- no subsequent agreement may limit the subordination provisions applicable to any series of subordinated debt securities or amend the maturity date or redemption date of any subordinated debt securities to an earlier date or shorten any applicable notice period; and

- any redemption of any series of subordinated debt securities prior to their stated maturity will be subject to receipt by the Bank of prior written approval of the competent authority that has assumed the relevant supervisory functions previously performed by the German Federal Financial Supervisory Authority (*Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht*) as of the date of the base subordinated indenture, if then required under applicable law, capital adequacy guidelines, regulations or policies of such competent authority.

If we fail to make payment on the debt securities when due for reasons other than the subordination provisions preventing us from making such payment, we will be in default on our obligations under the subordinated indenture. In such case, the trustee and the holders of subordinated debt securities could take action against us, but they may not accelerate the maturity of the subordinated debt securities and would not receive any money until the claims of the senior indebtedness have been fully satisfied. Furthermore, if we become subject to German insolvency proceedings, the trustee and the holders of our subordinated debt securities will have no right to file a claim against us unless the competent insolvency court allows the filing of subordinated claims.

Events of Default

The senior indenture provides holders of debt securities with remedies if we fail to perform specific obligations, such as making payments on the debt securities, or if we become bankrupt. Holders should review these provisions and understand which of our actions trigger an event of default and which actions do not. The senior indenture permits the issuance of debt securities in one or more series, and, in many cases, whether an event of default has occurred is determined on a series by series basis.

In accordance with German law, there are no events of default (as defined below) under the subordinated indenture other than with respect to insolvency (as described below) and, if German insolvency proceedings are opened with respect to us, holders of our subordinated debt securities will have no right to file a claim against us unless the competent insolvency court allows the filing of subordinated claims.

An event of default is defined under the senior indenture, with respect to any series of debt securities issued under that indenture, as any one or more of the following events (each a “**senior event of default**”) having occurred and being continuing:

- default is made in the payment of principal, interest or premium in respect of such series of debt securities for 30 days;
- we fail to perform or observe any of our other obligations under the securities and such failure has continued for the period of 60 days following the service on us of notice by the trustee or holders of not less than 33 1/3% in aggregate principal amount of the debt securities of all series affected thereby requiring the same to be remedied, except that the failure to file with the trustee certain information required to be filed with the trustee pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act, will not constitute a senior event of default (although the trustee may bring suit to enforce such filing obligation); or
- a court in Germany opens insolvency proceedings against us or we apply for or institute such proceedings or offer or make an arrangement for the benefit of our creditors generally.

Any additional or different senior events of default applicable to a particular series of debt securities issued under the senior indenture will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to such series.

An event of default is defined under the subordinated indenture, with respect to any series of debt securities issued under that indenture, as the opening of insolvency proceedings against us by a German court having jurisdiction over us (a “**subordinated event of default**”).

No Negative Pledge. Neither of the indentures contains any restrictions preventing us from incurring additional debt or from securing any of our debt by a pledge, lien or other encumbrance on any of our assets.

Acceleration of Senior Debt Securities Upon a Senior Event of Default.

The senior indenture provides that:

- if a senior event of default due to the default in payment of principal, interest or premium in respect of any series of senior debt securities issued under the senior indenture, or due to the default in the performance or breach of any other covenant or warranty of the Bank applicable to less than all outstanding series of senior debt securities issued under the senior indenture occurs and is continuing, other than a covenant for which the senior indenture specifies that the violation thereof does not give a right to accelerate or declare due and

payable any securities issued under the senior indenture, either the trustee or the holders of not less than 33 1/3% in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding senior debt securities of all affected series, voting as one class, by notice in writing to the Bank, may declare the principal of all senior debt securities of each affected series and interest accrued thereon to be due and payable immediately; and

- if a senior event of default due to a default in the performance of any other of the covenants or agreements in the senior indenture applicable to all outstanding debt securities issued under the senior indenture or due to the specified events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Bank, occurs and is continuing, other than a covenant for which the senior indenture specifies that the violation thereof does not give a right to accelerate or declare due and payable any securities issued under the senior indenture, either the trustee or the holders of not less than 33 1/3% in aggregate principal amount of all outstanding senior debt securities issued under the senior indenture, voting as one class, by notice in writing to the Bank, may declare the principal of all senior debt securities and interest accrued thereon to be due and payable immediately.

Annulment of Acceleration and Waiver of Defaults. In some circumstances, if any and all senior events of default under the senior indenture, other than the non-payment of the principal of the securities that has become due as a result of an acceleration, have been cured, waived or otherwise remedied, then the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of all series of outstanding senior debt securities affected, voting as one class, may annul past declarations of acceleration of or waive past defaults of the debt securities.

Acceleration of Subordinated Debt Securities Upon Subordinated Event of Default. The subordinated indenture provides if a subordinated event of default occurs or is continuing, either the trustee or the holders of not less than 33 1/3% in aggregate principal amount of all outstanding subordinated debt securities issued under the subordinated indenture, voting as one class, by notice in writing to the Bank, may declare the principal of all subordinated debt securities and interest accrued thereon to be due and payable immediately.

No Acceleration of Subordinated Debt Securities Upon Other Defaults. The subordinated indenture provides that there is no right of acceleration in the case of a default in the payment of principal of, interest on, or other amounts owing under any series of subordinated debt securities or a default in the performance of any of our other covenants under the subordinated debt securities.

Indemnification of Trustee for Actions Taken on Your Behalf. Each of the indentures provides that the trustee will not be liable with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith in accordance with the direction of the holders of debt securities issued under that indenture relating to the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the trustee. In addition, each of the indentures contains a provision entitling the trustee, subject to the duty of the trustee to act with the required standard of care during a default, to be indemnified by the holders of debt securities issued under that indenture before proceeding to exercise any right or power at the request of holders. Subject to these provisions and some other limitations, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of each affected series of outstanding debt securities, voting as one class, may direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee.

Limitation on Actions by You as an Individual Holder. Each of the indentures provides that no individual holder of debt securities may institute any action against us under that indenture, except actions for payment of overdue principal and interest at maturity or upon acceleration unless the following actions have occurred:

- the holder must have previously given written notice to the trustee of the continuing default;
- the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of each affected series, treated as one class, must have (1) requested the trustee to institute that action and (2) offered the trustee reasonable indemnity;
- the trustee must have failed to institute that action within 60 days after receipt of the request referred to above; and
- the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of each affected series, treated as one class, must not have given directions to the trustee inconsistent with those of the holders referred to above.

Depending on the type of regulatory capital for which the subordinated debt securities in question qualify, distributions on such instruments may be paid only out of distributable items, and we may retain full discretion at

all times to cancel distributions on instruments qualifying as additional tier 1 capital for an unlimited period and on a non-cumulative basis, in particular if ordered by our competent authority to not make any such distributions. In addition, depending on the terms of the instrument, the principal of a subordinated debt security may be written down automatically or, by order of a competent authority, such instrument may be converted, if a minimum regulatory capital threshold is triggered. In such cases, a holder of a subordinated debt security would not be able to bring an action. Additionally, the provisions governing the subordinated debt security will not give the holder the right to accelerate future scheduled payments of interest or principal, other than in the insolvency of the institution.

Each of the indentures contains a covenant that we will file annually with the trustee a certificate of no default or a certificate specifying any default that exists.

Discharge and Defeasance

We have the ability to eliminate most or all of our obligations on any series of senior debt securities prior to maturity if we comply with the following provisions.

Due to the limitations placed on repayments (including through discharge and defeasance) of subordinated debt securities which otherwise would qualify for regulatory capital treatment, only certain provisions on discharge and none of the provisions on defeasance will be applicable to subordinated debt securities that qualify for regulatory capital treatment.

Discharge of Indenture. We may discharge all of our obligations, other than as to transfers and exchanges, after we have:

- under the senior indenture or the subordinated indenture, paid or caused to be paid the principal of and any interest or premium, if any, on all of the outstanding debt securities issued thereunder in accordance with their terms;
- under the senior indenture or the subordinated indenture, delivered to the trustee for cancellation all of the outstanding debt securities issued thereunder; or
- under the senior indenture only, if in the case of any series of debt securities on which the exact amount (including the currency of payment) of principal and any interest or premium, if any, due can be determined at the time of making the deposit referred to below, and which shall have become due or payable, or are by their terms to become due and payable or are scheduled for redemption, within one year, we have irrevocably deposited with the trustee, cash or, in the case of a series of debt securities payable only in U.S. dollars, U.S. government obligations, in trust for the benefit of the holders of securities of such series, in an amount certified to be sufficient to pay on each date that they become due and payable, the principal of and any interest or premium, if any, on, and any mandatory sinking fund payments for, those securities.

Defeasance of a Series of Securities at Any Time. We may also discharge all of our obligations, other than as to transfers and exchanges, under any series of senior debt securities at any time, which we refer to as “**defeasance.**”

Defeasance may be effected only if, among other things:

- we irrevocably deposit with the trustee cash or, in the case of debt securities payable only in U.S. dollars, U.S. government obligations, in trust for the benefit of the holders of securities of such series, in an amount certified to be sufficient to pay on each date that they become due and payable, the principal of and any interest or premium, if any, on, and any mandatory sinking fund payments for, all outstanding debt securities of the series being defeased; and
- we deliver to the trustee an opinion of counsel to the effect that:
 - the holders of the series of debt securities being defeased will not recognize income, gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a result of the defeasance; and
 - the defeasance will not otherwise alter those holders’ U.S. federal income tax treatment of principal and interest payments on the series of debt securities being defeased.

This opinion must be based on a ruling of the Internal Revenue Service or a change in U.S. federal income tax law occurring after the date of this prospectus.

Modification of an Indenture

Modification without Consent of Holders. We and the trustee may enter into supplemental indentures without the consent of the holders of debt securities issued under the indentures to:

- with respect to the senior indenture only, convey, transfer, assign, mortgage or pledge to the trustee as security for the senior debt securities of one or more series any property or assets;
- with respect to the senior indenture only, to give effect to any amendment, modification or variation to the terms and conditions of the senior debt securities as a result of any exercise of any Resolution Measure;
- evidence the assumption by a successor corporation of our obligations;
- add covenants for the protection of the holders of debt securities;
- cure any ambiguity or correct any inconsistency or manifest error;
- establish the forms or terms of debt securities of any series; or
- evidence the acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee.

For each of our future issuances of subordinated debt securities, we and the trustee intend to amend the subordinated indenture (via the relevant supplemental subordinated indenture or otherwise) to permit us to enter into supplemental indentures without the consent of the holder of subordinated debt securities issued under the subordinated indenture to give effect to any variation to the terms of the subordinated debt securities as a result of any exercise of any Resolution Measure.

Modification Requiring Consent of Each Holder. We and the trustee may not make any of the following changes to any outstanding debt security without the consent of each holder that would be affected by such change:

- change the final maturity of such security;
- reduce the principal amount;
- reduce the rate or change the time of payment of interest;
- reduce any amount payable on redemption;
- change the currency in which the principal, including any amount of original issue discount, premium, or interest thereon is payable;
- modify or amend the provisions for conversion of any currency into another currency;
- reduce the amount of any original issue discount security payable upon acceleration or provable in bankruptcy;
- alter the terms on which holders of the debt securities may convert or exchange debt securities for other securities of the Bank or of other entities or for other property or the cash value of thereof, other than in accordance with the antidilution provisions or other similar adjustment provisions included in the terms of the debt securities;
- alter certain provisions of the applicable indenture relating to debt securities not denominated in U.S. dollars;
- impair the right of any holder to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on any debt security when due; or
- reduce the percentage of debt securities the consent of whose holders is required for modification of the applicable indenture.

The subordinated indenture also provides that any change affecting the ranking of a subordinated debt security in a manner adverse to the holders thereof may not be made without the consent of each holder thereof.

Modification with Consent of Holders of a Majority. We and the trustee may make any other change to either of the indentures and to the rights of the holders of the debt securities issued thereunder, if we obtain the consent of the holders of not less than a majority in aggregate principal amount of all affected series of outstanding debt securities issued thereunder, voting as one class.

Concerning Our Relationship with the Trustee

We and our subsidiaries maintain ordinary banking relationships and custodial facilities with the trustee and affiliates of the trustee.

Governing Law

The senior debt securities and the related indentures will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, except as may be otherwise required by mandatory provisions of law. The subordinated debt securities and the related indentures will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, except for the subordination provisions thereof, which will be governed by German law.

DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS

We may offer warrants separately or together with one or more additional warrants, ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for our ordinary shares, purchase contracts, capital securities and debt securities issued by us or debt obligations or other securities of an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us or any combination of those securities in the form of units, as described in the applicable prospectus supplement. The warrants offered pursuant to this prospectus will be issued pursuant to the warrant agreement dated November 15, 2007 between us and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas as warrant agent, as amended by the first amendment to the warrant agreement dated as of January 1, 2015, the second amendment to the warrant agreement dated as of January 1, 2016 and as may be further amended and supplemented from time to time. If we issue warrants as part of a unit, the accompanying prospectus supplement will specify whether those warrants may be separated from the other securities in the unit prior to the warrants' expiration date. Warrants to purchase or sell securities of entities not affiliated with us issued in the United States may not be so separated prior to the 91st day after the issuance of the unit, unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

We may issue warrants, on terms to be determined at the time of sale, for the purchase or sale of, or whose redemption value is determined by reference to the performance, level or value of one or more of the following: securities issued by us or by an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us, indices, currencies, commodities, interest rates, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances and/or a basket or baskets of any of these items.

We refer to the items described above as “**warrant property**.” We may satisfy our obligations, if any, with respect to any warrants by delivering the warrant property, the cash value of the warrant property or the cash value of the warrants determined by reference to the performance, level or value of the warrant property, all as described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

The warrants are our unsecured contractual obligations and will rank equally and *pari passu* with our other unsecured contractual obligations and with our unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations, subject to any statutory priority regime of the jurisdiction of our incorporation (or, in the case of warrants issued by Deutsche Bank AG through a branch, of the jurisdiction where the branch is established) that provides certain claims will be satisfied first in a resolution or German insolvency proceeding with respect to the issuer. In connection with the application of the order of priority introduced by the Resolution Mechanism Act, in a German insolvency proceeding or in the event of the imposition of Resolution Measures with respect to the issuer, the warrants are expected to be among the unsecured unsubordinated obligations that would bear losses after the Non-Structured Debt Securities (as defined under “Description of Debt Securities” above).

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement, by acquiring any warrants issued on or after January 1, 2015, you will be bound by and will be deemed irrevocably to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority. As a result, you would have no claim or other right against us arising out of any Resolution Measure. In addition, by your acquisition of the warrants, you waive, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all claims against the warrant agent for, agree not to initiate a suit against the warrant agent in respect of, and agree that the warrant agent will not be liable for, any action that the warrant agent takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the warrants. Accordingly, you may have limited or circumscribed rights to challenge any decision of the competent resolution authority to impose any Resolution Measure. For more information, please see the sections “Resolution Measures” and “Risk Factors” in this prospectus.

We may issue warrants through our head office or through one of our branches. Deutsche Bank AG as a whole is responsible for the obligations of its branches. Where, however, Deutsche Bank AG is delayed in performing or is unable, whether in whole or in part, to perform the obligations of the branch that issued any warrants through such branch due to any law, requirement or any other act of state or of any authority in the jurisdiction of such branch, investors may be unable to seek performance of such obligations through any of Deutsche Bank's other branches or offices (including its head office).

Terms Specified in Prospectus Supplement

The prospectus supplement will contain, where applicable, the following terms of and other information relating to any offered warrants:

- the specific designation;
- the aggregate number of, and the price at which we will issue, the warrants;
- the currency with which the warrants may be purchased;

- whether we will issue the warrants in registered form or bearer form or both;
- the date on which the right to exercise the warrants will begin and the date on which that right will expire or, if you may not continuously exercise the warrants throughout that period, the specific date or dates on which you may exercise the warrants;
- if applicable, the minimum or maximum amount of warrants that may be exercised at any one time;
- if applicable, the date on and after which the warrants and the related securities will be separately transferable;
- whether the warrants are put warrants, call warrants or spread warrants (entitling the holder to receive a cash value to be determined by reference to the amount, if any, by which a specified reference value of the warrant property at the time of exercise exceeds a specified base value of the warrant property), whether you or we will have the right to exercise the warrants and any conditions or restrictions on the exercise of the warrants;
- the specific warrant property or cash value, and the amount or the method for determining the amount of the warrant property or cash value, deliverable upon exercise of each warrant;
- the price at which and the currency with which the underlying securities, currencies or commodities may be purchased or sold upon the exercise of each warrant, or the method of determining that price;
- whether the warrant must be exercised by the payment of the exercise price in cash, on a cashless basis or by the delivery of any other security;
- whether the exercise of the warrants is to be settled in cash or by delivery of the underlying securities, commodities, or both;
- the identity of the warrant agent for the warrants and of any other depositaries, execution or paying agents, transfer agents, registrars, determination or other agents;
- certain U.S. federal income tax considerations, certain German income tax consequences and certain income tax consequences due to the jurisdiction of any relevant issuing branch, in each case in relation to an investment in the warrants;
- the proposed listing, if any, of the warrants or any securities that may be acquired upon exercise of the warrants on any securities exchange;
- whether the warrants are to be sold separately or with other securities as part of units; and
- any additional terms of the agreement governing the warrants and any terms required by or advisable under applicable laws or regulations.

Governing Law

The warrants will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York, excluding choice of law provisions.

DESCRIPTION OF PURCHASE CONTRACTS

We may issue purchase contracts (including purchase contracts issued as part of a unit with one or more warrants, capital securities or debt securities issued by us or debt obligations or other securities of an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us) to purchase or sell, or whose redemption value is determined by reference to the performance, level or value of one or more of the following: securities issued by us or by an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us, indices, currencies, commodities, interest rates, any other financial, economic or other measures or instruments, including the occurrence or non-occurrence of any events or circumstances and/or a basket or baskets of any of these items.

We refer to the property described above as “**purchase contract property.**”

Each purchase contract will obligate the holder to purchase or sell, and obligate us to sell or purchase, on specified dates, the purchase contract property at a specified price or prices (which may be based on a formula), all as described in the applicable prospectus supplement. We may satisfy our obligations, if any, with respect to any purchase contract by delivering the purchase contract property, the cash value of such purchase contract property or the cash value of the purchase contract (which may be based on a formula or determined by reference to the performance, level or value of the purchase contract property), or, in the case of purchase contracts on underlying currencies, by delivering the underlying currencies, all as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. The applicable prospectus supplement will specify the methods by which the holders may purchase or sell the purchase contract property, any acceleration, cancellation or termination provisions, the identity of any purchase contract agent, other provisions relating to the settlement of a purchase contract or any other terms of the purchase contracts. The applicable prospectus supplement will also specify, if applicable, certain U.S. federal income tax considerations, certain German income tax consequences and certain income tax consequences due to the jurisdiction of any relevant issuing branch, in each case in relation to an investment in the purchase contracts.

Any provisions relating to the acknowledgment and acceptance of the effects of the imposition of any Resolution Measure on purchase contracts will be set out in the applicable prospectus supplement we will file in connection with such issuance.

Prepaid Purchase Contracts

Purchase contracts may require holders to satisfy their obligations under the purchase contracts at the time they are issued. We refer to these purchase contracts as “**prepaid purchase contracts.**” In certain circumstances, our obligation to settle prepaid purchase contracts on the relevant settlement date may be governed by the senior indenture and accordingly will rank on parity with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated debt.

Purchase Contracts Issued as Part of Units

Purchase contracts issued as part of a unit will be governed by the terms and provisions of a unit agreement, as described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

DESCRIPTION OF UNITS

We may issue units consisting of any combination of ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, warrants, purchase contracts, capital securities, debt securities issued by us and debt obligations or other securities of an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us. The applicable prospectus supplement will also describe, if applicable:

- the designation and the terms of the units and of any combination of ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, warrants, purchase contracts, capital securities, debt securities issued by us and debt obligations or other securities of an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us constituting the units, including whether and under what circumstances the ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, warrants, purchase contracts, capital securities, debt securities issued by us and debt obligations or other securities of an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us may be traded separately;
- any additional terms of the agreement governing the units;
- any additional provisions for the issuance, payment, settlement, transfer or exchange of the units or of the ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, warrants, purchase contracts, capital securities, debt securities issued by us and debt obligations or other securities of an entity affiliated or not affiliated with us constituting the units; and
- certain U.S. federal income tax considerations, certain German income tax consequences and certain income tax consequences due to the jurisdiction of any relevant issuing branch, in each case in relation to an investment in the units.

The terms and conditions described under “Description of Ordinary Shares,” “Description of Tradable Subscription Rights to Subscribe for Ordinary Shares,” “Description of the Capital Securities,” “Description of Debt Securities,” “Description of Warrants” and “Description of Purchase Contracts” will apply to each unit and to any ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, capital securities, debt securities, warrants and purchase contracts issued by us included in each unit, unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

Any provisions relating to the acknowledgment and acceptance of the effects of the imposition of any Resolution Measure on units will be set out in the applicable prospectus supplement we will file in connection with such issuance.

RESOLUTION MEASURES

References to “you” in this “Resolution Measures” section means the holders of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants as the case may be (including the beneficial owners). “Beneficial owner” means (i) if any capital securities, debt securities or warrants are in global form, the beneficial owners of such securities (and any interest therein) and (ii) if any capital securities, debt securities or warrants are in definitive form, the holders in whose name such securities are registered in the security or warrant register, as applicable, and any beneficial owners holding an interest in such securities in definitive form.

Under the relevant resolution laws and regulations as applicable to us from time to time, the capital securities, debt securities and warrants may be subject to the powers exercised by the competent resolution authority to:

- write down, including write down to zero, the claims for payment of the principal amount, the interest amount or any other amount or, if applicable, claims for delivery of any property in respect of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants;
- convert the capital securities, debt securities or warrants into ordinary shares of (i) the issuer or (ii) any group entity or (iii) any bridge bank or other instruments of ownership of such entities qualifying as common equity tier 1 capital; and/or
- apply any other resolution measure, including, but not limited to, (i) any transfer of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants to another entity, (ii) the amendment, modification or variation of the terms and conditions of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants or (iii) the cancellation of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants.

We refer to each of these measures as a “**Resolution Measure**.” When we refer to a “group entity,” we mean an entity that is included in the corporate group subject to a Resolution Measure, and when we refer to a “bridge bank,” we mean a newly chartered German bank that would receive some or all of our assets, liabilities and material contracts, including those attributable to our branches and subsidiaries, in the event of the imposition of Resolution Measures. Resolution Measures include, among others, the measures generally referred to within the meaning of the “bail-in tool” under the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive.

In connection with the application of the order of priority introduced by the Resolution Mechanism Act, the competent regulatory authority or court would determine which of our senior debt securities described in this prospectus are Structured Debt Securities and which are Non-Structured Debt Securities. In a German insolvency proceeding or in the event of the imposition of Resolution Measures with respect to the issuer, the Structured Debt Securities and the warrants are expected to be among the unsecured unsubordinated obligations that would bear losses after the Non-Structured Debt Securities. For more information on the Resolution Mechanism Act, please see “Description of Debt Securities” above.

For the avoidance of doubt, any non-payment or, if applicable, non-delivery by us arising out of any such Resolution Measure will not constitute a failure by us under the terms of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants, or under the capital securities indenture, the senior indenture, the subordinated indenture or the warrant agreement, as applicable, to make a payment of principal of, interest on or other amounts owing, or deliverable, under the capital securities, debt securities or warrants.

Where applicable, we will include any further specific terms relating to the potential imposition of Resolution Measures with respect to future issuances of capital securities, debt securities and warrants in a prospectus supplement that we will file in connection with such issuance. The application of any Resolution Measure to purchase contracts and units will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement we will file in connection with such issuance.

With respect to the senior debt securities and the warrants only, the senior indenture and the warrant agreement were amended to reflect the terms relating to the potential imposition of a Resolution Measure with respect to the senior debt securities and warrants to be issued under those agreements on or after January 1, 2015. In particular, the second supplemental senior indenture and the first amendment to the warrant agreement, each dated January 1, 2015, provide that, unless otherwise specified, the holders of senior debt securities or warrants issued under the senior indenture or warrant agreement (as the case may be) on and after January 1, 2015 will be bound by and will be deemed to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority. The third supplemental senior indenture and the second amendment to the warrant agreement, each dated January 1, 2016, amend and supplement the Resolution Measure provisions of the senior indenture and the warrant agreement, respectively, to implement the Resolution Mechanism Act and to revise the deemed agreement provisions as set forth below with respect to the debt securities and warrants issued on or after January 1, 2016 (unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement).

Deemed Agreement to Resolution Measures

By your acquisition of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants issued on or after January 1, 2016 (unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement), you will be deemed irrevocably to have agreed, and you will agree:

- to be bound by, to acknowledge and to accept any Resolution Measure and any amendment, modification or variation of the terms and conditions of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants to give effect to any Resolution Measure;
- that you will have no claim or other right against us arising out of any Resolution Measure;
- that, in the case of the capital securities, the imposition of any Resolution Measure will not constitute a default or an event of default (i) under the capital securities, (ii) under the capital securities indenture or (iii) for the purpose of, but only to the fullest extent permitted by, the Trust Indenture Act (including, without limitation, Section 315(b) (Notice of Default) and Section 315(c) (Duties of the Trustee in Case of Default) of the Trust Indenture Act) and applicable law;
- that, in the case of the debt securities, the imposition of any Resolution Measure will not constitute a default or an event of default (i) under the debt securities, (ii) under the relevant indenture or (iii) for the purpose of, but only to the fullest extent permitted by, the Trust Indenture Act (including, without limitation, Section 315(b) (Notice of Default) and Section 315(c) (Duties of the Trustee in Case of Default) of the Trust Indenture Act) and applicable law; and
- that, in the case of the warrants, the imposition of any Resolution Measure will not constitute a default (i) under the warrants or (ii) under the warrant agreement.

By your acquisition of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants, you will be deemed irrevocably to have (i) consented to the imposition of any Resolution Measure as it may be imposed without any prior notice by the competent resolution authority of its decision to exercise such power with respect to the capital securities, debt securities or warrants, (ii) authorized, directed and requested The Depository Trust Company (the “**Depository**”) and any direct participant in the Depository or other intermediary through which you hold such capital securities, debt securities or warrants to take any and all necessary action, if required, to implement the imposition of any Resolution Measure with respect to the capital securities, debt securities or warrants as it may be imposed, without any further action or direction on your part or on the part of the relevant trustee, the relevant agents or the warrant agent, as applicable, and (iii) acknowledged and accepted that the Resolution Measure provisions described in this “Resolution Measures” section are exhaustive on the matters described herein to the exclusion of any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between you and the issuer relating to the terms and conditions of the capital securities, debt securities or warrants.

For the avoidance of doubt, if you have purchased, or in the future purchase in any market-making transactions, any capital securities issued on November 21, 2014, any subordinated debt securities issued on April 1, 2015 or any senior debt securities or warrants issued on or after January 1, 2015 but prior to January 1, 2016 (including further issuances of senior debt securities with the same terms as senior debt securities originally issued on or after January 1, 2015 but prior to January 1, 2016), you will be deemed to have agreed instead to the provisions as set forth under “Resolution Measures — Deemed Agreement to Resolution Measures” on pages 49 and 50 of the prospectus dated July 31, 2015 (unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement).

Resolution Measures Applicable to the Capital Securities

For each of our future issuances of capital securities, we intend that the relevant supplemental capital securities indenture will include provisions relating to Resolution Measures as follows.

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement, by acquiring any capital securities, you will be bound by and will be deemed irrevocably to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority.

The terms and conditions of the capital securities will continue to apply in relation to the residual principal amount of, or outstanding amount payable in respect of, the capital securities, subject to any modification of the amount of interest payable to reflect the reduction of the principal amount, and any further variation of the terms of the capital securities that the competent resolution authority may decide in accordance with applicable laws and regulations relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms incorporated in Germany.

No repayment of any then-current principal amount of the capital securities or payment of interest or any other amount thereon (to the extent of the portion thereof affected by the imposition of a Resolution Measure) will become due and payable after the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, unless such repayment or payment would be permitted to be made by us under the laws and regulations of Germany then applicable to us.

By your acquisition of capital securities, you waive, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act and applicable law, any and all claims against the trustee for the capital securities for, agree not to initiate a suit against that trustee in respect of, and agree that that trustee will not be liable for, any action that that trustee takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the capital securities.

Upon the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the capital securities, we will provide a written notice directly to the holders in accordance with the capital securities indenture as soon as practicable regarding such imposition of a Resolution Measure for purposes of notifying holders of such occurrence. We will also deliver a copy of such notice to the trustee for the capital securities and the paying agent for information purposes. Any delay or failure by us to give notice will not affect the validity and enforceability of any Resolution Measure nor the effects thereof on the capital securities.

If we have elected to redeem any capital securities, but prior to the payment of the redemption amount (i) the competent resolution authority has imposed a Resolution Measure with respect to the capital securities, or (ii) our common equity tier 1 capital ratio pursuant to Article 92(1)(a) CRR or any successor provision, determined on a consolidated basis, falls below 5.125 per cent., the relevant redemption notice will be automatically rescinded and will be of no force and effect, and no payment of the redemption amount will be due and payable.

Upon the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, the trustee for the capital securities will not be required to take any further directions from holders of the capital securities under Section 5.09 of the base capital securities indenture, which section authorizes holders of a majority in aggregate outstanding principal amount of the capital securities to direct certain actions relating to the capital securities, and if any such direction was previously given under Section 5.09 of the base capital securities indenture to the trustee by the holders, it will automatically cease to be effective, be null and void and have no further effect.

The capital securities indenture will impose no duties upon the trustee for the capital securities and the paying agent, calculation agent, transfer agent, registrar and authenticating agent (which we refer to as the “**capital securities agents**” herein) whatsoever with respect to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if, following the completion of the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, the capital securities remain outstanding (for example, if the imposition of a Resolution Measure results in only a partial write-down of the principal of the capital securities), then the trustee’s and the paying agent’s duties under the capital securities indenture will remain applicable with respect to the capital securities following such completion to the extent that we, the trustee and the capital securities agents agree pursuant to a supplemental indenture, unless we, the trustee and the capital securities agents agree that a supplemental indenture is not necessary.

If the competent resolution authority imposes a Resolution Measure with respect to less than the total outstanding principal amount of capital securities, unless the trustee or the capital securities agents are otherwise instructed by us or the competent resolution authority, any cancellation, write-off or conversion into equity made in respect of the capital securities pursuant to the Resolution Measure will be made on a substantially *pro rata* basis among the capital securities of any series.

Resolution Measures Applicable to the Subordinated Debt Securities

For each of our future issuances of subordinated debt securities, we intend that the relevant supplemental subordinated indenture will include provisions relating to Resolution Measures as follows.

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement, by acquiring any subordinated debt securities you will be bound by and will be deemed irrevocably to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority.

The terms and conditions of the subordinated debt securities will continue to apply in relation to the residual principal amount of, or outstanding amount payable in respect of, the subordinated debt securities, subject to any modification of the amount of interest payable, if any, to reflect the reduction of the principal amount, and any further variation of the terms of the subordinated debt securities that the competent resolution authority may decide in accordance with applicable laws and regulations relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms incorporated in Germany.

No repayment of any then-current principal amount of the subordinated debt securities or payment of interest or any other amount thereon (to the extent of the portion thereof affected by the imposition of a Resolution Measure) will become due and payable after the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, unless such repayment or payment would be permitted to be made by us under the laws and regulations of Germany then applicable to us.

By your acquisition of subordinated debt securities, you waive, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act and applicable law, any and all claims against the trustee for the subordinated debt securities and the subordinated note agents for, agree not to initiate a suit against that trustee or the subordinated note agents in respect of, and agree that that trustee and the subordinated note agents will not be liable for, any action that that trustee or the subordinated note agents take, or abstain from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the subordinated debt securities.

Upon the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the subordinated debt securities, we will provide a written notice directly to the holders in accordance with the subordinated indenture as soon as practicable regarding such imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority for purposes of notifying holders of such occurrence. We will also deliver a copy of such notice to the trustee for the subordinated debt securities and the subordinated note agents for information purposes, and that trustee and those subordinated note agents will be entitled to rely, and will not be liable for relying, on the competent resolution authority and the Resolution Measure identified in such notice. Any delay or failure by us to give notice will not affect the validity or enforceability of any Resolution Measure nor the effects thereof on the subordinated debt securities.

If we have elected to redeem any subordinated notes, but prior to the payment of the redemption amount for the subordinated notes the competent resolution authority has imposed a Resolution Measure with respect to the subordinated debt securities, the relevant redemption notice, if any, will be automatically rescinded and will be of no force and effect, and no payment of the redemption amount will be due and payable.

Upon the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, the trustee for the subordinated debt securities will not be required to take any further directions from holders of the subordinated debt securities under Section 5.09 of the base subordinated indenture, which section authorizes holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the subordinated debt securities at the time outstanding to direct certain actions relating to the subordinated debt securities, and if any such direction was previously given under Section 5.09 of the base subordinated indenture to the trustee by the holders, it will automatically cease to be effective, be null and void and have no further effect.

The subordinated indenture will impose no duties, obligations or liabilities upon the trustee for the subordinated debt securities, the subordinated note agents or the calculation agent whatsoever with respect to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority and the trustee, the subordinated note agents and the calculation agent will be fully protected in acting or refraining from acting in accordance with a Resolution Measure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if, following the completion of the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, the subordinated debt securities remain outstanding (for example, if the imposition of a Resolution Measure results in only a partial write-down of the principal of the subordinated debt securities), then the trustee's and the subordinated note agents' duties under the subordinated indenture will remain applicable with respect to the subordinated debt securities following such completion to the extent that we, the trustee and the subordinated note agents agree pursuant to a supplemental indenture, unless we, the trustee and the subordinated note agents agree that a supplemental indenture is not necessary.

If the competent resolution authority imposes a Resolution Measure with respect to less than the total outstanding principal amount of subordinated debt securities, unless the trustee or the subordinated note agents are otherwise instructed by us or the competent resolution authority, any cancellation, write-off or conversion into equity made in respect of the subordinated debt securities pursuant to the Resolution Measure will be made on a substantially *pro rata* basis among the subordinated debt securities of any series.

Resolution Measures Applicable to the Senior Debt Securities

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement, by acquiring any senior debt securities issued on or after January 1, 2015, you will be bound by and will be deemed irrevocably to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority. If any senior debt securities provide for delivery of any property, any reference in the prospectus to payment by us under the senior debt securities will be deemed to include the delivery of such property.

The terms and conditions of the senior debt securities will continue to apply in relation to the residual principal amount of, or outstanding amount payable in respect of, the senior debt securities, subject to any modification of the amount of interest payable, if any, to reflect the reduction of the principal amount, and any further amendment, modification or variation of the terms and conditions of the senior debt securities that the competent resolution authority may decide in accordance with applicable laws and regulations relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms incorporated in Germany.

No repayment of any then-current principal amount of the senior debt securities or payment of interest or any other amount thereon (to the extent of the portion thereof affected by the imposition of a Resolution Measure) will become due and payable after the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, unless such repayment or payment would be permitted to be made by us under the laws and regulations of Germany then applicable to us.

By your acquisition of senior debt securities, you waive, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act and applicable law, any and all claims against the trustee for the senior debt securities and the senior note agents for, agree not to initiate a suit against such trustee or the senior note agents in respect of, and agree that such trustee and senior note agents will not be liable for, any action that such trustee or the senior note agents take, or abstain from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the senior debt securities.

Upon the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the senior debt securities, we will provide a written notice directly to the holders in accordance with the senior indenture as soon as practicable regarding such imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority for purposes of notifying holders of such occurrence. We will also deliver a copy of such notice to the trustee for the senior debt securities and the senior note agents for information purposes, and such trustee and the senior note agents will be entitled to rely, and will not be liable for relying, on the competent resolution authority and the Resolution Measure identified in such notice. Any delay or failure by us to give notice will not affect the validity or enforceability of any Resolution Measure nor the effects thereof on the senior debt securities.

If any senior debt securities are called or being called for redemption by us, submitted or being submitted by you for repurchase by us pursuant to your option to require us to repurchase such senior debt securities, but prior to the payment of the redemption or repurchase amount the competent resolution authority has imposed a Resolution Measure with respect to the senior debt securities, the relevant redemption or repurchase notice, if any, will be automatically rescinded and will be of no force and effect, and no payment of the redemption or repurchase amount will be due and payable.

Upon the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, the trustee for the senior debt securities will not be required to take any further directions from holders of the senior debt securities under Section 5.09 of the senior indenture, which section authorizes holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the senior debt securities at the time outstanding to direct certain actions relating to the senior debt securities, and if any such direction was previously given under Section 5.09 of the senior indenture to the trustee by the holders, it will automatically cease to be effective, be null and void and have no further effect.

The senior indenture will impose no duties, obligations or liabilities upon the trustee for the senior debt securities or the senior note agents whatsoever with respect to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority and the trustee and the senior note agents will be fully protected in acting or refraining from acting in accordance with a Resolution Measure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if, following the completion of the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, the senior debt securities remain outstanding (for example, if the imposition of a Resolution Measure results in only a partial write-down of the principal of the senior debt securities), then the trustee's and the senior note agents' duties under the senior indenture will remain applicable with respect to the senior debt securities following such completion to the extent that we, the trustee and the senior note agents agree pursuant to a supplemental indenture, unless we, the trustee and the senior note agents agree that a supplemental indenture is not necessary.

If the competent resolution authority imposes a Resolution Measure with respect to less than the total outstanding principal amount of senior debt securities, unless the trustee or the senior note agents are otherwise instructed by us or the competent resolution authority, any cancellation, write-off or conversion into equity made in respect of the senior debt securities pursuant to the Resolution Measure will be made on a substantially *pro rata* basis among the senior debt securities of any series.

Resolution Measures Applicable to the Warrants

Unless otherwise specified in the relevant pricing supplement, by acquiring any warrants issued on or after January 1, 2015, you will be bound by and will be deemed irrevocably to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority.

The terms and conditions of the warrants will continue to apply in relation to the residual notional amount of, or the amount due but unpaid in respect of, the warrants, subject to any modification of the amount payable, if any, to reflect the reduction of the notional amount or amount due but unpaid in respect of the warrants, and any further amendment, modification or variation of the terms and conditions of the warrants that the competent resolution authority may decide in accordance with applicable laws and regulations relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms incorporated in Germany.

No payment of any amount (or delivery of any property, if applicable) in respect of the warrants (to the extent of the portion thereof affected by the imposition of a Resolution Measure) will become due and payable after the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, unless such payment or delivery would be permitted to be made by us under the laws and regulations of Germany then applicable to us.

By your acquisition of the warrants, you waive, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all claims against the warrant agent for, agree not to initiate a suit against the warrant agent in respect of, and agree that the warrant agent will not be liable for, any action that the warrant agent takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the warrants.

Upon the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the warrants, we will provide a written notice directly to the holders in accordance with the warrant agreement as soon as practicable regarding such imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority for purposes of notifying holders of such occurrence. We will also deliver a copy of such notice to the warrant agent for information purposes, and the warrant agent will be entitled to rely, and will not be liable for relying, on the competent resolution authority and the Resolution Measure identified in such notice. Any delay or failure by us to give notice will not affect the validity or enforceability of any Resolution Measure nor the effects thereof on the warrants.

If you have elected to exercise any warrants, but prior to the payment or delivery of the cash settlement amount or warrant property for the warrants the competent resolution authority has imposed a Resolution Measure with respect to the warrants, the exercise notice will be automatically rescinded and will be of no force and effect, and no payment or delivery of the cash settlement amount or warrant property for the warrants will be due and payable or deliverable.

The warrant agreement will impose no duties, obligations or liabilities upon the warrant agent whatsoever with respect to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority and the warrant agent will be fully protected in acting or refraining from acting in accordance with a Resolution Measure. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if, following the completion of the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority, the warrants remain outstanding, then the warrant agent's duties under the warrant agreement will remain applicable with respect to the warrants following such completion to the extent that we and the warrant agent agree pursuant to an amendment to the warrant agreement, unless we and the warrant agent agree that an amendment to the warrant agreement is not necessary.

If the competent resolution authority imposes a Resolution Measure with respect to less than the total outstanding notional amount of warrants, unless the warrant agent is otherwise instructed by us or the competent resolution authority, any cancellation, write-off or conversion into equity made in respect of the warrants pursuant to the Resolution Measure will be made on a substantially *pro rata* basis among the warrants of any series.

FORMS OF SECURITIES

Each capital security, debt security, warrant, purchase contract and unit will be represented either by:

- one or more global securities representing the entire issuance of securities; or
- a certificate issued in definitive form to a particular investor.

Certificated securities in definitive form and global securities both may be issued either (1) in registered form, where our obligation runs to the holder of the security named on the face of the security or (2) in bearer form, where our obligation runs to the bearer of the security, subject to the limitations explained below under “— Limitations on Issuance of Bearer Securities” or, in the case of capital securities, the limitation to be described in the prospectus supplement relating to such capital security.

Unless the applicable prospectus supplement specifies otherwise, our ordinary shares will be issued in the form of global registered shares represented by one or more global securities.

Unless the applicable prospectus supplement specifies otherwise, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for our ordinary shares will be issued as book-entry interests in global registered form.

Legal Ownership

Global Securities. Global securities will name a depositary or its nominee as the owner of the capital securities, debt securities, warrants, purchase contracts or units represented by these global securities (other than global bearer securities, which name the bearer as owner). Investors in global securities can own only beneficial interests in such securities. The depositary maintains a computerized system that will reflect each investor’s beneficial ownership of the securities through an account maintained by the investor with its broker/dealer, bank, trust company or other representative, as we explain more fully below under “— Global Securities.”

Definitive Securities. Definitive securities will name you or your nominee as the owner of the security (other than definitive bearer securities, which will specify the bearer as owner). In order to transfer or exchange these securities or to receive payments other than interest or other interim payments, you or your nominee must physically deliver the securities to the trustee, registrar, paying agent or other agent, as applicable.

Our Obligations Are to Legal Owners Only. Our obligations, as well as the obligations of the trustees under any indenture, and the obligations, if any, of any warrant agents, purchase contract agents and unit agents and any other agents of ours, any agents of the trustees or any agents of any warrant agents, purchase contract agents or unit agents, run only to the persons or entities named as holders of the securities in the relevant security register, in the case of registered securities, or the persons or entities that are the bearers of those securities, in the case of bearer securities.

Neither we nor any trustee, warrant agent, purchase contract agent, unit agent, other agent of ours, agent of the trustee or agent of the warrant agents, purchase contract agents or unit agents has obligations to investors who hold beneficial interests in global securities, in street name or by any other indirect means.

Upon making a payment or giving a notice to the holder or bearer as required by the terms of that security, we will have no further responsibility for that payment or notice even if that holder or bearer is required, under agreements with depositary participants or customers or by law, to pass it along to the indirect owners of beneficial interests in that security but does not do so. Similarly, if we want to obtain the approval or consent of the holders or bearers of any securities for any purpose, we would seek the approval only from the holders or bearers, and not the indirect owners, of the relevant securities. Whether and how the holders or bearers contact the indirect owners would be governed by the agreements between such holders and bearers and the indirect owners.

Global Securities

Registered Global Securities. We may issue ordinary shares, registered capital securities, debt securities, warrants, purchase contracts and units in the form of one or more fully registered global securities that will be deposited with a depositary or its nominee identified in the applicable prospectus supplement and registered in the name of that depositary or its nominee. In those cases (except with regard to ordinary shares), one or more registered global securities will be issued in a denomination or aggregate denominations equal to the portion of the aggregate principal, face amount or liquidation preference amount of the securities to be represented by registered global securities. In the case of ordinary shares, one or more registered global securities will be issued in the aggregate amount of the number of ordinary shares to be represented. Unless and until it is exchanged in

whole for securities in definitive registered form, a registered global security may not be transferred except as a whole by and among the depositary for the registered global security, the nominees of the depositary or any successors of the depositary or those nominees.

If not described below, any specific terms of the depositary arrangement with respect to any securities to be represented by a registered global security will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to those securities. We anticipate that the following provisions will apply to all depositary arrangements.

Ownership of beneficial interests in a registered global security will be limited to persons, called “**participants**,” who have accounts with the depositary or persons who may hold interests through participants. Upon the issuance of a registered global security, the depositary will credit, on its book-entry registration and transfer system, the participants’ accounts with the respective principal or face amounts of the securities beneficially owned by the participants. Any dealers, underwriters or selling agents participating in the distribution of the securities will designate the accounts to be credited. Ownership of beneficial interests in a registered global security will be shown on, and the transfer of ownership interests will be effected only through, records maintained by the depositary, with respect to interests of participants, and on the records of participants, with respect to interests of persons holding through participants. The laws of some states may require that some purchasers of securities take physical delivery of these securities in definitive form. These laws may impair your ability to own, transfer or pledge beneficial interests in registered global securities.

So long as the depositary, or its nominee, is the registered owner of a registered global security, that depositary or its nominee, as the case may be, will be considered the sole owner or holder of the securities represented by the registered global security for all purposes under the Articles of Association, indenture, warrant agreement, purchase contract or unit agreement. Except as described below, owners of beneficial interests in a registered global security will not be entitled to have the securities represented by the registered global security registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of the securities in definitive form and will not be considered the owners or holders of the securities under the Articles of Association, indenture, warrant agreement, purchase contract or unit agreement. Accordingly, each person owning a beneficial interest in a registered global security must rely on the procedures of the depositary for that registered global security and, if that person is not a participant, on the procedures of the participant through which the person owns its interest, to exercise any rights of a holder under the Articles of Association, indenture, warrant agreement, purchase contract or unit agreement. We understand that under existing industry practices, if we request any action of holders or if an owner of a beneficial interest in a registered global security desires to give or take any action that a holder is entitled to give or take under the Articles of Association, indenture, warrant agreement, purchase contract or unit agreement, the depositary for the registered global security would authorize the participants holding the relevant beneficial interests to give or take that action, and the participants would authorize beneficial owners owning through them to give or take that action or would otherwise act upon the instructions of beneficial owners holding through them.

Payments of principal of, and premium (if any) and interest (if any) on, capital securities and debt securities, and any payments to holders with respect to ordinary shares, warrants, purchase contracts or units, represented by a registered global security registered in the name of a depositary or its nominee, will be made to the depositary or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered owner of the registered global security. None of the Bank, the trustee, the warrant agents, the purchase contract agents, the unit agents or any other agent of the Bank, agent of the trustee or agent of the warrant agents, purchase contract agents or unit agents will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests in the registered global security or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to those beneficial ownership interests.

We expect that the depositary for any of the securities represented by a registered global security, upon receipt of any payment of dividend, principal, premium, interest or other distribution of underlying securities or other property to holders on that registered global security, will immediately credit participants’ accounts in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in that registered global security as shown on the records of the depositary. We also expect that payments by participants to owners of beneficial interests in a registered global security held through participants will be governed by standing customer instructions and customary practices, as is now the case with the securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in “street name,” and will be the responsibility of those participants, not us.

Discontinuance of Any Depositary. If the depositary for any of these securities represented by a registered global security is at any time unwilling or unable to continue as depositary or ceases to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act, and a successor depositary registered as a clearing agency under the Exchange Act is not appointed by us within 90 days, we will issue securities in definitive form in exchange for the registered global security that had been held by the depositary. In addition, we may at any time request the withdrawal from

the depositary of any of the securities represented by one or more registered global securities. Upon receipt of such request, the depositary will issue a notice to its participants of our request, and will process any withdrawal requests submitted by those participants in accordance with its procedures. If participants request withdrawal following our request, we will issue securities in definitive form in exchange for that portion of the registered global security or securities representing the securities held by participants requesting such withdrawal. Any securities issued in definitive form in exchange for a registered global security will be registered in the name or names that the depositary gives to the trustee, warrant agent, purchase contract agent, unit agent or other relevant agent of ours or theirs. It is expected that the depositary's instructions will be based upon directions received by the depositary from participants with respect to ownership of beneficial interests in the registered global security that had been held by the depositary.

Bearer Global Securities. The securities may also be issued in the form of one or more bearer global securities that will be deposited with a common depositary for Euroclear Bank SA/NV, as operator of the Euroclear System, and Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme*, or with a nominee for the depositary identified in the prospectus supplement relating to those securities. The specific terms and procedures, including the specific terms of the depositary arrangement, with respect to any securities to be represented by a bearer global security will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to those securities.

Limitations on Issuance of Bearer Securities

In compliance with U.S. federal income tax laws and regulations, bearer securities, including bearer securities in global form, will not be offered, sold or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or its possessions or to United States persons, as defined below, except as otherwise permitted by Notice 2012-20, implementing rules similar to former United States Treasury Regulations Section 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D). Any underwriters, selling agents or dealers participating in the offerings of bearer securities, directly or indirectly, must agree that:

- they will not, in connection with the original issuance of any bearer securities or during the restricted period with respect to such securities (as defined in former United States Treasury Regulations Section 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D)), which we refer to as the “**restricted period**,” offer, sell or deliver, directly or indirectly, any bearer securities in the United States or its possessions or to United States persons, other than as permitted by the applicable Treasury regulations described above; and
- they will not, at any time, offer, sell or deliver, directly or indirectly, any bearer securities in the United States or its possessions or to United States persons, other than as permitted by the applicable Treasury regulations described above.

In addition, any underwriters, selling agents or dealers must have procedures reasonably designed to ensure that their employees or agents who are directly engaged in selling bearer securities are aware of the above restrictions on the offering, sale or delivery of bearer securities.

Bearer securities, other than bearer securities that satisfy the requirements of Notice 2012-20, implementing rules similar to former United States Treasury Regulations Section 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D)(3)(iii) and any coupons or talons appertaining thereto, will not be delivered in definitive form, and no interest will be paid thereon, unless the Bank has received a signed certificate in writing, or an electronic certificate described in Notice 2012-20, implementing rules similar to former United States Treasury Regulations Section 1.163-5(c)(2)(i)(D)(3)(ii), stating that on the date of that certificate the bearer security:

- is owned by a person that is not a United States person; or
- is owned by a United States person that:
 - (1) is a foreign branch of a United States financial institution, as defined in applicable United States Treasury Regulations, which we refer to as a “**financial institution**,” purchasing for its own account or for resale; or
 - (2) is acquiring the bearer security through a foreign branch of a United States financial institution and who holds the bearer security through that financial institution through that date,

and in either case (1) or (2) above, each of those United States financial institutions agrees and certifies, on its own behalf or through its agent, that the Bank may be advised that it will comply with the requirements of Section 165(j)(3)(A), (B) or (C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the regulations thereunder; or

- is owned by a United States or foreign financial institution for the purposes of resale during the restricted period and, in addition, if the owner of the bearer security is a United States or foreign financial institution

described in this clause, whether or not also described in the first or second clause above, the financial institution certifies that it has not acquired the bearer security for purposes of resale directly or indirectly to a United States person or to a person within the United States or its possessions.

We will make payments on bearer securities only outside the United States and its possessions except as permitted by the above rules.

Bearer securities, other than temporary global securities, and any coupons issued with bearer securities will bear the following legend: “Any United States person who holds this obligation will be subject to limitations under the United States income tax laws, including the limitations provided in sections 165(j) and 1287(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.” The sections referred to in this legend provide that, with exceptions, a United States person will not be permitted to deduct any loss, and will not be eligible for capital gain treatment with respect to any gain realized on the sale, exchange or redemption of that bearer security or coupon.

As used in this section, the term bearer securities includes bearer securities that are part of units. As used herein, **“United States person”** means a citizen or resident of the United States for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a corporation or partnership, including an entity treated as a corporation or partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, or any state of the United States or the District of Columbia, an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source, or a trust if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust. In addition, some trusts treated as United States persons before August 20, 1996 that elect to continue to be so treated to the extent provided in the Treasury regulations shall be considered United States persons.

Form of Securities Included in Units

The form of the warrant or purchase contract included in a unit will correspond to the form of the other components of the security.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION (CONFLICTS OF INTEREST)

We may sell the securities being offered by this prospectus in four ways: (1) directly, including through one or more of our branches, (2) through selling agents, (3) through underwriters and/or (4) through dealers. Any of these selling agents, underwriters or dealers in the United States or outside the United States may include affiliates of the Bank.

In some cases, we or dealers acting for us or on our behalf may also repurchase securities and reoffer them to the public by one or more of the methods described above.

In addition, we may issue the securities as a dividend or distribution or in a subscription rights offering to our existing security holders.

We may designate selling agents from time to time to solicit offers to purchase these securities. We will name any such agent, who may be deemed to be an underwriter as that term is defined in the Securities Act, and state any commissions or the possible range of commissions we are to pay to that agent in the applicable prospectus supplement. That agent will be acting on a reasonable efforts basis for the period of its appointment or, if indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, on a firm commitment basis.

If we use any underwriters to offer and sell these securities, we will enter into an underwriting agreement with those underwriters when we and they determine the offering price of the securities, and we will include the names of the underwriters and the terms of the transaction in the applicable prospectus supplement.

If we use a dealer to offer and sell these securities, we will sell the securities to the dealer, who will purchase the securities as principal. The dealer may then resell the securities to the public at varying prices to be determined by that dealer at the time of resale.

Our net proceeds will be the purchase price in the case of sales to a dealer, the public offering price less discount in the case of sales to an underwriter or the purchase price less commission in the case of sales through a selling agent – in each case, less other expenses attributable to issuance and distribution.

In order to facilitate the offering of these securities, the underwriters may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of these securities or any other securities the prices of which may be used to determine payments on these securities. Specifically, the underwriters may sell more securities than they are obligated to purchase in connection with the offering, creating a short position for their own accounts. A short sale is covered if the short position is no greater than the number or amount of securities available for purchase by the underwriters under any over-allotment option. The underwriters can close out a covered short sale by exercising the over-allotment option or purchasing these securities in the open market. In determining the source of securities to close out a covered short sale, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the open market price of these securities compared to the price available under the over-allotment option. The underwriters may also sell these securities or any other securities in excess of the over-allotment option, creating a naked short position. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing securities in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of these securities in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. As an additional means of facilitating the offering, the underwriters may bid for, and purchase, these securities or any other securities in the open market to stabilize the price of these securities or of any other securities. Finally, in any offering of the securities through a syndicate of underwriters, the underwriting syndicate may also reclaim selling concessions allowed to an underwriter or a dealer for distributing these securities in the offering, if the syndicate repurchases previously distributed securities to cover syndicate short positions or to stabilize the price of these securities. Any of these activities may raise or maintain the market price of these securities above independent market levels or prevent or slow a decline in the market price of these securities. The underwriters are not required to engage in these activities, and may end any of these activities at any time.

Selling agents, underwriters and dealers may be entitled under agreements with us to indemnification by us against some civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, and may be customers of, engage in transactions with or perform services for the Bank in the ordinary course of business.

If so indicated in the prospectus supplement, we will authorize selling agents, underwriters or dealers to solicit offers by some purchasers to purchase ordinary shares, tradable subscription rights to subscribe for ordinary shares, capital securities, debt securities, warrants, purchase contracts or units, as the case may be, from us at the public offering price stated in the prospectus supplement under delayed delivery contracts providing for payment and delivery on a specified date in the future. These contracts will be subject only to those conditions described in the prospectus supplement, and the prospectus supplement will state the commission payable for solicitation of these offers.

Conflicts of Interest. To the extent an offering of the securities will be distributed by Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. or any other U.S. broker-dealer affiliate of the Bank, each such offering of securities must be conducted in compliance with the requirements of Rule 5121 of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., or “**FINRA**,” regarding a FINRA member firm’s distribution of securities of affiliates and related conflicts of interest. No underwriter, selling agent or dealer utilized in the offering of securities that is an affiliate of the Bank will confirm sales to accounts over which it exercises discretionary authority without the prior specific written approval of its customer.

Following the initial distribution of any of these securities, affiliates of the Bank may offer and sell these securities in the course of their businesses. Such affiliates may act as principals or agents in these transactions and may make any sales at varying prices related to prevailing market prices at the time of sale or otherwise. Such affiliates may also use this prospectus in connection with these transactions. None of our affiliates is obligated to make a market in any of these securities and may discontinue any market-making activities at any time without notice.

EXPENSES OF THE ISSUE

The following is a statement of expenses, other than underwriting discounts and commissions, in connection with the distribution of the securities registered. Amounts shown, other than the Securities and Exchange Commission Registration Fee, are estimates.

	Amount to be paid
Securities and Exchange Commission Registration Fee	\$3,015,184.31
Federal Taxes, State Taxes and Fees	N/A
Trustees' and Transfer Agents' Fees	\$ 20,000.00
Legal Fees	\$ 500,000.00
Accounting Fees	\$ 50,000.00
Printing and Engraving Costs	\$ 20,000.00
Total	<u>\$3,605,184.31</u>
Financial Industry Regulatory Authority Filing Fee ¹	<u>\$ 225,500.00</u>
Total	<u><u>\$3,830,684.31</u></u>

(1) Applicable for securities not rated investment grade or not in the same series as investment grade rated securities.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters with respect to German, United States and New York law relating to the validity of certain of the offered securities may be passed upon for the issuer of those securities by Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP.

Certain legal matters with respect to United States and New York law relating to the validity of the senior debt securities and the warrants will be passed upon for the issuer of those securities by Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP.

Certain legal matters with respect to United States and New York law relating to the validity of the senior debt securities and the warrants will also be passed upon for the issuer of those securities by Sidley Austin LLP.

Certain legal matters with respect to United States and New York law relating to the validity of the capital securities will be passed upon for the underwriters of, or dealers or selling agents with respect to, those securities by Davis Polk & Wardwell London LLP.

Certain legal matters with respect to German law relating to the validity of certain of the offered securities will be passed upon for the issuer of those securities by Group Legal Services of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft. Certain legal matters with respect to the validity of certain of the offered securities for any underwriters, dealers or selling agents will be passed upon by the firms or persons identified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The consolidated balance sheets of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in equity, comprehensive income, and cash flows, and related notes for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2015, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS, and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015 appearing in our annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2015, are incorporated by reference herein in reliance upon the audit reports of KPMG AG Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft (which we refer to as "KPMG"), The Squire, Am Flughafen, 60549 Frankfurt am Main, Germany, independent registered public accounting firm, incorporated by reference herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

BENEFIT PLAN INVESTOR CONSIDERATIONS

The Bank and some of our affiliates may each be considered a "party in interest" within the meaning of ERISA, or a "disqualified person" within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to many employee benefit plans and perhaps certain other types of arrangements, such as individual retirement accounts. Prohibited transactions within the meaning of ERISA or the Internal Revenue Code may arise, for example, if the securities are acquired by or with the assets of a pension or other plan with respect to which the Bank or any of its affiliates is a service provider, unless those securities are acquired pursuant to an exemption from the applicable prohibited transaction rules. The assets of a pension or other plan may include assets held in certain investment funds or in the general account of an insurance company that are deemed to be "plan assets" under ERISA and the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, other employee benefit plans and accounts (such as governmental plans or non-U.S. plans) not subject to ERISA or the Internal Revenue Code may nonetheless be subject to similar rules under other applicable laws or documents. **Any pension or other plan, or any person investing the assets of a pension or other plan, proposing to invest in the securities should read the Benefit Plan Investor Considerations set forth in the relevant prospectus or pricing supplement(s) applicable to the securities being purchased and should consult with legal counsel prior to investing in the securities.**

No person is authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized. This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than the securities described in an accompanying prospectus supplement or an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy such securities in any circumstances in which such offer or solicitation is unlawful. Neither the delivery of this prospectus, nor any sale made hereunder and thereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft since the date hereof or that the information contained or incorporated by reference herein or therein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date of such information.

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft



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Prospectus

April 27, 2016